

Optical Spectroscopy of Type Ia Supernovae¹

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ABSTRACT

¹Based in part on observations obtained at the F. L. Whipple Observatory, which is operated by the Smithsonian Astrophysical Observatory, and the MMT Observatory, a joint facility of the Smithsonian Institution and the University of Arizona.

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We present 432 low-dispersion optical spectra of 32 Type Ia supernovae (SNe Ia) that also have well-calibrated light curves. The coverage ranges from 6 epochs to 36 epochs of spectroscopy. Most of the data were obtained with the 1.5m Tillinghast telescope at the F. L. Whipple Observatory with typical wavelength coverage of 3700-7400Å and a resolution of $\sim 7\text{\AA}$. The earliest spectra are thirteen days before B -band maximum; two-thirds of the SNe were observed before maximum brightness. Coverage for some SNe continues almost to the nebular phase. The consistency of the method of observation and the technique of reduction makes this an ideal data set for studying the spectroscopic diversity of SNe Ia.

Subject headings: supernovae: general—supernovae:individual(SN 1997do, SN 1997dt, SN 1998V, SN 1998ab, SN 1998aq, SN 1998bp, SN 1998bu, SN 1998de, SN 1998dh, SN 1998dk, SN 1998dm, SN 1998ec, SN 1998eg, SN 1998es, SN 1999X, SN 1999aa, SN 1999ac, SN 1999by, SN 1999cc, SN 1999cl, SN 1999dq, SN 1999ej, SN 1999gd, SN 1999gh, SN 1999gp, SN 2000B, SN 2000cf, SN 2000cn, SN 2000cx, SN 2000dk, SN 2000fa, SN 2001V)

1. Introduction

Type Ia supernovae (SNe Ia) have long been intriguing objects for astronomers. As individual objects, they present complex problems about the nature of their progenitors (e.g., Howell 2001a; Branch 2001; Nomoto et al. 2003; Stritzinger et al. 2006, and references therein), the physics of the explosion mechanism(e.g., Woosley & Weaver 1986; Hillebrandt & Niemeyer 2000; Gamezo et al. 2004, and references therein), and the factors that produce the observed range of diversity (e.g., Hatano et al. 2000; Li et al. 2001b; Benetti et al. 2005). In recent years, a great deal of attention has been focused on the fact that absolute magnitudes of SNe Ia can be deduced from the shape of their light curves (e.g., Phillips 1993; Hamuy et al. 1996a; Riess et al. 1996; Perlmutter et al. 1997; Jha et al. 2007). Once this calibration has been applied, SNe Ia are the best extragalactic distance measuring tools. Combined with their large intrinsic brightness, this makes SNe Ia extremely valuable as cosmological distance indicators. Using SNe Ia as cosmological lighthouses led to a recent revolution in cosmology, with the discovery that the Universe was accelerating (e.g., Riess et al. 1998; Perlmutter et al. 1999; Riess et al. 2001; Knop et al. 2003; Tonry et al. 2003; Riess et al. 2004; Astier et al. 2006; Riess et al. 2007; Wood-Vasey et al. 2007), contrary to all expectations. The nature of the dark energy that is producing the acceleration is one of the great unanswered questions of current physics.

For questions associated with understanding individual SNe Ia, as well as those related to their use as high-redshift distance indicators, the quality of the answers will be based upon the underlying data that are used to make inferences. There have been much data published about SNe Ia, but most have been from detailed studies of individual objects, with early pioneering work on SN 1972E (Kirshner et al. 1973; Kirshner & Oke 1975) up to more recent studies (e.g., Kirshner et al. 1993; Stritzinger et al. 2002; Krisciunas et al. 2003; Benetti et al. 2004; Pignata et al. 2004; Kotak et al. 2005). The extreme examples of SNe Ia, such as the overluminous SN 1991T (Filippenko et al. 1992a; Phillips et al. 1992) and the underluminous SN 1991bg (Filippenko et al. 1992b; Leibundgut et al. 1993), have also been well studied. The drawbacks of earlier samples of SN spectra were the heterogeneous nature of the data and the relatively small size of the sample. Examples of the data can be seen at the University of Oklahoma’s supernova spectra database (SUSPECT, <http://bruford.nhn.ou.edu/~suspect/index1.html>) or the web site of the European Research Training Network on the Physics of Type Ia Supernova Explosions (<http://www.mpa-garching.mpg.de/~rtn/>). The spectra were often obtained at a variety of sites and reduced in different ways. For photometry alone, there are several large, homogeneous data sets that have been published (Hamuy et al. 1996b; Riess et al. 1999; Jha et al. 2006), consisting of light curves of a wide variety of SNe Ia. There have been no large, homogeneous data sets of spectra of SNe Ia. Such a sample will have a wide variety of applications, from testing explosion models to understanding systematic errors that plague the use of SNe Ia as cosmological distance indicators. Although most attention is focused on the photospheric-phase spectra, the nebular-phase spectra can reveal much about SNe Ia. Nebular lines in time-series spectra of SNe Ia show direct evidence for the changing ratio of cobalt and iron lines, implying that they are powered by radioactive iron-peak elements (Kuchner et al. 1994). In addition, Mazzali et al. (1998) showed that the width of nebular lines was related to the luminosity of the SN.

Two of the large light-curve data sets mentioned above (Riess et al. 1999; Jha et al. 2006) are the result of a program begun in 1993 by the SN group at the Harvard-Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics (CfA) to monitor SNe (of all types) photometrically and spectroscopically with the telescopes at the F. L. Whipple Observatory (FLWO) on Mt. Hopkins, Arizona. Through the use of queue scheduling for spectroscopic observations and a cooperative strategy of a small allocation of photometric time per night, we have been able to obtain data with a frequent enough cadence to acquire good data sets on many objects. The early spectroscopic coverage was mainly for classification, but, starting in 1997, we began to follow objects in earnest. Classification is still a major part of the program; between 2000 Sep and 2003 Sep, we classified 39% of the low-redshift SNe accessible from the Northern hemisphere.

In this paper, we present the first release of some of the spectroscopic data obtained at Mt. Hopkins by the CfA SN group between 1997 and early 2001. The decision to follow a specific SN Ia with extensive spectroscopic coverage was based upon apparent brightness, availability of telescope time, and the relative phase of the SN at our first spectrum. For the purposes of the sample presented here, we only include SNe Ia for which we have a reasonable number of spectra (> 6). The final criterion for selecting objects from the CfA SN database was whether or not there was a calibrated light curve. With a light curve, the epoch of maximum is established. This also gives us the potential to correlate the light-curve shape with spectroscopic properties, which is an important goal for this program. Most of the photometry for the spectroscopic sample in this paper is presented by Jha et al. (2006). A few of these SNe Ia were published as single objects: (SN 1998aq, Riess et al. 2005), (SN 1998bu, Jha et al. 1999b), (SN 1999by, Garnavich et al. 2004). Some SNe from 2000 await final photometric calibration, and so are not included here. In total, there were 32 SNe Ia that fit all the criteria, with 432 individual spectra. A histogram of the number of epochs of spectroscopy for the fourteen days before and after maximum brightness is shown in Figure 1. Many of the objects were observed well before maximum brightness. Figure 2 shows the histogram of the epoch of the SN at the first spectrum. In addition, the SNe span the known range of $\Delta m_{15}(B)$ (Figure 3). The SNe selected, along with some properties of the host galaxies, are listed in Table 1. Virtually all the spectra are from the same instrument, and they have all reduced in the same manner. In a companion paper (Matheson et al. 2008, in preparation), we will present a preliminary analysis of the spectroscopic characteristics of this data set. In that paper, we will relate spectroscopic properties to the light-curve shapes of the SNe, specifically how the strength of the silicon features correlates with decline rate. In addition, we will show the degree of variation within the SNe Ia and how this changes with decline rate.

All the spectra presented in this paper will be made publicly available through the CfA Supernova Archive (<http://www.cfa.harvard.edu/supernova/SNarchive.html>). This archive contains all published data from the CfA SN group, both photometric and spectroscopic.

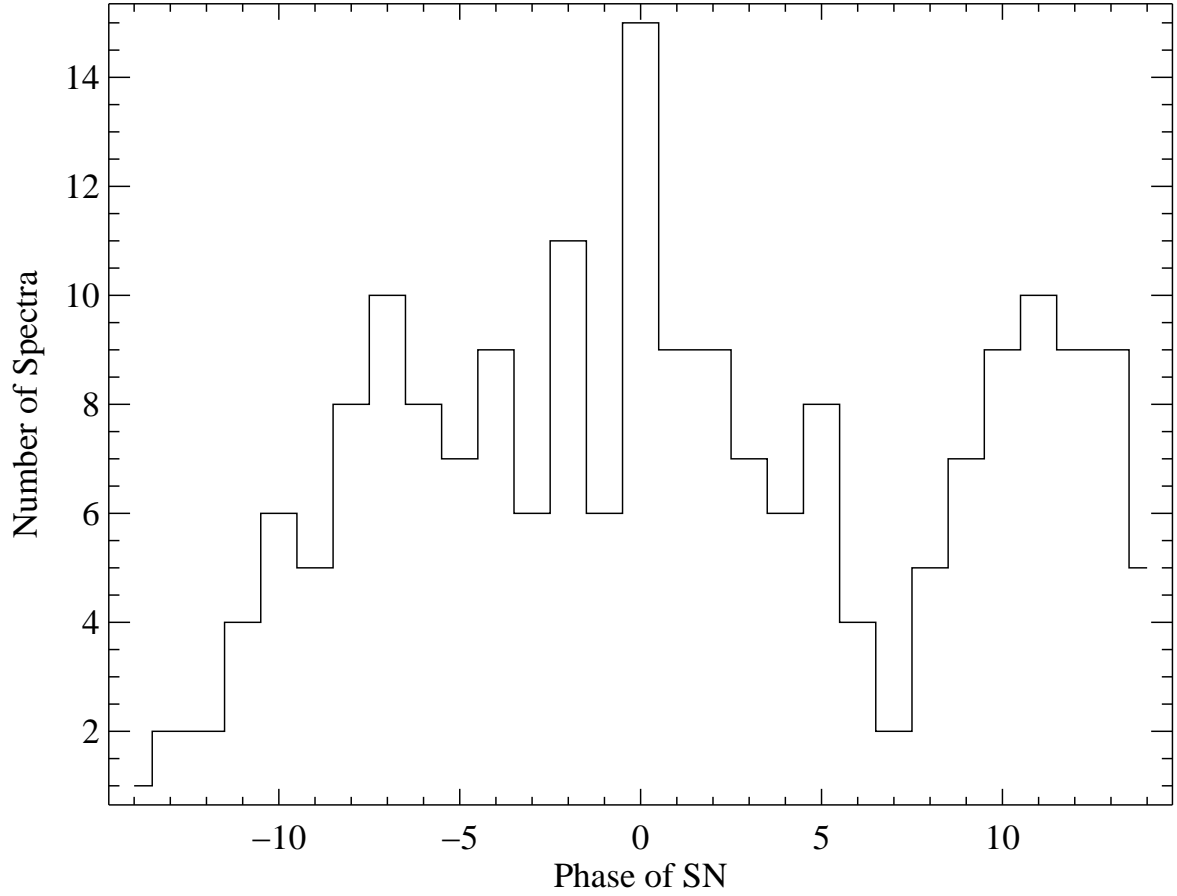


Fig. 1.— Histogram of the number of individual SN spectra at each epoch within fourteen days of maximum brightness.

