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- Approximately 100 hours of observing can occur per week.

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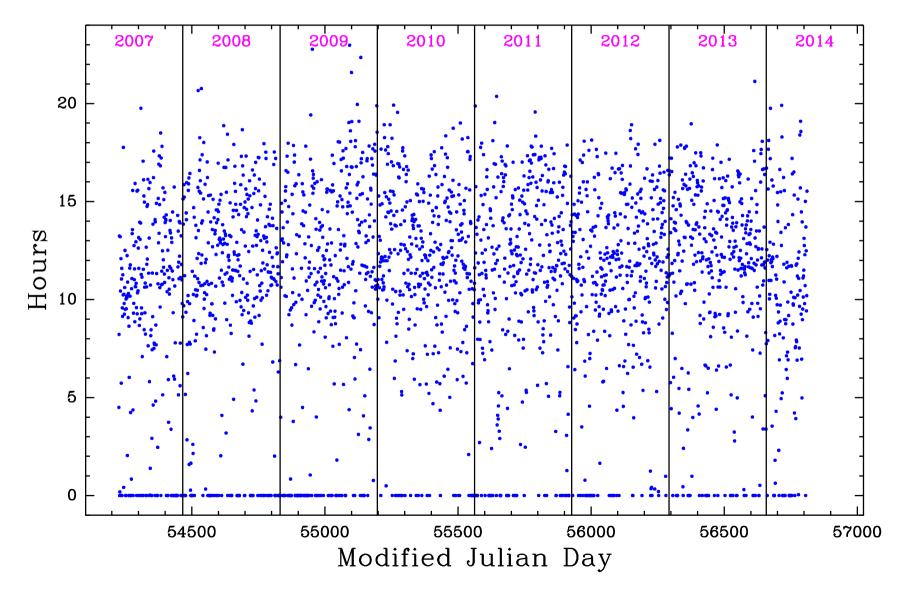
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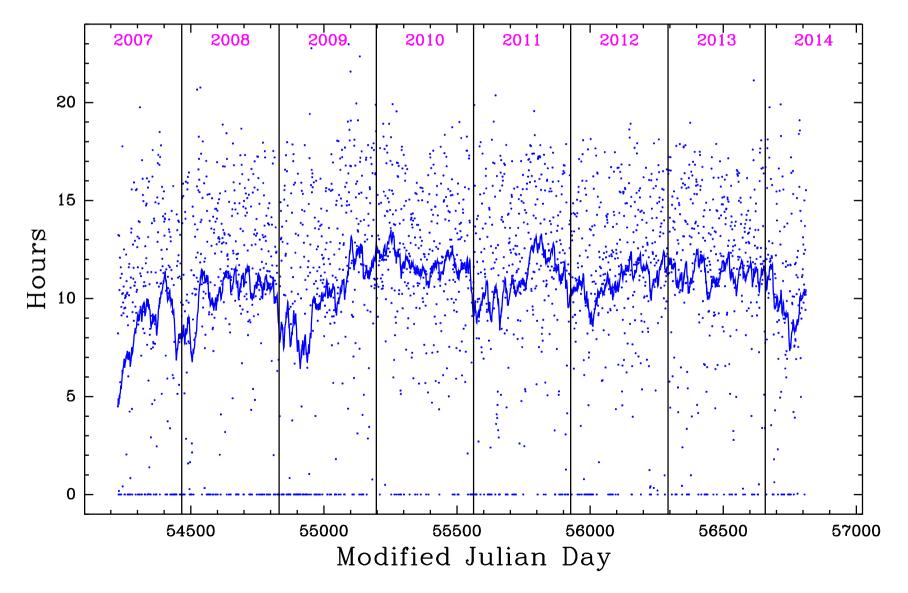
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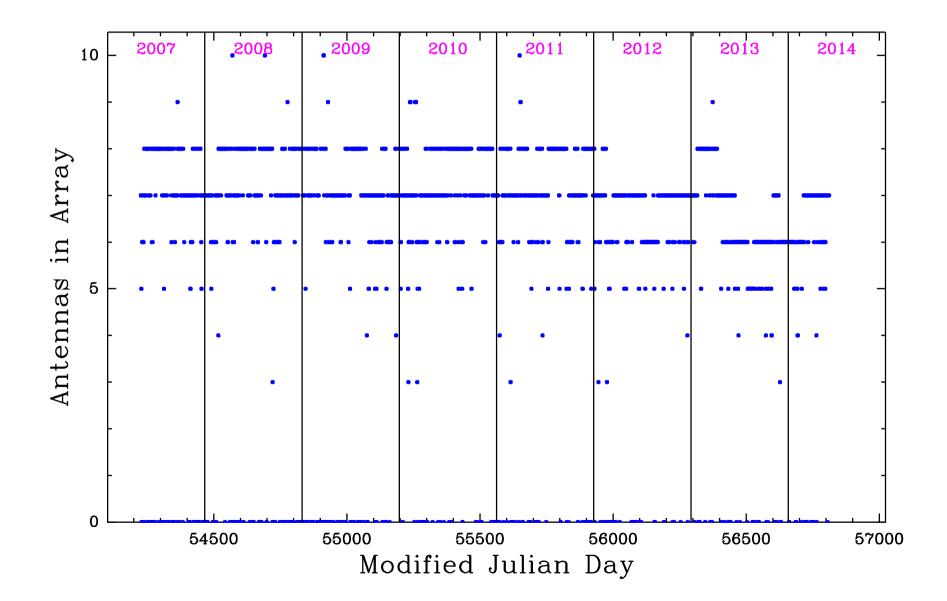
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- 7 nights out of 8, at least some science data is taken.
  1/8 are lost to bad weather, engineering tests and reconfiguration activities.