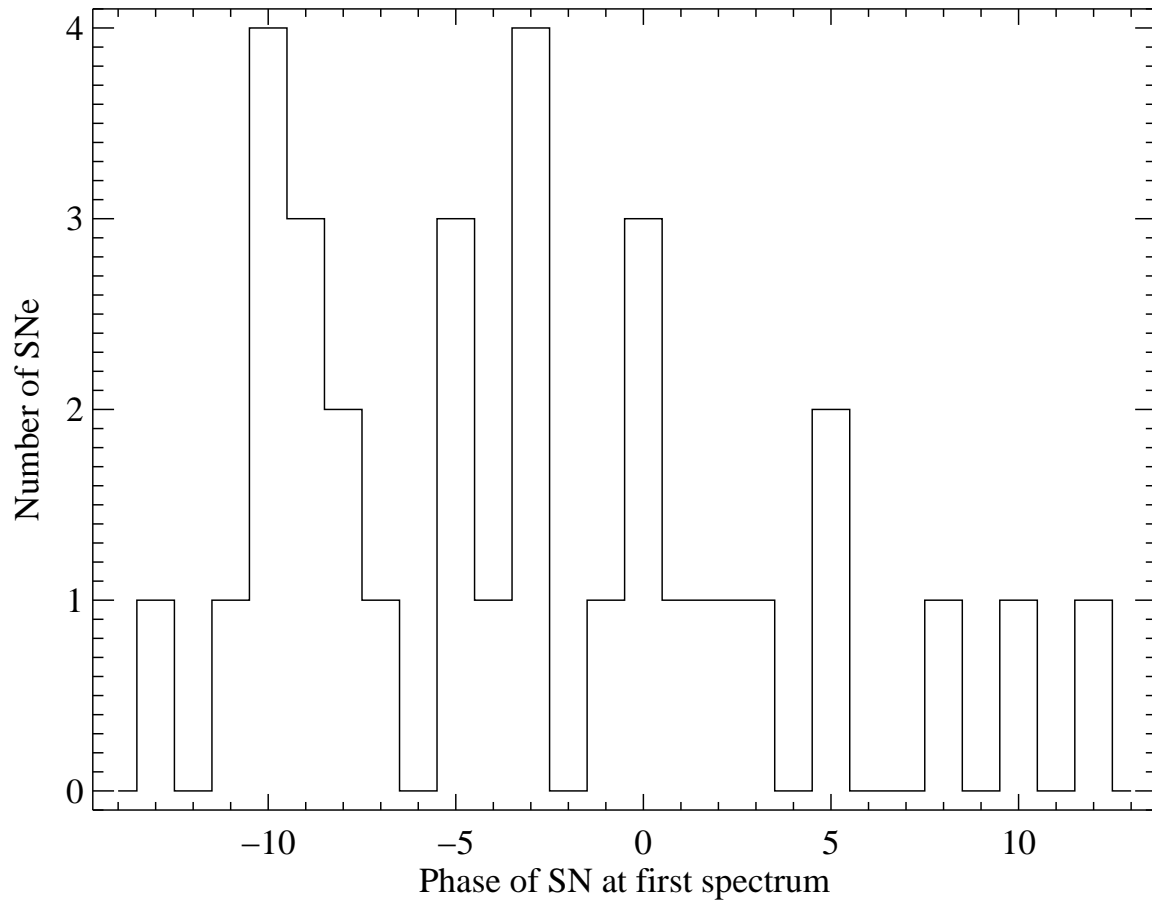


Fig. 2.— Histogram of the number of SNe at the epoch of the first spectrum.

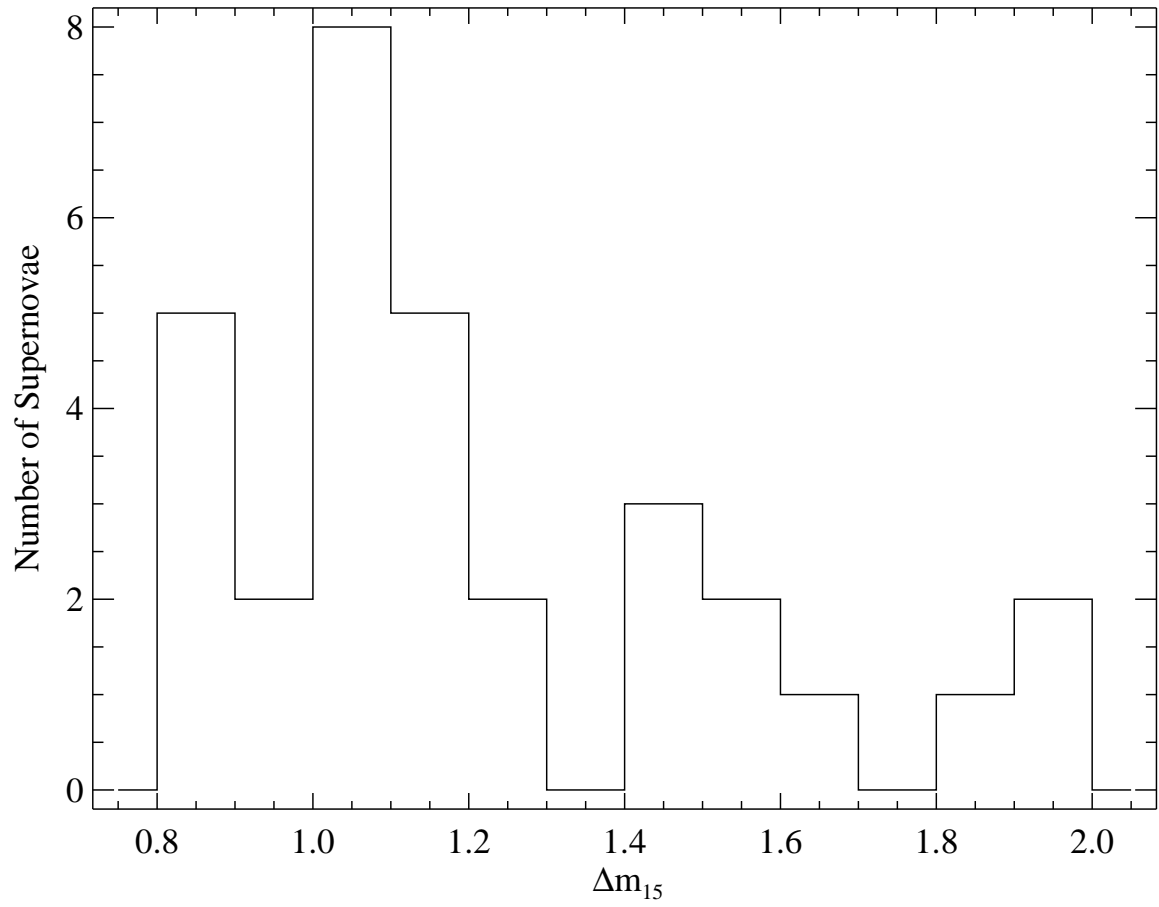


Fig. 3.— Histogram of the number of SNe versus $\Delta m_{15}(B)$ (From Jha et al. 2006).

2. Observations

The majority of the spectra presented in this paper were obtained with the 1.5 m Tillinghast telescope at FLWO using the FAST spectrograph (Fabricant et al. 1998). Spectroscopic observations with the Tillinghast (both low-dispersion with FAST such as are discussed here and high-dispersion echelle spectra) are made in a queue-scheduled mode. Two professional observers (P. Berlind & M. L. Calkins) were the primary observers during the period when these spectra were taken. In addition, portions of the telescope schedule are staffed by other CfA personnel. The CfA SN group would request two or three observations per night when FAST was scheduled, subject to constraints at the telescope (e.g., weather, instrument problems, conflicts with other programs). Observational details of the spectra are listed in Table 2.

The FAST spectrograph uses a 2688×512 Loral CCD with a spatial scale of $1.''1$ per pixel in the binning mode used for these observations. The grating used yields a resolution of $\sim 7\text{\AA}$. The usual setup for observations covered the usable wavelength range of ~ 3700 to $\sim 7500\text{ \AA}$. Slight variations in the wavelength range were sometimes introduced during instrument changes. Other programs in the FAST queue might occasionally require different spectrograph settings, resulting in different wavelength ranges. In addition, for bright and unusual SNe, we would request multiple observations with different grating tilts to observe a broader wavelength range. The typical slit width was $3''$. For most of the observations obtained in 1997 and 1998, the slit was oriented with a position angle of 90° . Starting in late 1998, the slit was typically repositioned to the parallactic angle unless the object was at a small airmass.

Some spectra were obtained at the 6.5-m MMT Observatory with the Blue Channel spectrograph (Schmidt et al. 1989). These observations were made during classically scheduled nights, not through queue-scheduled or interrupt time. The Blue Channel uses a 2688×512 UA/ITL CCD with a spatial scale of $0.''6$ per pixel in the binning mode used for these observations. The grating used yields a resolution of $\sim 8\text{\AA}$.

3. Data Reduction

The FAST data were all reduced in the same consistent manner. Using IRAF¹⁴, we would correct for overscan on the CCD frames and trim the extraneous portions. In general, the FAST CCD does not show a bias pattern in zero-time readouts, so we did not subtract bias frames to avoid introducing additional noise. In addition, dark current is not generally a problem with FAST. There are a few rare times after UV flashing that the chip has a dark-current problem, but it is bad enough that it cannot be corrected and so the affected portion of the spectrum has been trimmed off in the figures presented herein. The flat-field frames are combined and normalized with a low-order spline fit. The data are then flattened with these normalized flats. The spectra were optimally extracted using the prescription of Horne (1986) as implemented in the IRAF *apall* package. Wavelength calibration was accomplished with HeNeAr lamps taken immediately after each SN exposure. A low-order polynomial was fit to the lines in the calibration lamps, and the solution applied to the extracted objects. At a later stage in the reduction process, we applied small-scale adjustments derived from night-sky lines in the SN frames.

Once the data were extracted as one-dimensional, wavelength-calibrated spectra, we used our own routines in IDL to flux calibrate them. This entailed spline fits to the standard stars to assign fluxes. The relative spectrophotometry is good (see discussion below), but no attempt was made to put the spectra on an absolute scale. Spectrophotometric standard stars used for each spectrum are listed in Table 2. Using the well-exposed continua of the spectrophotometric standard stars as smooth-spectrum sources, we removed telluric features from the spectra using techniques described by Wade & Horne (1988); Bessell (1999); Matheson et al. (2000a).

The spectra presented here that were obtained in 1997-1999 were, in general, not observed at the parallactic angle (Filippenko 1982). Most spectra were taken at a small airmass, but some could be affected by atmospheric dispersion. Table 2 lists the observed position angle as well as the proper parallactic angle for each spectrum along with the airmass. Data taken for the CfA SN group with FAST from 2000 on were observed at the parallactic angle (unless at small airmass).

During the period that the observations described here were made, the optics of the FAST spectrograph blocked blue light, meaning that the FAST spectra do not suffer from

¹⁴IRAF is distributed by the National Optical Astronomy Observatory, which is operated by the Association of Universities for Research in Astronomy, Inc., under cooperative agreement with the National Science Foundation.

second-order light contamination¹⁵. The spectra obtained with the Blue Channel spectrograph can suffer from second-order contamination, but, through careful cross-calibration with standard stars of different colors, we have minimized the problems this might cause. On any given night, we would try to observe a relatively blue standard star (typically an sdO) and a relatively red standard star (typically an sdF). The sdO standards provide a better calibration in the blue portion of our spectrum (below ~ 4500 Å) where they will generally have more counts, but also lack the Balmer jump that can adversely affect calibration. The red standard stars will have little blue flux, and thus little second-order contamination. Most of our targets, even at relatively early phases when the spectra can be blue, have little second-order contamination as well. Each spectrum is calibrated with both the blue and the red standard stars. The blue and red portions of each spectrum are then joined, typically near 4500 Å, so that we get a good calibration of the blue half, without suffering second-order problems in the red half. Some residual contamination remains, but tests with standard stars indicate that we have mitigated most of the problems.

Because the spectra were selected from a sample for which calibrated light curves exist, we are able to check the accuracy of the relative spectrophotometry. We used the light curves of Jha et al. (2006) to determine the B and V magnitudes of the SNe at the time of each spectrum. When the photometry was not coincident, we interpolated from the nearest data points. We then took each spectrum and convolved it with B and V filter functions in order to derive a $B - V$ color. Figure 4 shows the comparison between the $B - V$ color based on photometry and the $B - V$ color derived from the spectra. For the objects observed from 1997 to late 1999 when we did not consistently use the parallactic angle, the scatter around zero difference in color is $\sigma = 0.095$. The spectra observed at phases later than twenty days past B -band maximum also have a relatively high scatter of $\sigma = 0.15$. There are a number of factors that could cause this difference. One is that the spectrum becomes increasingly dominated by line emission as it ages, so that convolution with a filter that is not precisely matched to the photometry might introduce a systematic error. Another important difference with the later spectra is that they are fainter, so that host galaxy contamination becomes more significant. When the spectra were observed at the parallactic angle during phases when the spectrum was more continuum-dominated, the scatter is only $\sigma = 0.063$, a relatively small error. We believe this indicates how well-calibrated the spectra in this sample are.

¹⁵When we moved the grating tilt to observe at red wavelengths, we did use order-blocking filters.

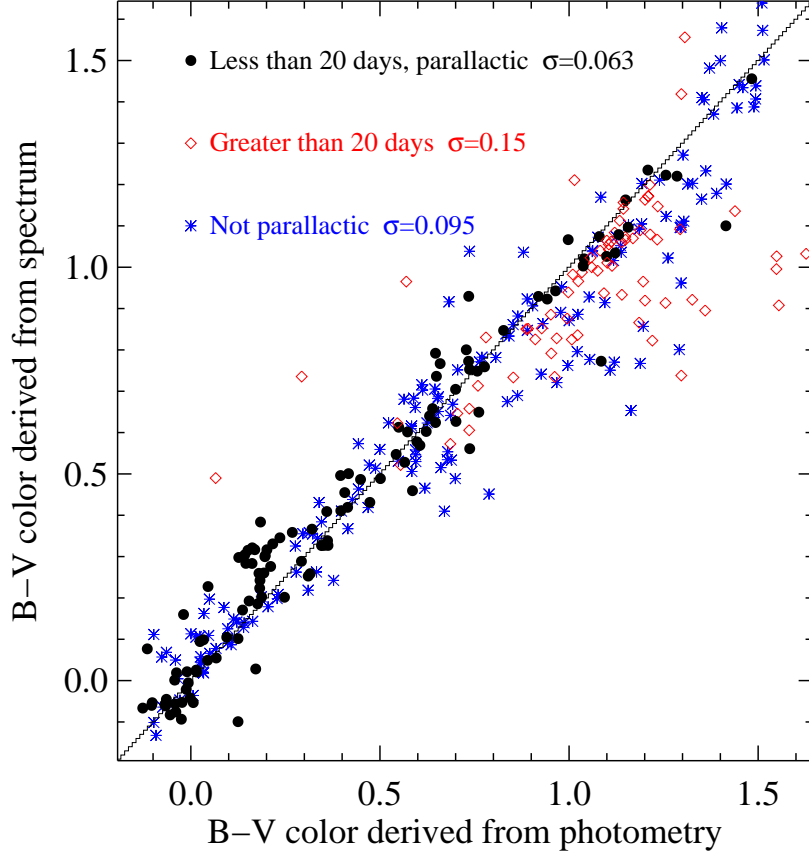


Fig. 4.— Comparison of the colors of the SNe Ia in our sample derived from photometry and spectroscopy. For objects observed at the parallax angle (or small airmass) and within twenty days of B -band maximum (*filled, black circles*), the scatter around zero difference is 0.063. For objects observed over twenty days after maximum (*open, red diamonds*), the scatter is 0.15. For the early objects in our sample, when we did not consistently observe at the parallax angle (*blue asterisks*), the scatter is 0.095.

In Figure 5, we show two examples of SNe Ia spectra from the sample. SN 1998aq is shown at B -band maximum, while SN 2001V is shown at 20 days past B -band maximum. Both of these SNe are what would be considered photometrically normal with SN 1998aq having a $\Delta m_{15}(B)$ of 1.13 (Riess et al. 2005) and SN 2001V having a $\Delta m_{15}(B)$ of 0.99 (Mandel et al. 2008). These spectra are fairly typical results for the brighter SNe. In addition, we label some major features of the spectra in order to facilitate discussion of the individual objects below (see, e.g., Branch et al. 2005). To demonstrate the differences among the spectra of SNe with different light-curve shapes, we show two extreme examples compared with the more normal SN 1998aq in Figure 6. SN 1999aa has a $\Delta m_{15}(B)$ of 0.85 and was overluminous. Note the weaker Si II and stronger Fe III. In contrast, SN 1999by has a $\Delta m_{15}(B)$ of 1.90 and was subluminous. It shows stronger Si II and Ti II.

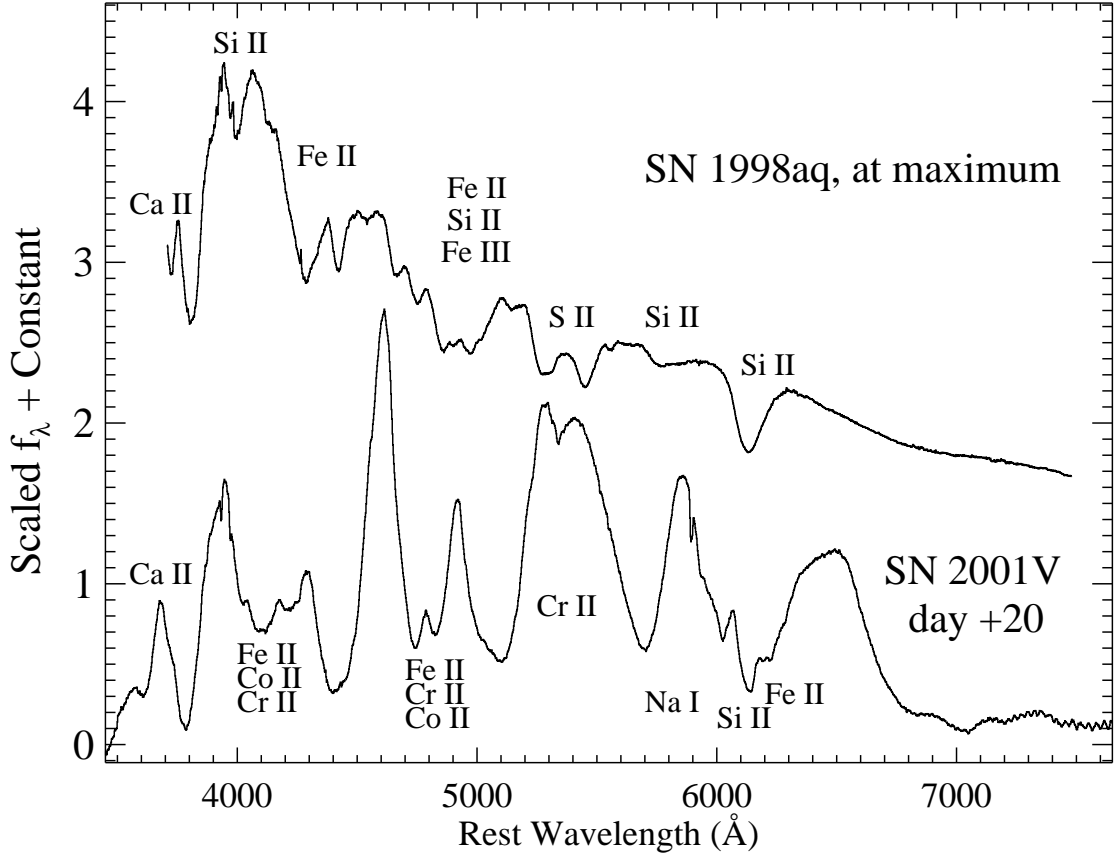


Fig. 5.— Spectrum of SN 1998aq at B -band maximum and spectrum of SN 2001V at 20 days past B -band maximum. The flux units are f_λ ($\text{ergs s}^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ Å}^{-1}$) that have been normalized and then additive offsets applied for clarity. The systemic heliocentric velocity listed in Table 1 has been removed. Major features of the spectra are labeled.

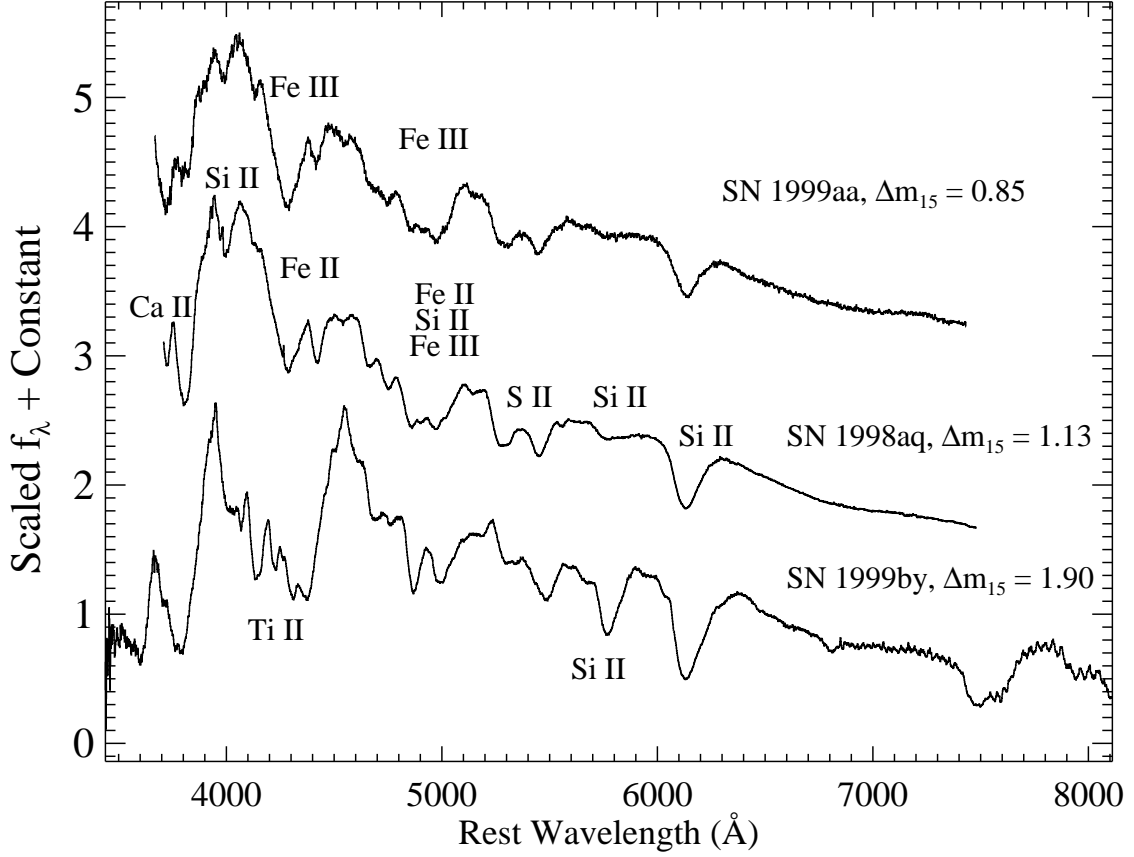


Fig. 6.— Spectra of SNe 1998aq, 1999aa, and 1999by at B -band maximum. The flux units are f_λ ($\text{ergs s}^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ \AA}^{-1}$) that have been normalized and then additive offsets applied for clarity. The systemic heliocentric velocity listed in Table 1 has been removed. Major features of the spectra are labeled. Note that the overluminous SN 1999aa has weaker Si II than SN 1998aq and stronger Fe III. The underluminous SN 1999by has stronger Si II (especially near 5800 Å) and Ti II.