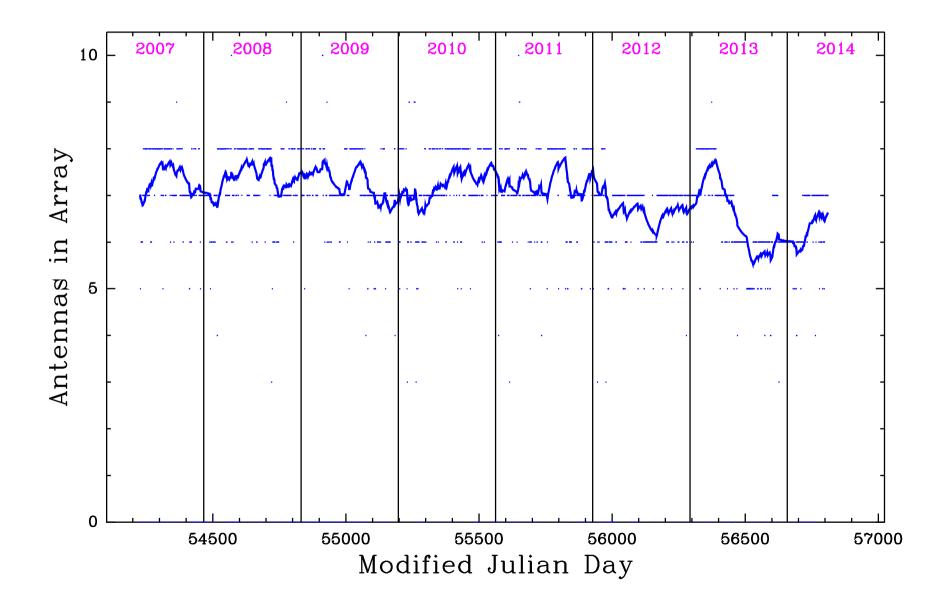
### Hours of Science Observing per Night

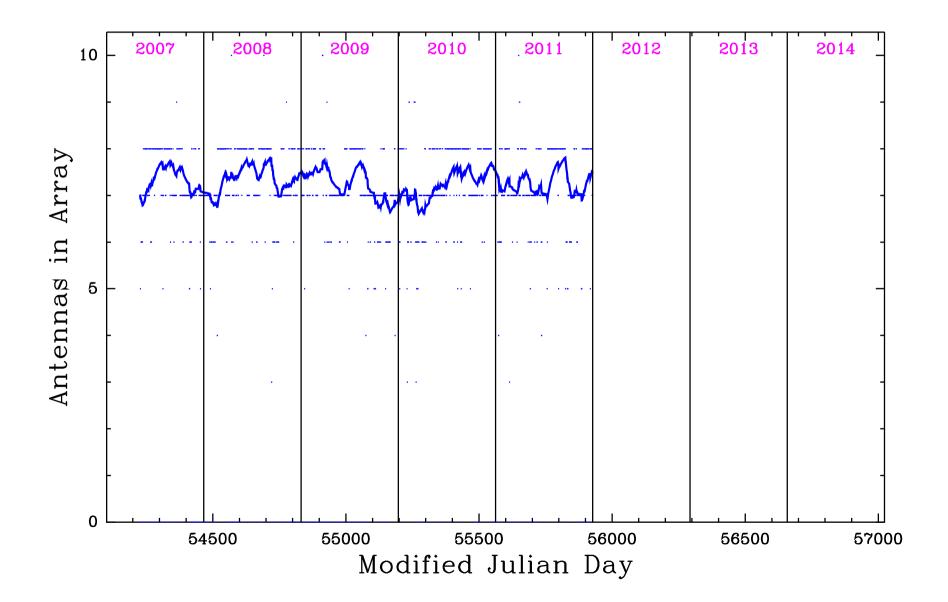


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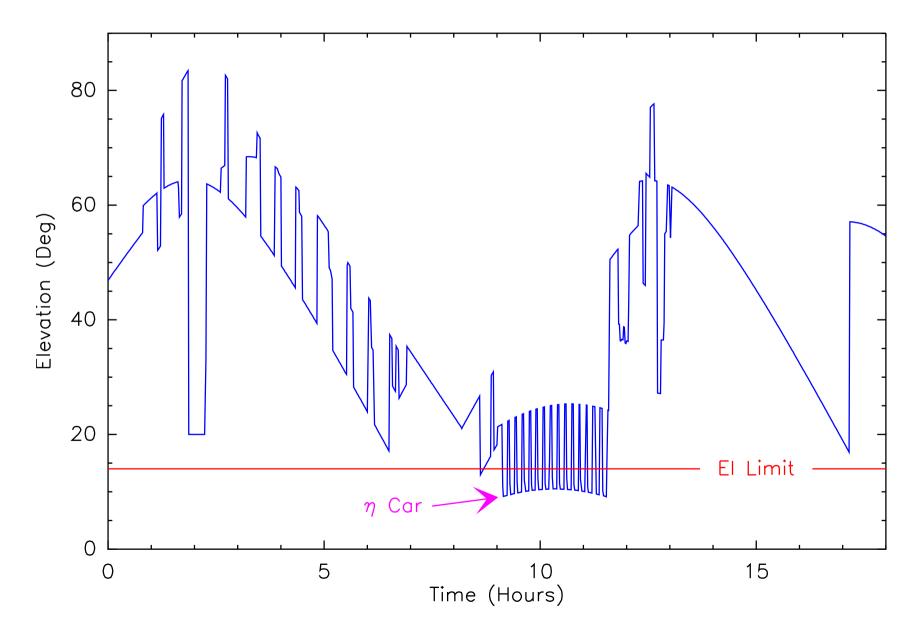