4. Comments on Individual Supernovae

SN 1997do—This SN was discovered on 1997 Oct 31 during the course of the Beijing Astronomical Observatory (BAO) SN survey (Qiu et al. 1997). A spectrum obtained by Qiu et al. on 1997 Nov 1 showed that SN 1997do was of Type Ia. The CfA spectra (Figure 7) begin eleven days before *B*-band maximum and continue for three weeks past maximum.

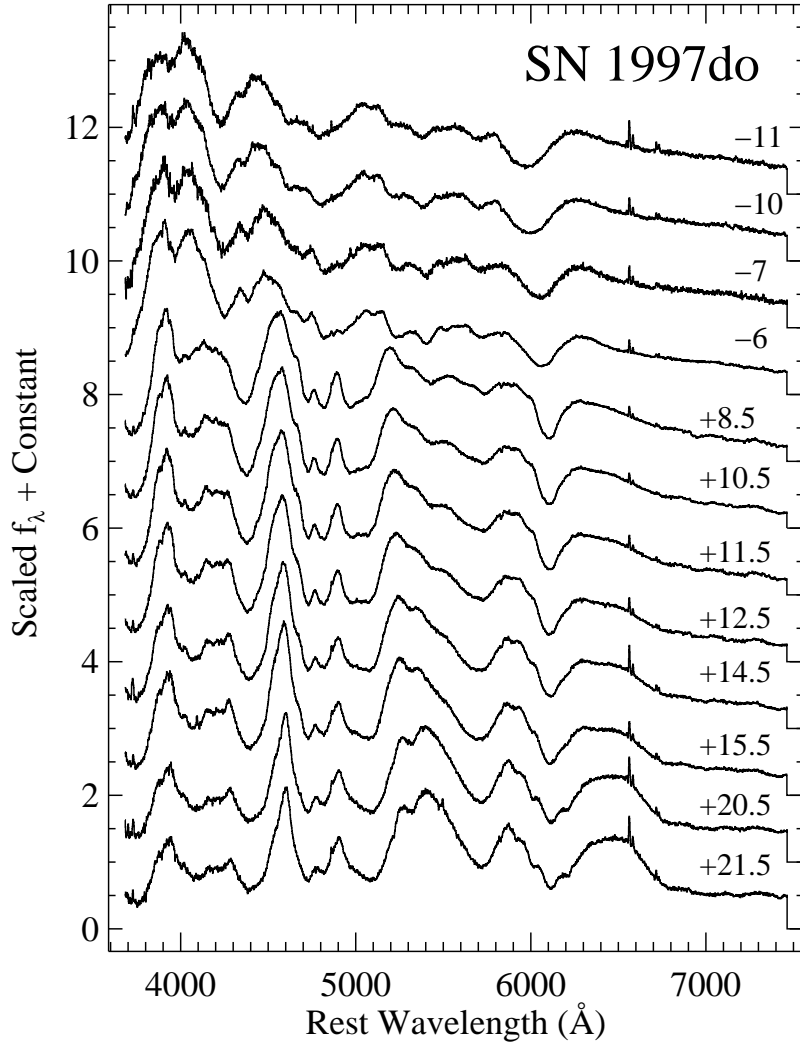


Fig. 7.— Spectra of SN 1997do. The flux units are f_λ ($\text{ergs s}^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ \AA}^{-1}$) that have been normalized and then additive offsets applied for clarity. The zero-flux level for each spectrum is marked with an extension on the red edge of the spectrum (occasionally, this is marked on the blue edge if that produces a clearer presentation). The systemic heliocentric velocity listed in Table 1 has been removed. The numbers associated with each spectrum indicate the epoch of the spectrum relative to B -band maximum.

SN 1997dt—Another product of the BAO SN survey, this object was discovered on 1997 Nov 22 (Qiao et al. 1997). Qiao et al. also reported that a spectrum taken the same night as the discovery indicated that SN 1997dt was of Type Ia. The CfA spectra (Figure 8) begin ten days before *B*-band maximum, with good coverage through two days past the time of maximum. There is some galaxy contamination in the spectra, as shown by the strong narrow emission lines apparent in the spectra.

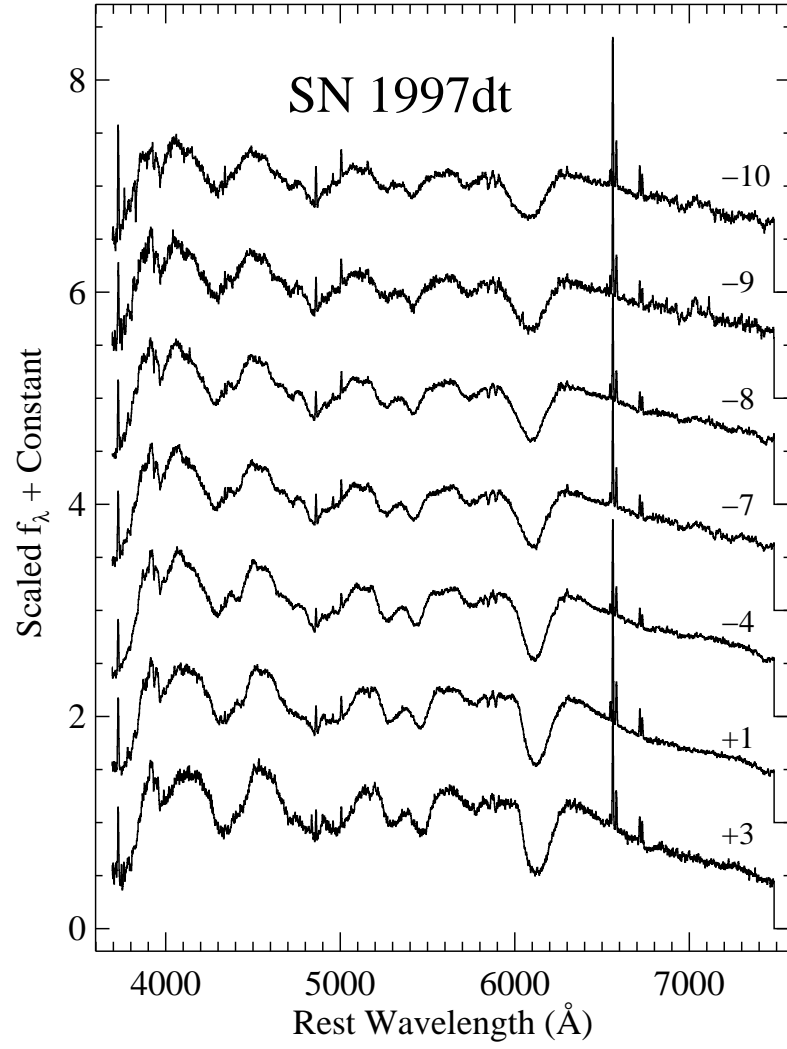


Fig. 8.— Spectra of SN 1997dt. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7.

SN 1998V—This SN was discovered by the U.K. Nova/Supernova Patrol on 1998 Mar 10 (Hurst et al. 1998b). It was classified as an SN Ia (Jha et al. 1998d) based up the first spectrum in the CfA sample (Figure 9), obtained at maximum. We have some coverage of the post-maximum decline and later phases.

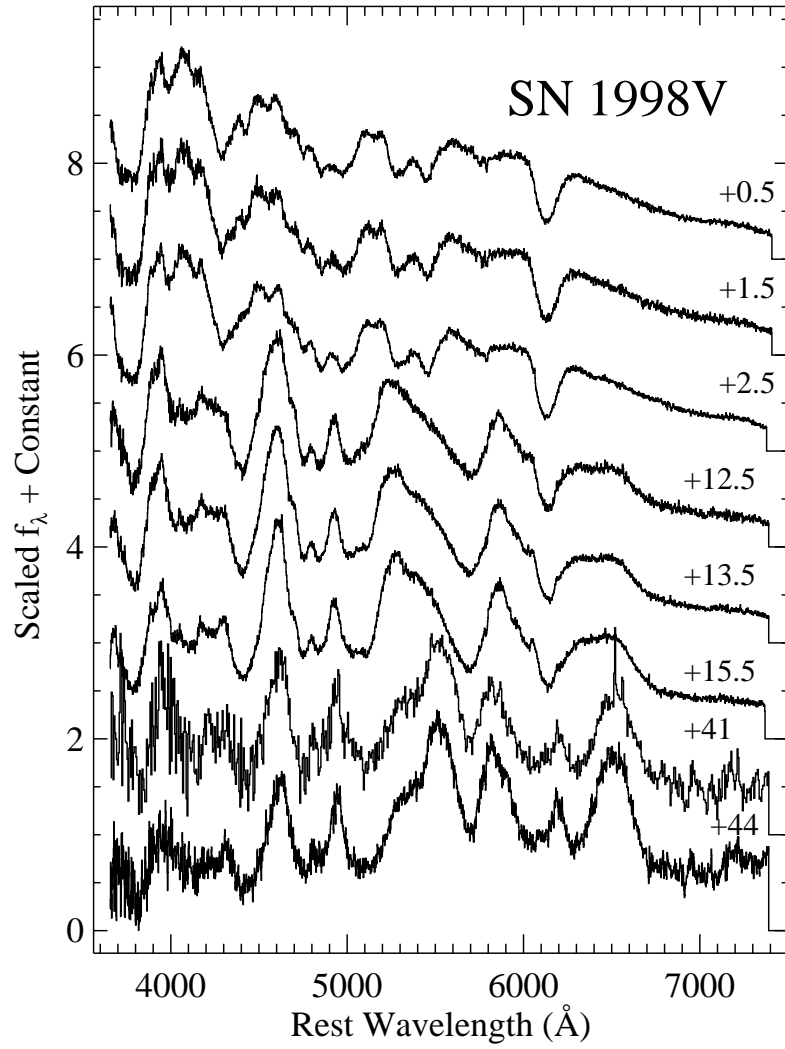


Fig. 9.— Spectra of SN 1998V. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7. The day +41 spectrum has been rebinned for clarity.

SN 1998ab—The BAO SN survey also found SN 1998ab on 1998 Apr 1 (Wei & Li 1998). The first CfA spectrum (Figure 10) was used to report the Type of the SN as Ia (Garnavich et al. 1998b). This spectrum was obtained eight days before maximum. In addition, Garnavich et al. noted that the Si II feature was not apparent in the spectrum, but absorptions associated with Fe III were present, indicating that this was a spectroscopically peculiar SN similar to SN 1991T (Filippenko et al. 1992a; Phillips et al. 1992) at early epochs. Unfortunately, we were not able to obtain more spectra of this object in the photospheric phase, but there is a large amount of coverage at several months past *B*-band maximum.

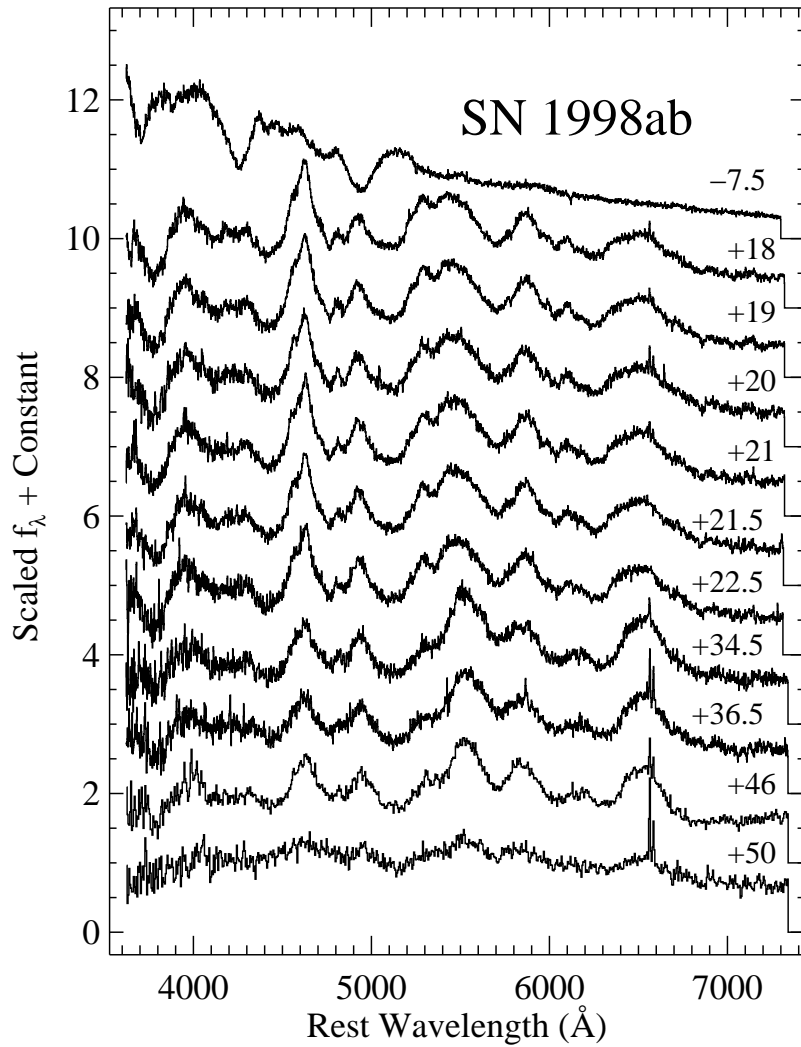


Fig. 10.— Spectra of SN 1998ab. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7. The days +36.5, +46, and +50 spectra have been rebinned for clarity.

SN 1998aq—Another SN discovered by the U.K. Nova/Supernova Patrol, SN 1998aq was found on 1998 Apr 13 (Hurst et al. 1998a). Ayani & Yamaoka (1998) and Garnavich et al. (1998c) reported that the spectrum showed SN 1998aq to be of Type Ia. Ayani & Yamaoka also felt that the strength of the Si II $\lambda 5800$ line might indicate that SN 1998aq was subluminous, but the full set of CfA spectra (Figures 11 and 12) shows that it was spectroscopically normal. Although there are no pre-maximum spectra, there is good coverage starting with the first spectrum taken one day past maximum, continuing with almost daily spectra in the weeks past maximum. There is an extensive set of spectra obtained several weeks past maximum, as well as a few in the nebular phase. Some of these spectra have been published and analyzed by Branch et al. (2003), but we include them here for completeness.

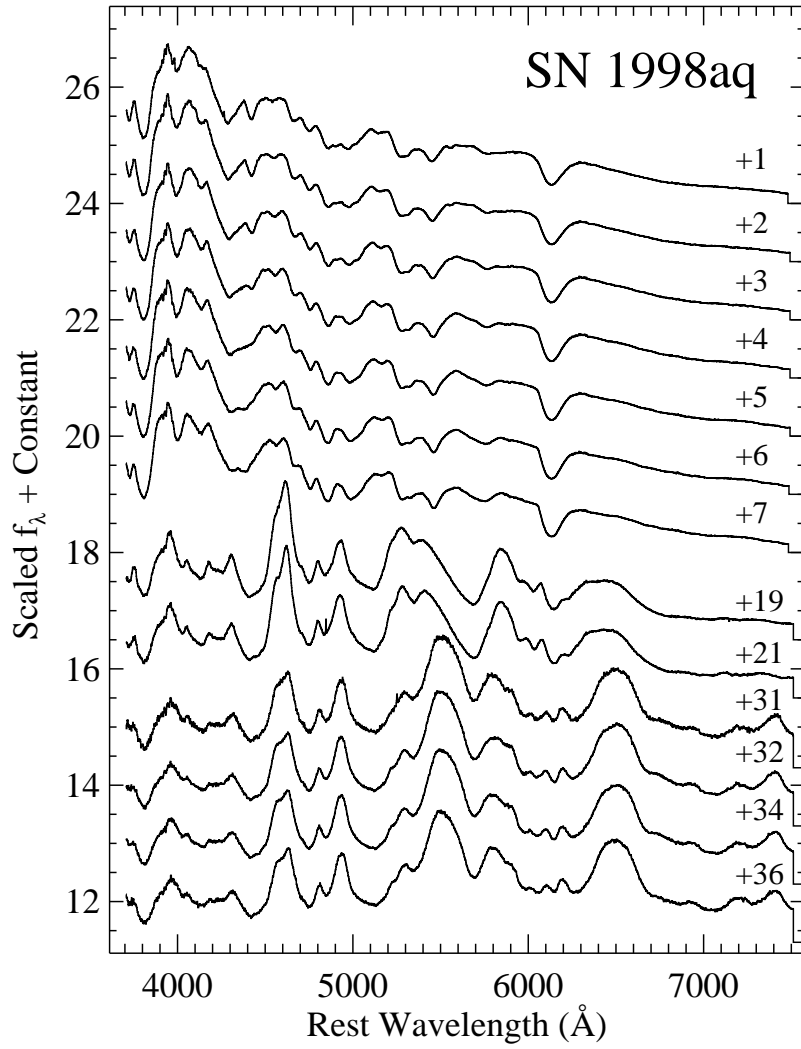


Fig. 11.— Early spectra of SN 1998aq. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7.

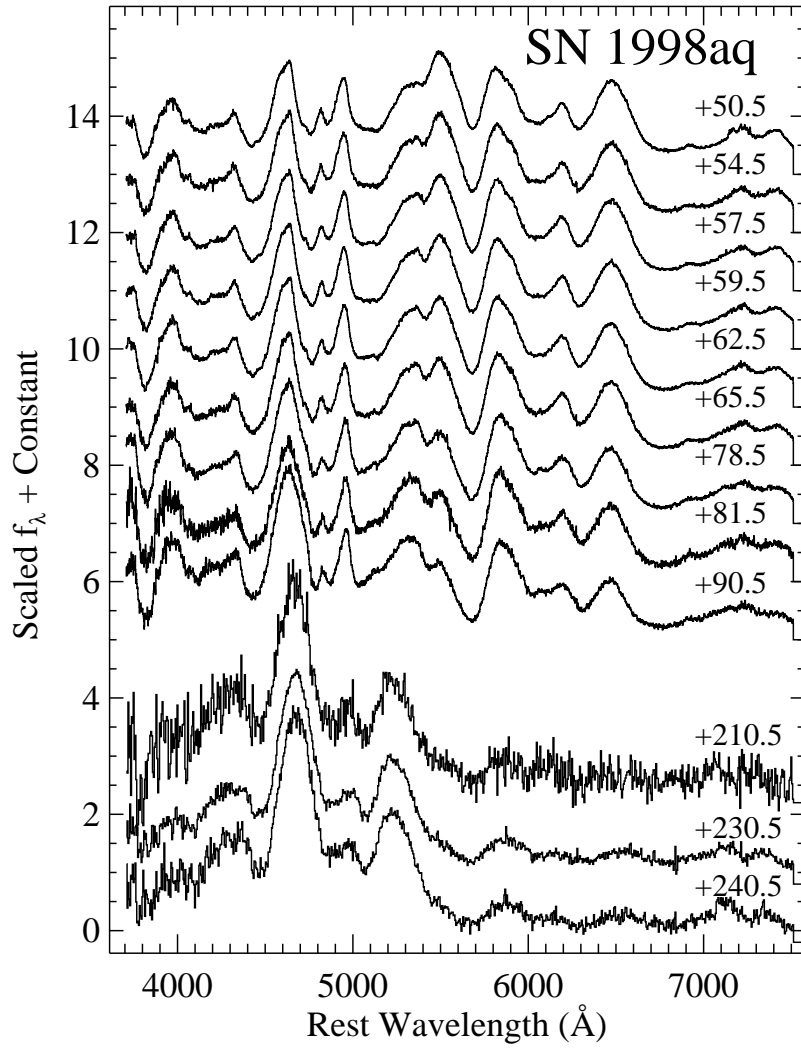


Fig. 12.— Late spectra of SN 1998aq. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7.

SN 1998bp—This SN was also found by the U.K. Nova/Supernova Patrol on 1998 Apr 29 (Hurst & Armstrong 1998). A spectrum taken the next night showed that it was of Type Ia, but possibly spectroscopically peculiar (Patat & Maia 1998). The first CfA spectrum (Figure 13, obtained three days before maximum) also prompted a report that the object seemed peculiar (Jha et al. 1998b), specifically that the Si II $\lambda 5800$ line was strong. As seen in Figure 13, the strength of the $\lambda 5800$ feature is similar to what is observed in subluminous SNe Ia (e.g., SN 1991bg Filippenko et al. 1992b; Leibundgut et al. 1993), but the blue half of the spectrum appears more normal. The $\Delta m_{15}(B)$ value of 1.83 from Jha et al. (2006) confirms that this was a peculiar SN Ia. The CfA sample has good coverage near maximum, as well as several at a few weeks past maximum.