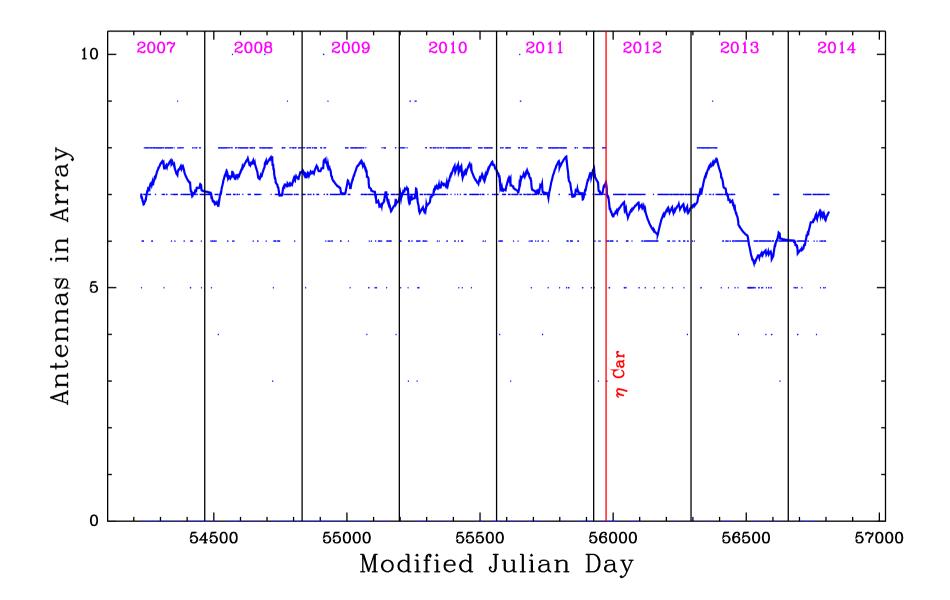




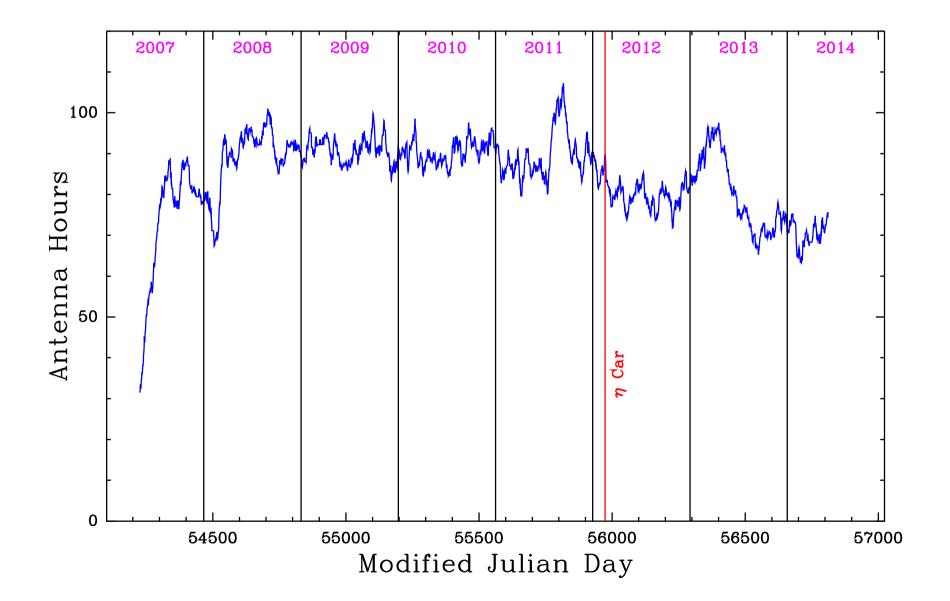


#### Elevation During $\eta$ Car Track

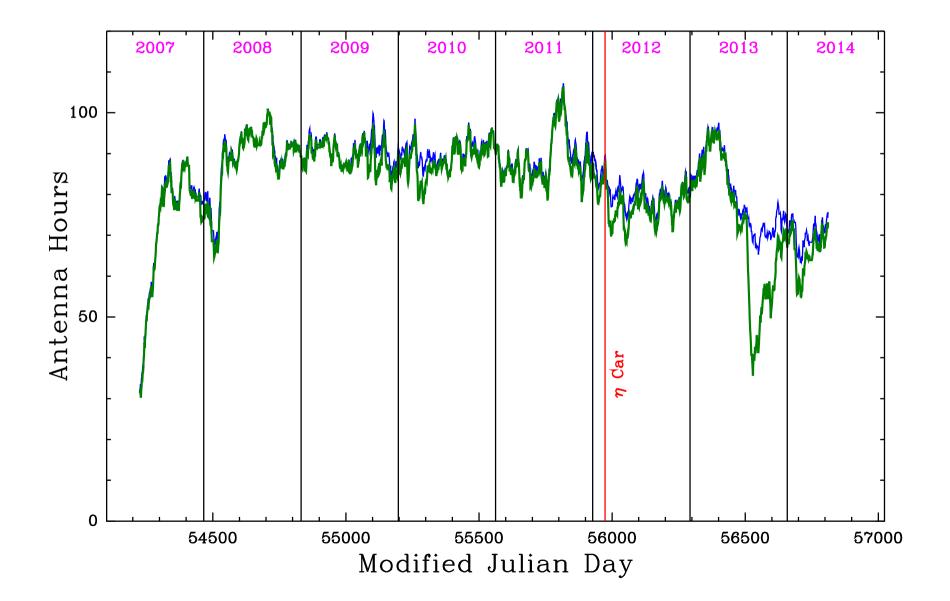




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- We try to log what went wrong, not why, because there are often competing theories about why.
- Not very fine grained, for example one bad chunk is logged as lost time (I threw things like that out).

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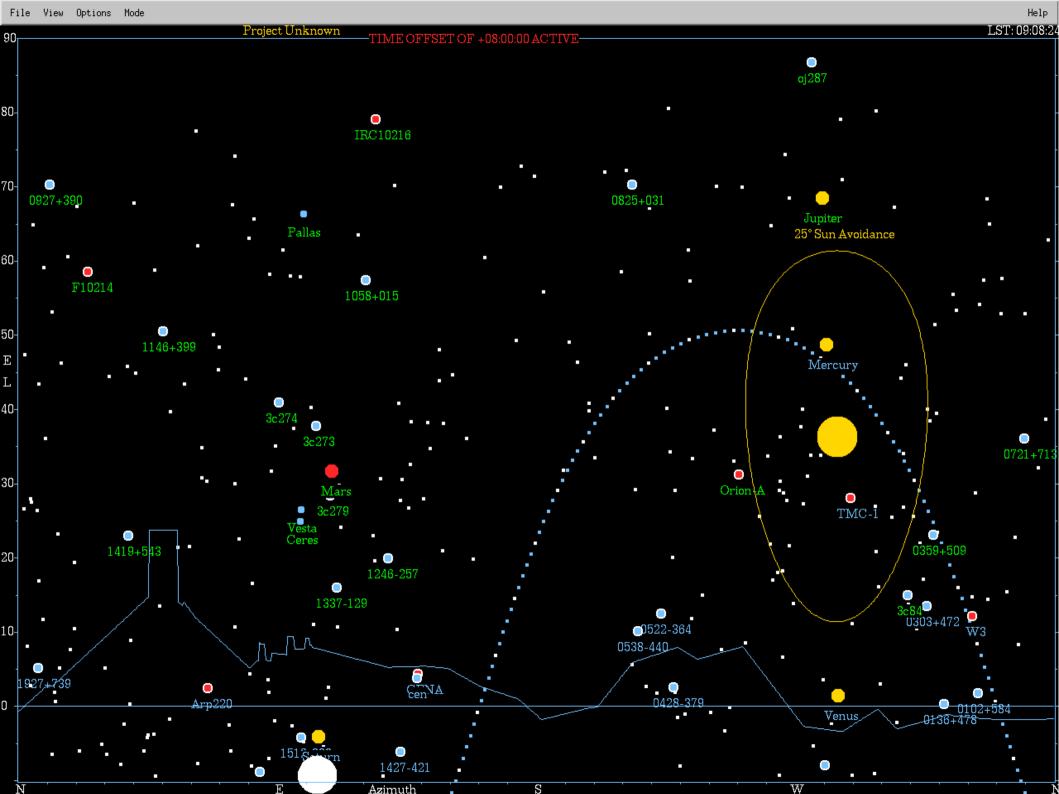
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- 1.5% lost due to unclassified errors (sick observers, flat tires, faulty cables, bogus fire alarms, space heaters put next to workstations, Subaru too tall, etc).