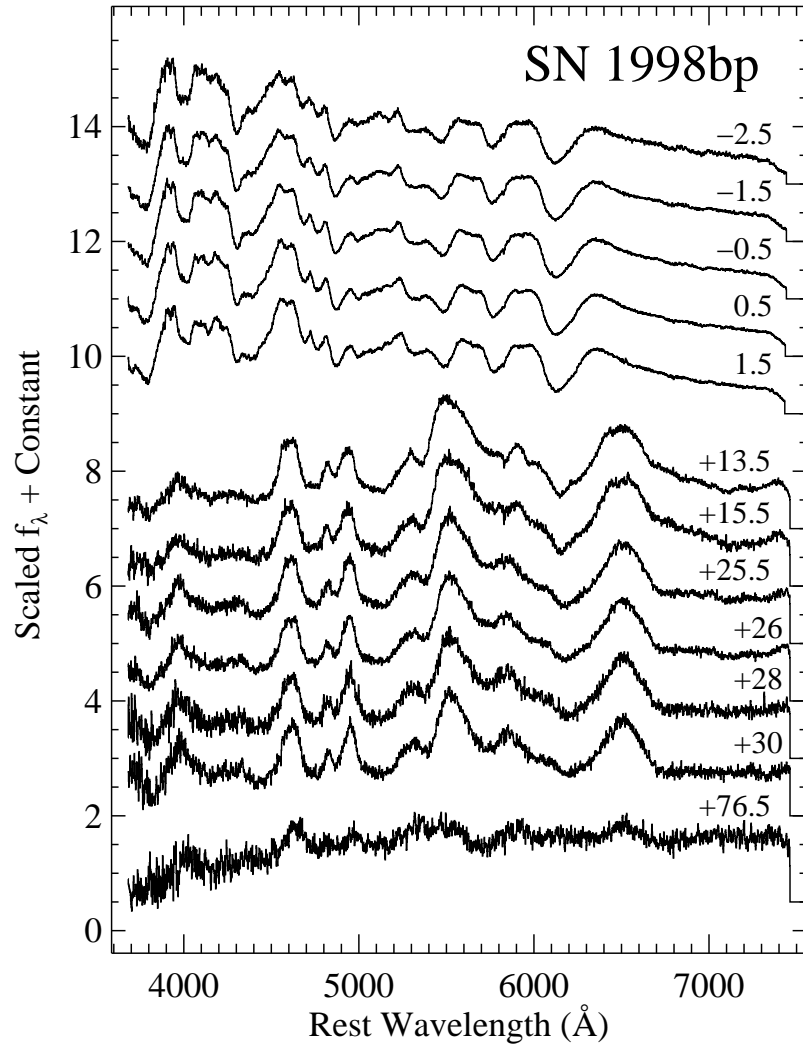


Fig. 13.— Spectra of SN 1998bp. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7.

SN 1998bu—This SN was discovered by Villi (1998) on 1998 May 9. Two groups reported that spectroscopy indicated that SN 1998bu was of Type Ia (Ayani et al. 1998). The CfA sample of spectra is large (Figures 14 and 15), with good coverage near maximum (the first being three days before maximum), as well as many spectra up to two months past maximum and few in the nebular phase. Some of the CfA spectra were shown and discussed by Jha et al. (1999b), but the spectra presented herein were rereduced to be consistent with the rest of this spectroscopic sample. This was a bright SN that was followed extensively by many groups (e.g., Suntzeff et al. 1999).

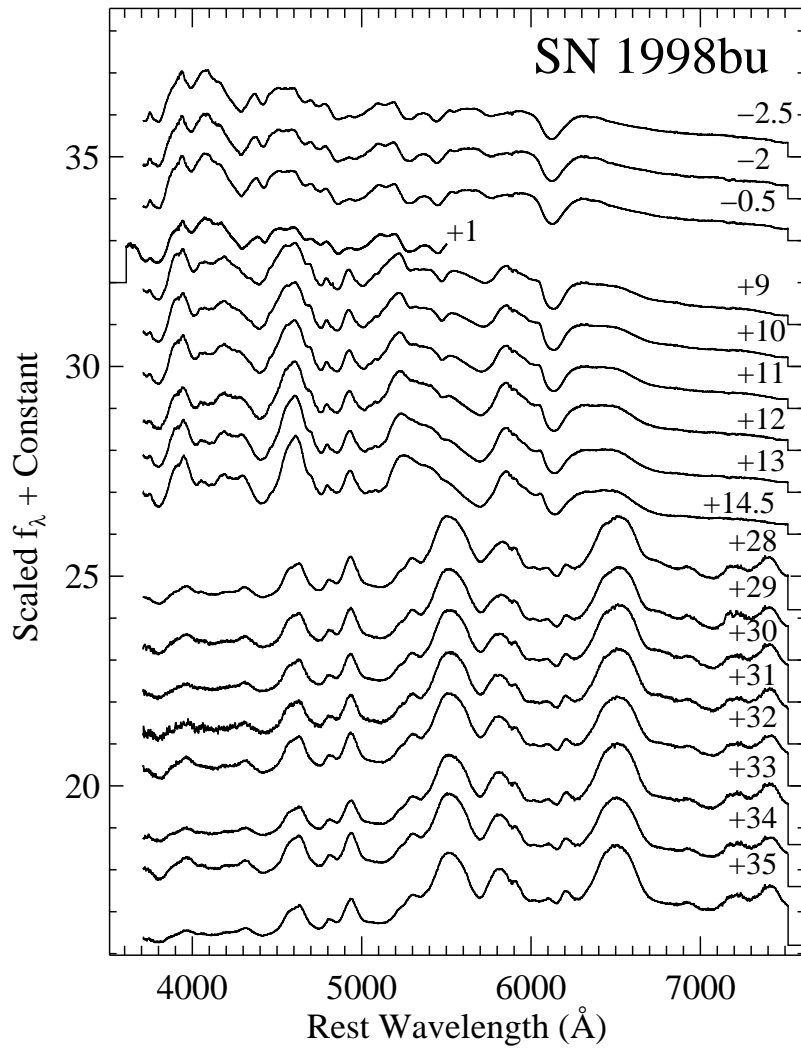


Fig. 14.— Early spectra of SN 1998bu. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7.

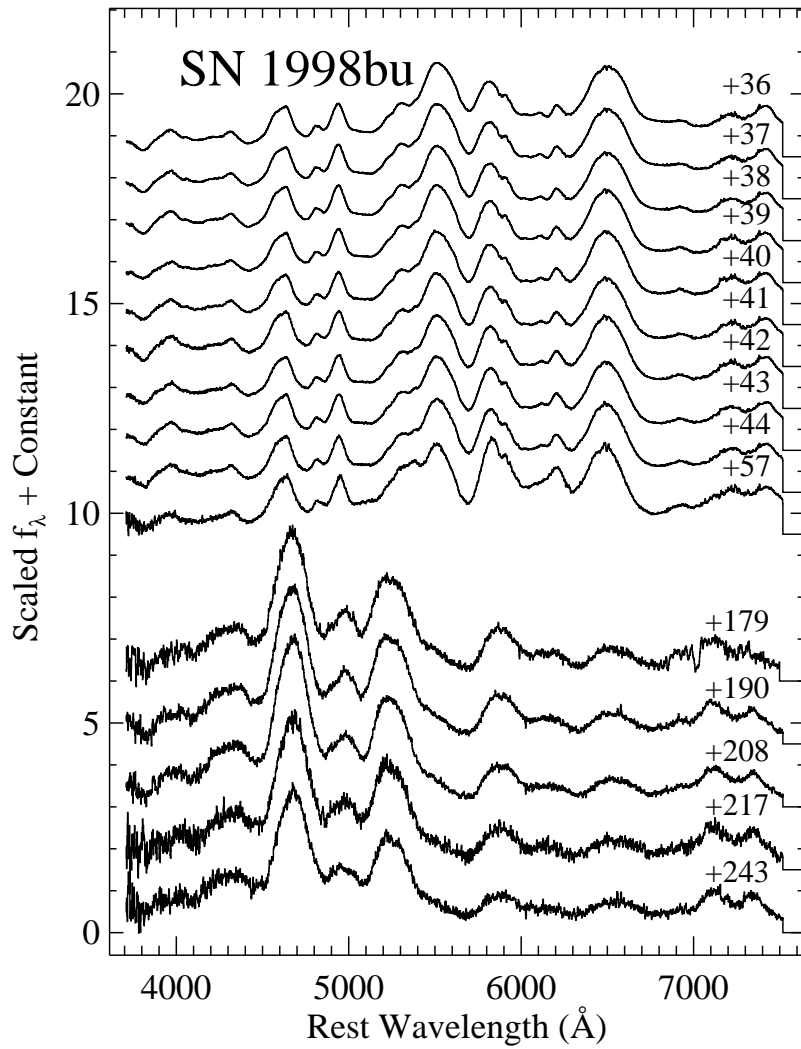


Fig. 15.— Late spectra of SN 1998bu. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7.

SN 1998de—This SN was found in the course of the Lick Observatory Supernova Search (LOSS) on 1998 Jul 23 (Modjaz et al. 1998a). The initial classification as a Type Ia was based upon our first CfA spectrum (Figure 16) obtained seven days before maximum. This SN also appeared to be spectroscopically peculiar, with a strong Si II $\lambda 5800$ line and prominent Ti II absorptions in the blue (Garnavich et al. 1998d). This characterization as a subluminous SN Ia was confirmed photometrically and spectroscopically by Modjaz et al. (2001) (and the $\Delta m_{15}(B)$ value of 1.93 from Jha et al. 2006) and can be seen in the series of spectra of Figure 16.

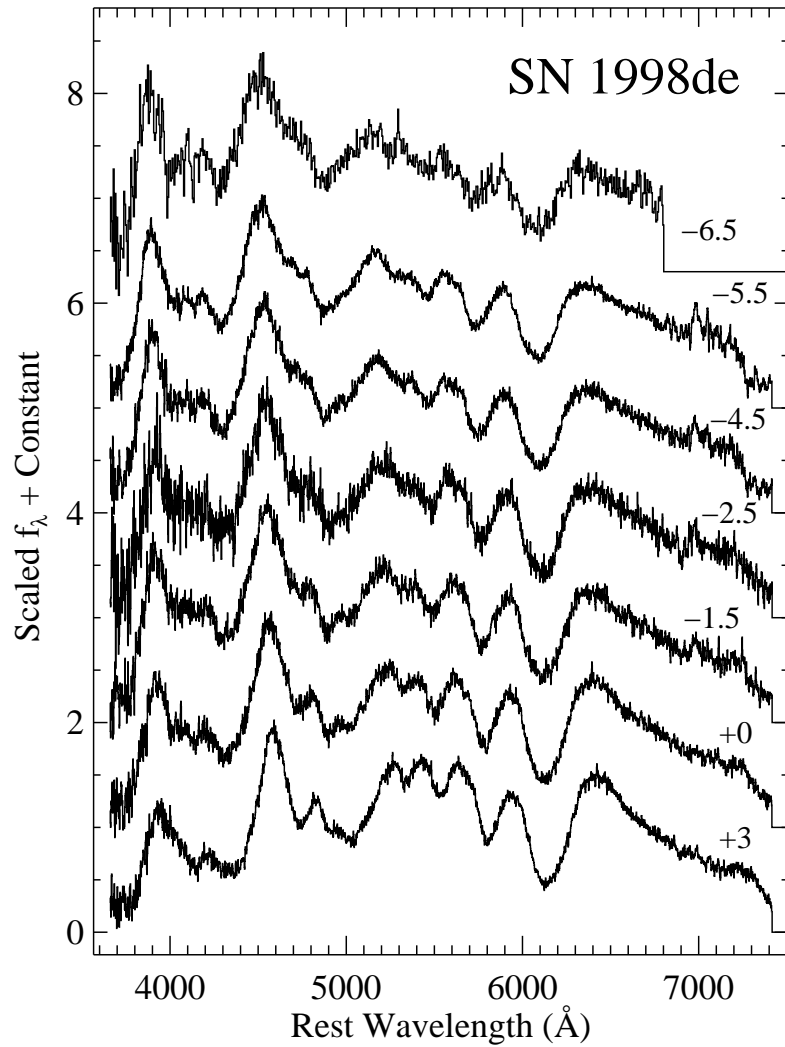


Fig. 16.— Spectra of SN 1998de. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7. The day -6.5 spectrum has been trimmed and rebinned for clarity.