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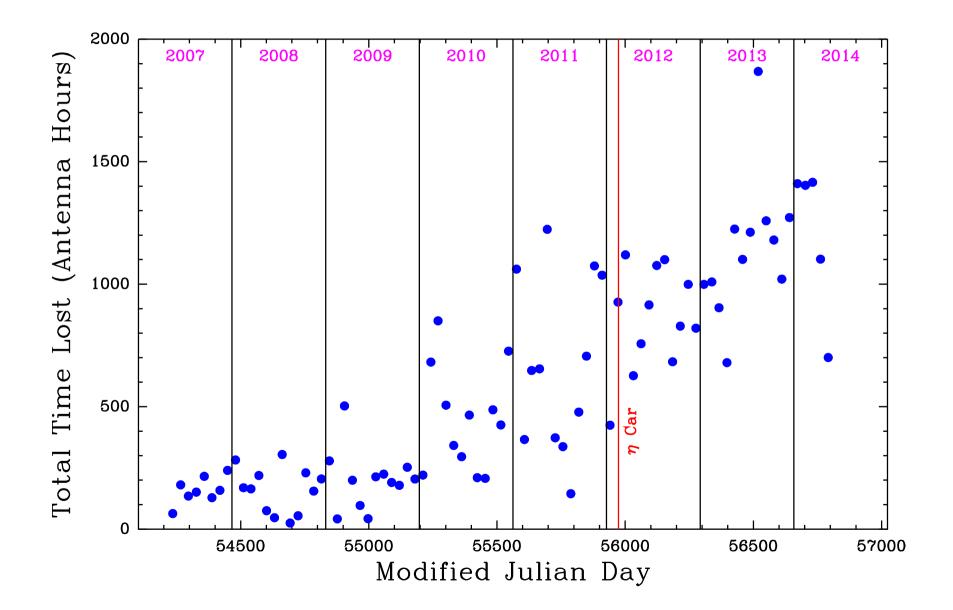
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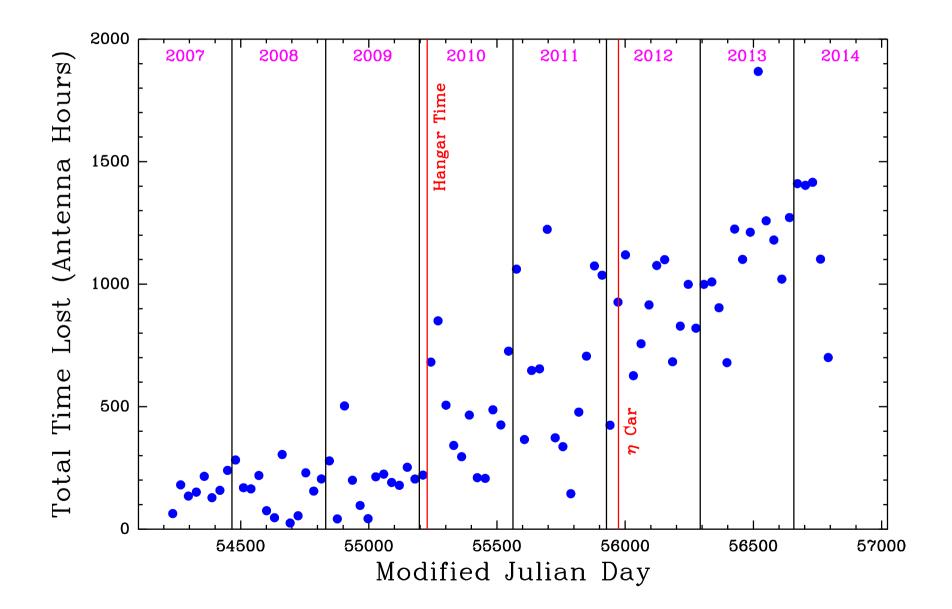
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- 12% dewar warm
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- 26% everything else

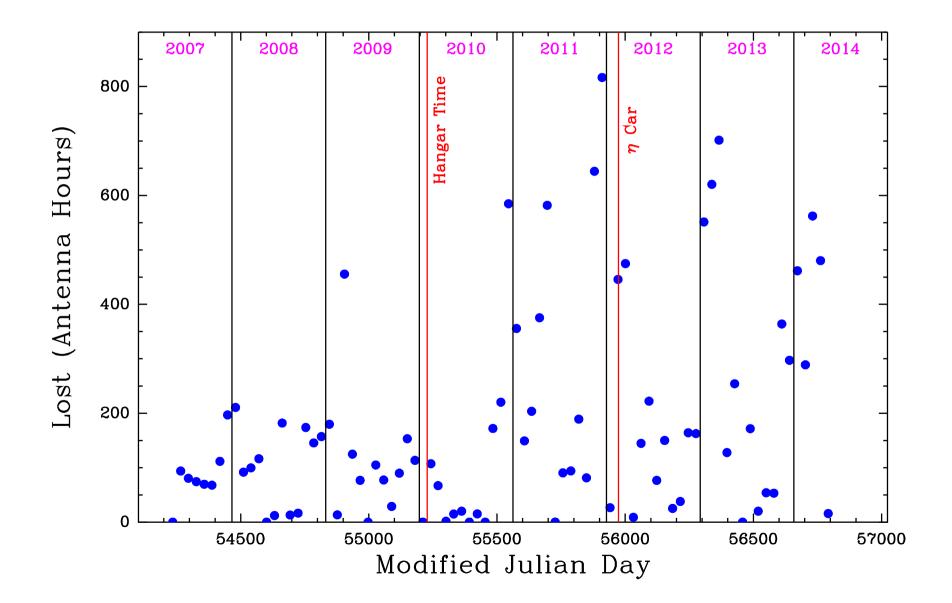
### **Total Time Lost**



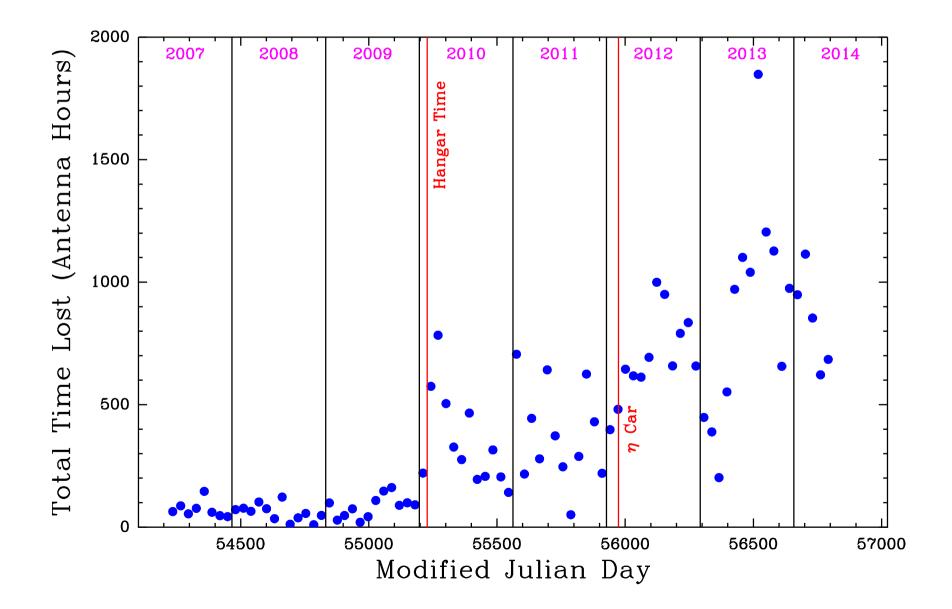
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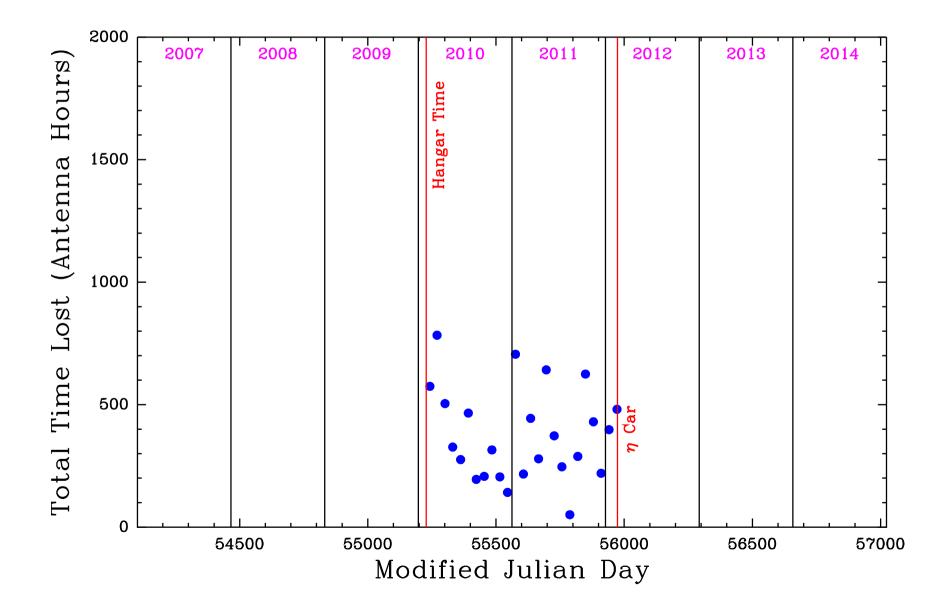
#### Time Lost Due to Weather