SN 1998dh– Another product of the LOSS, SN 1998dh was found on 1998 Jul 20 (Li et al. 1998). The first CfA spectrum (Figure 17), obtained nine days before maximum, was used to report that it was an SN Ia (Garnavich et al. 1998a). There is good coverage before maximum, as well as some later coverage.

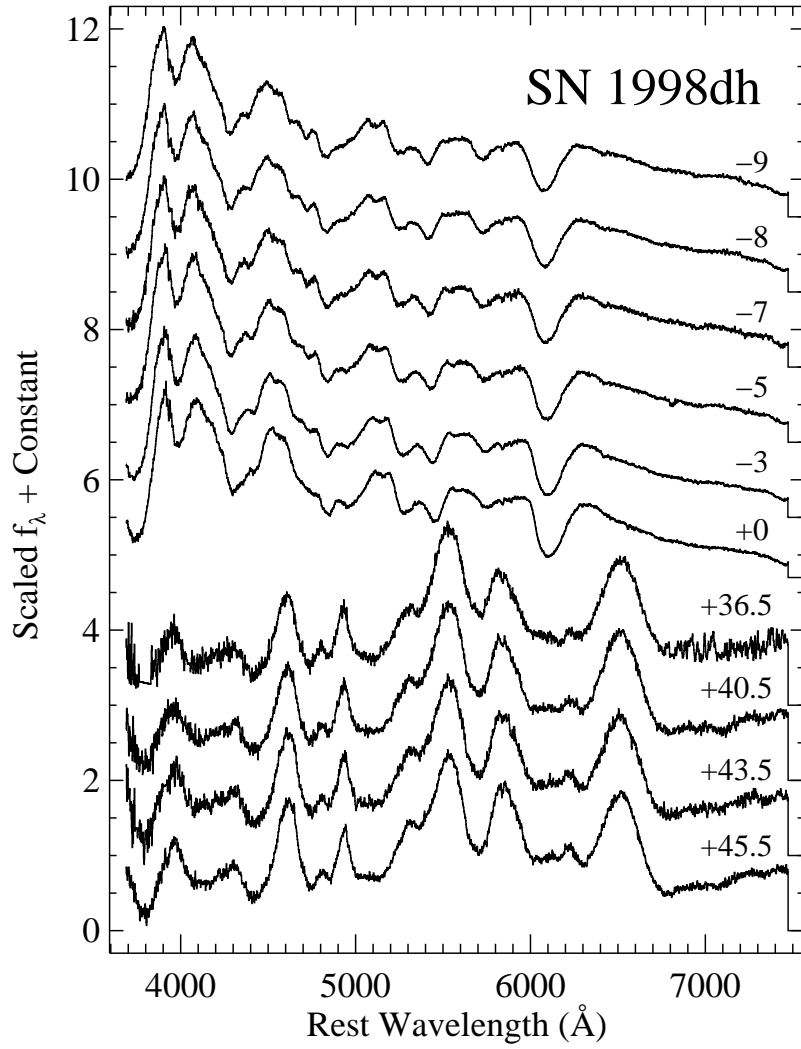


Fig. 17.— Spectra of SN 1998dh. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7.

SN 1998dk—The LOSS also discovered SN 1998dk on 1998 Aug 19 (King et al. 1998). It was classified as an SN Ia (Filippenko & De Breuck 1998). The telescopes on Mt. Hopkins are traditionally closed during August for the Arizona monsoon season, so the CfA spectra begin ten days after maximum (Figure 18), but with several spectra in the weeks past maximum.

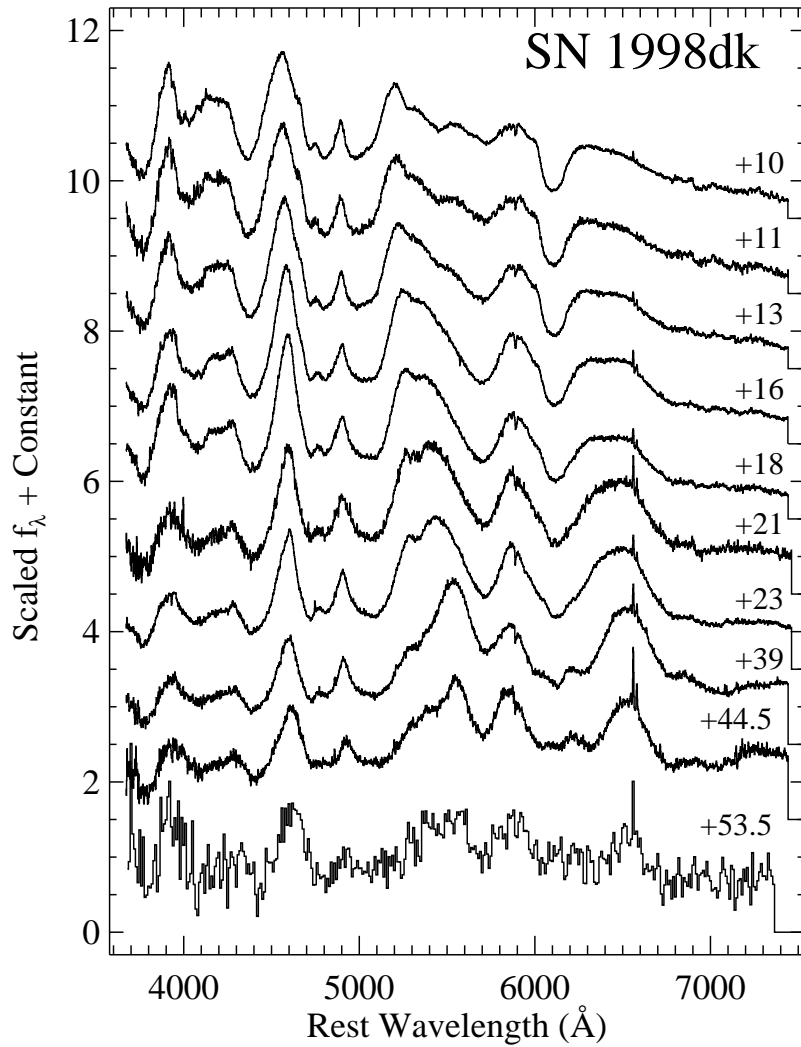


Fig. 18.— Spectra of SN 1998dk. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7. The day +53.5 spectrum has been rebinned for clarity.

SN 1998dm—This SN was also found by LOSS on 1998 Aug 22 (Modjaz et al. 1998b) and SN 1998dm was subsequently classified as an SN Ia (Filippenko & De Breuck 1998). Filippenko & De Breuck noted that the spectra were unusually red and that the Si II $\lambda 5800$ line seemed relatively strong, suggesting that this was a subluminous event. Our spectra (Figure 19) appear more normal (although our early coverage was limited by the August shutdown described above, leading to the earliest CfA spectrum being five days past maximum), and the $\Delta m_{15}(B)$ value of 1.07 (Jha et al. 2006) confirms that SN 1998dm was not clearly peculiar.

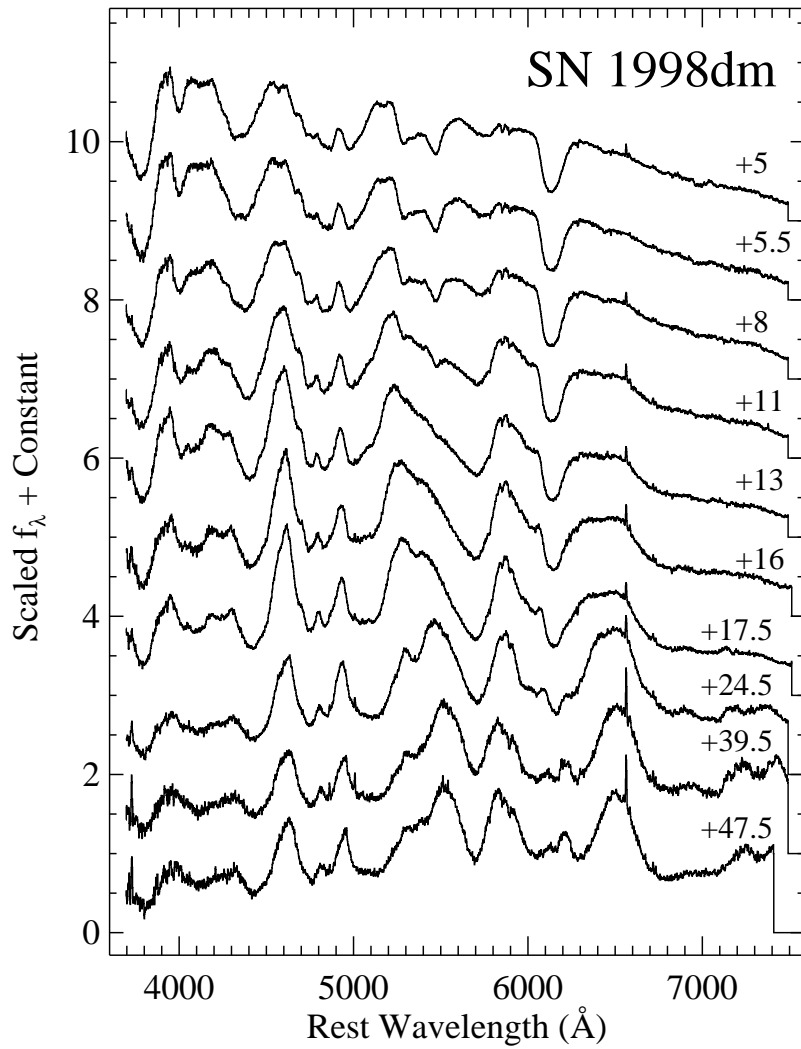


Fig. 19.— Spectra of SN 1998dm. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7.

SN 1998ec—The BAO supernova survey found SN 1998ec on 1998 Sep 26 (Qiu et al. 1998). Our first CfA spectrum (Figure 20), observed three days before maximum, was used to classify it as an SN Ia (Jha et al. 1998a). This object has a more limited number of spectra, but the pre-maximum observations are valuable.