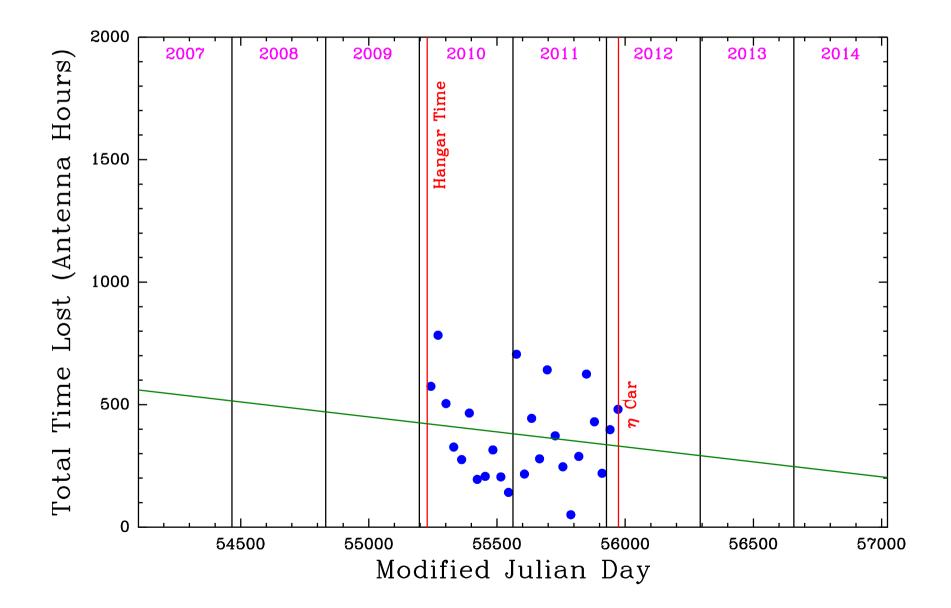
### Time Lost, Excluding Weather



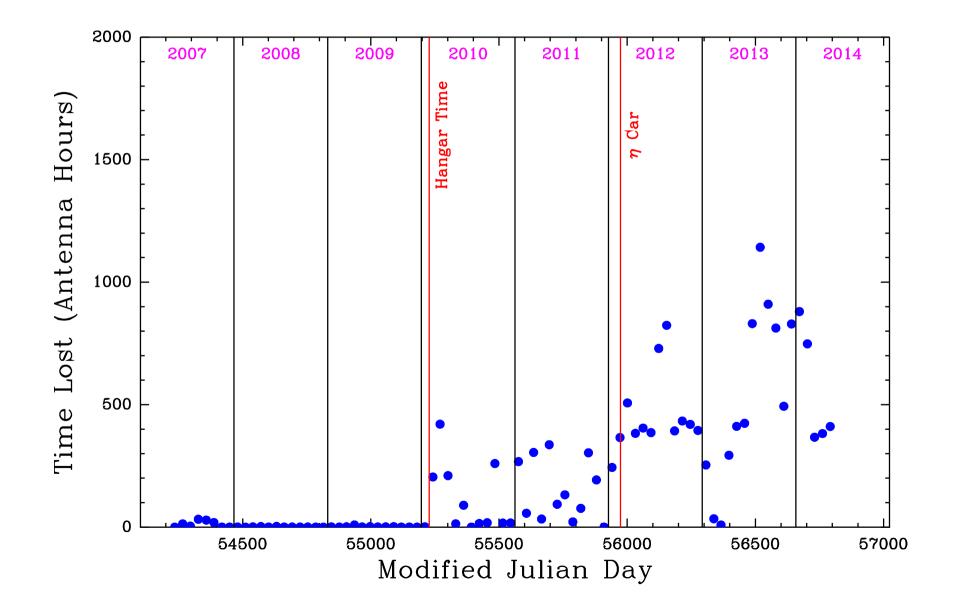
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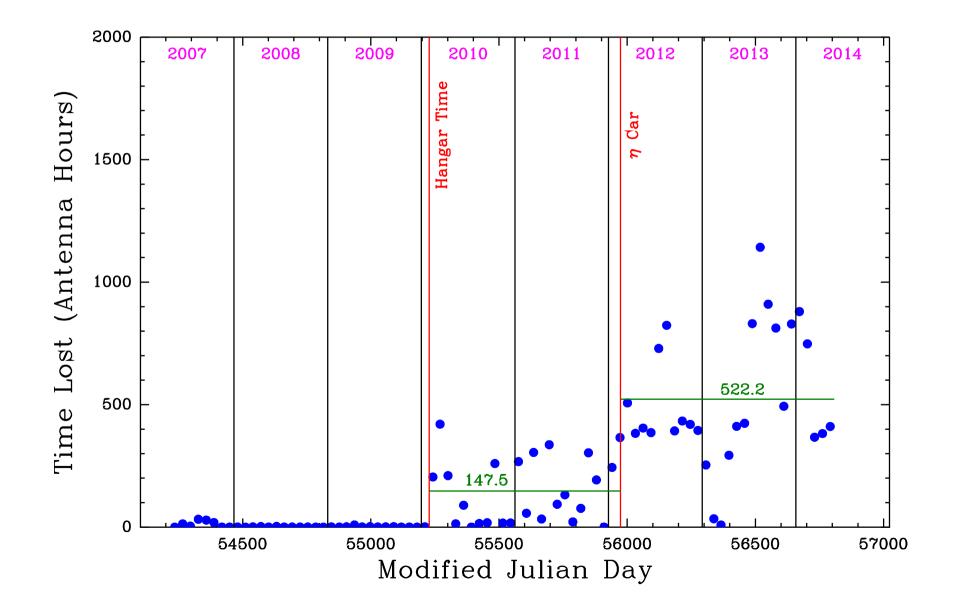
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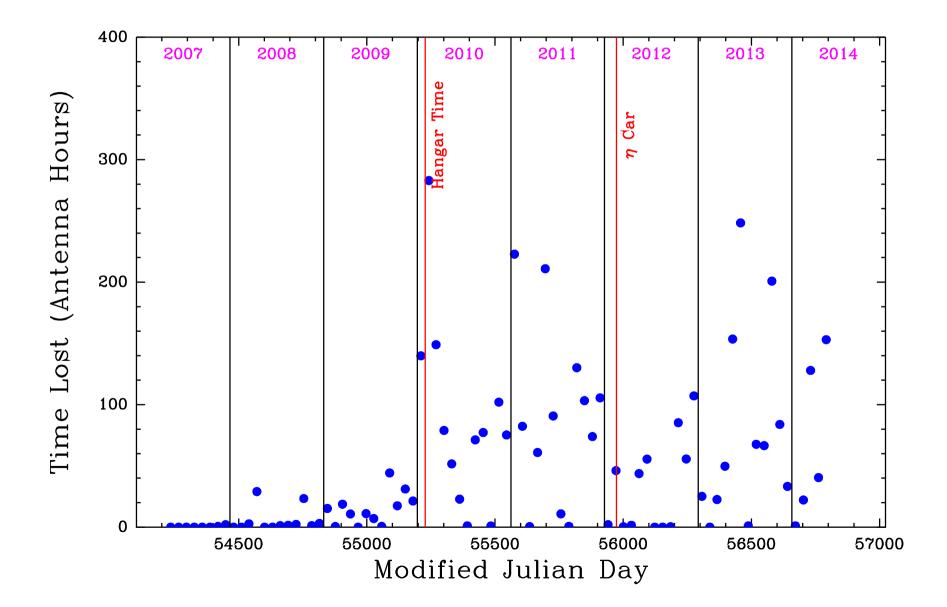
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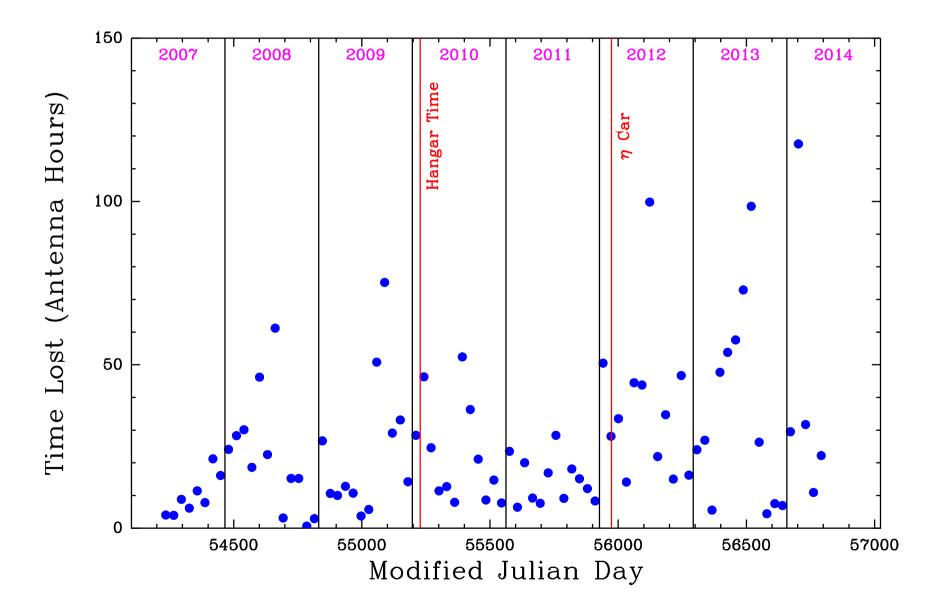
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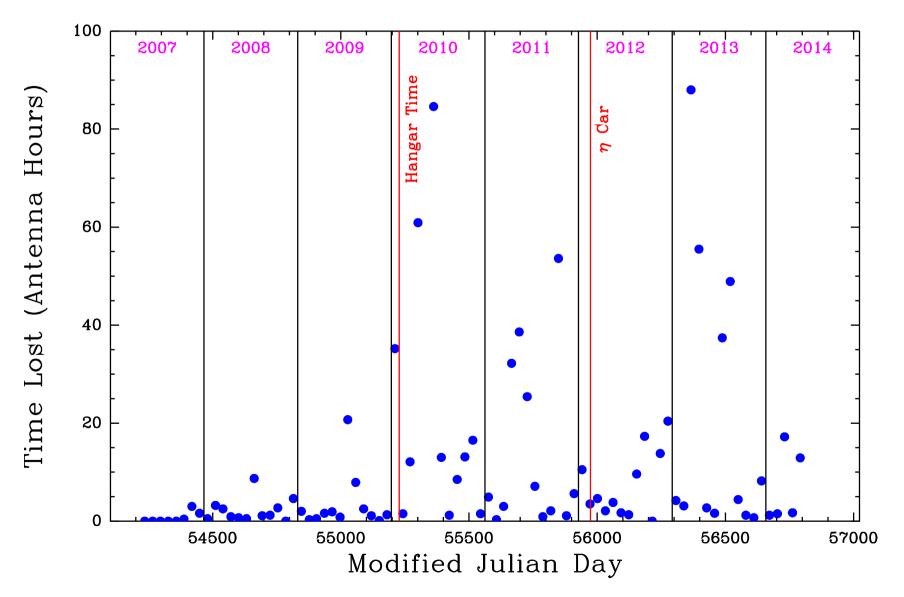
#### Time Lost due to Warm Dewars



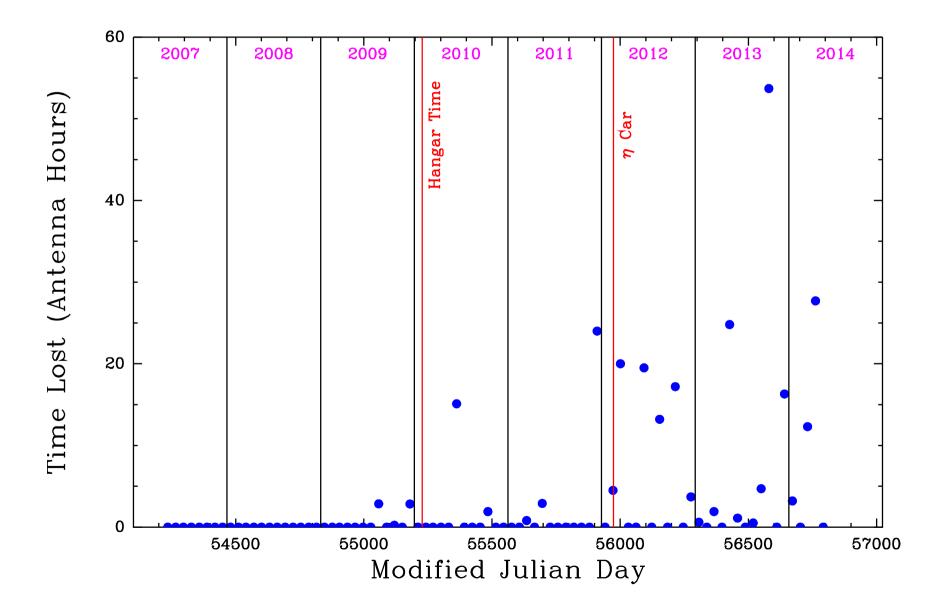
#### Time Lost due to Software



### Time Lost due to Receiver Hardware



#### Time Lost due to Power Failures



### Power Failures by Year

Year	Number of Power Failures	Time Directly Lost
2007 (May→Dec)	0	0.00 Antenna Hours
2008	1	0.07
2009	5	5.07
2010	3	17.0
2011	3	27.7
2012	13	84.2
2013	14	103.6
2014	14 (projected)	100 (projected)