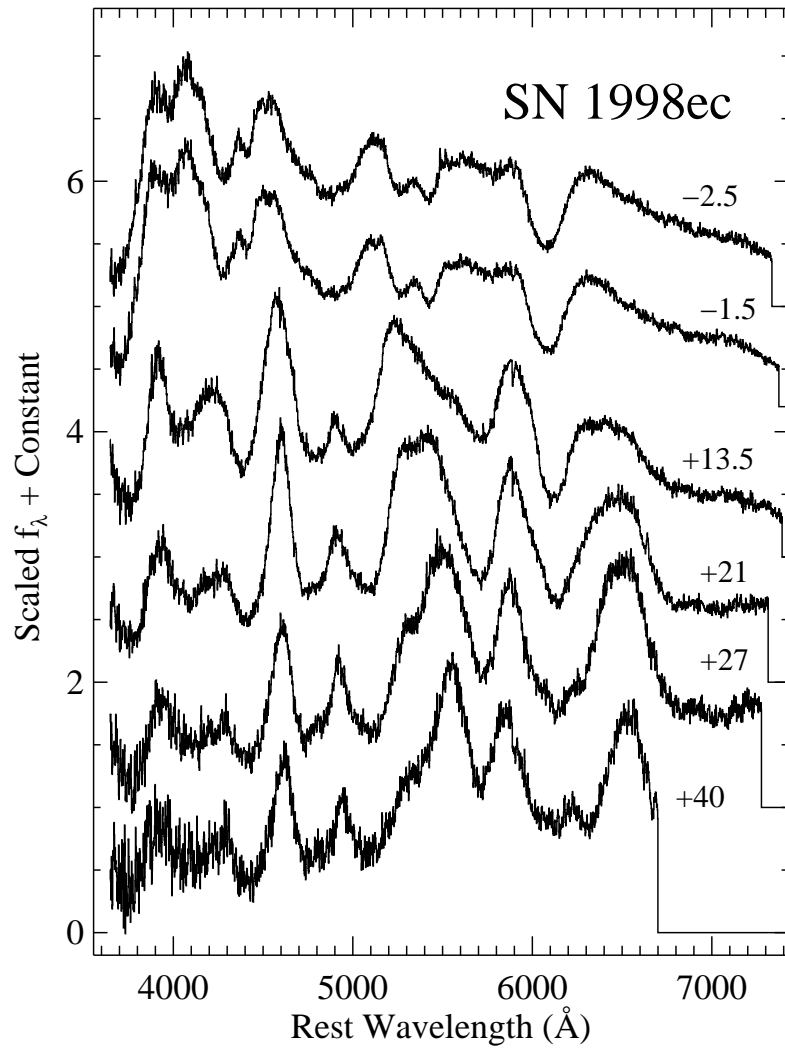


Fig. 20.— Spectra of SN 1998ec. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7. The day +40 spectrum has been trimmed for clarity.

SN 1998eg—Another product of the U.K. Supernova Patrol, SN 1998eg was found on 1998 Oct 19 (Hurst et al. 1998c). Two groups (including the CfA SN group using our first spectrum obtained at maximum) separately classified it as an SN Ia (Salvo et al. 1998). Our spectra cover the period from maximum to a few weeks past maximum (Figure 21).

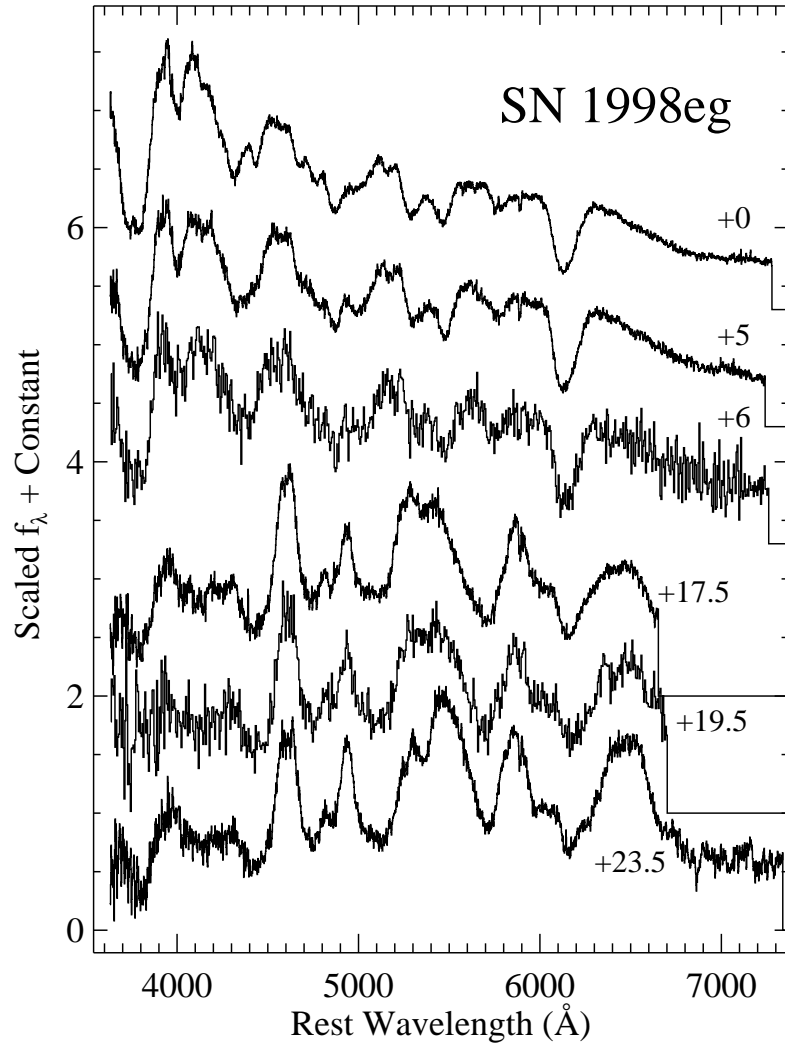


Fig. 21.— Spectra of SN 1998eg. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7. The days +5 and +19.5 spectra have been rebinned and the days +17.5 and +19.5 spectra have been trimmed for clarity.

SN 1998es—The LOSS discovered SN 1998es on 1998 Nov 13 (Halderson et al. 1998). Our first CfA spectrum (Figure 22) was used to classify it as an SN Ia (Jha et al. 1998c). Jha et al. noted that the Si II $\lambda 6355$ feature was relatively weak and that the spectrum overall resembled that of SN 1991T (Filippenko et al. 1992a; Phillips et al. 1992) at early epochs. The $\Delta m_{15}(B)$ value of 0.87 (Jha et al. 2006) also indicates that this was a 91T-like event. The CfA sample (Figures 22 and 23) begins at ten days before maximum, and continue with good coverage until just past maximum. There is also a large set of spectra covering several few weeks past maximum.

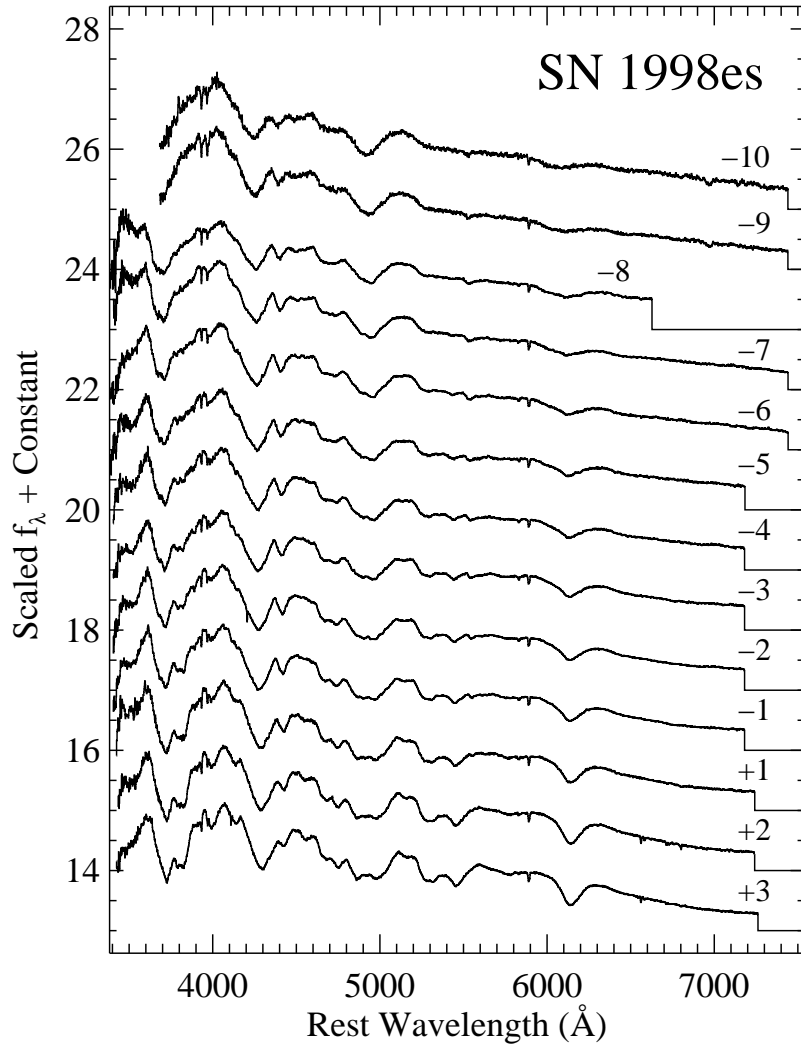


Fig. 22.— Early spectra of SN 1998es. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7.

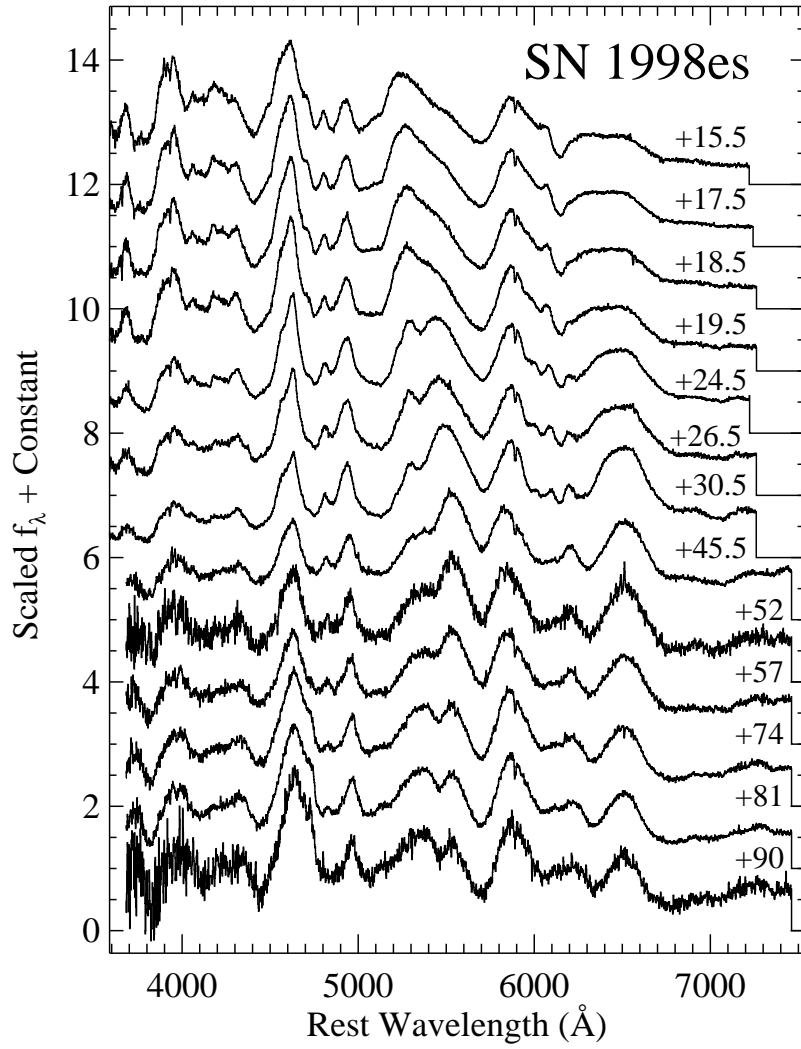


Fig. 23.— Late spectra of SN 1998es. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7.

SN 1999X—This SN was found by Schwartz (1999) on 1999 Jan 27. Our first CfA spectrum (Figure 24), obtained twelve days after maximum, was used to classify SN 1999X as an SN Ia (Garnavich et al. 1999a). The spectra cover two to four weeks past maximum.

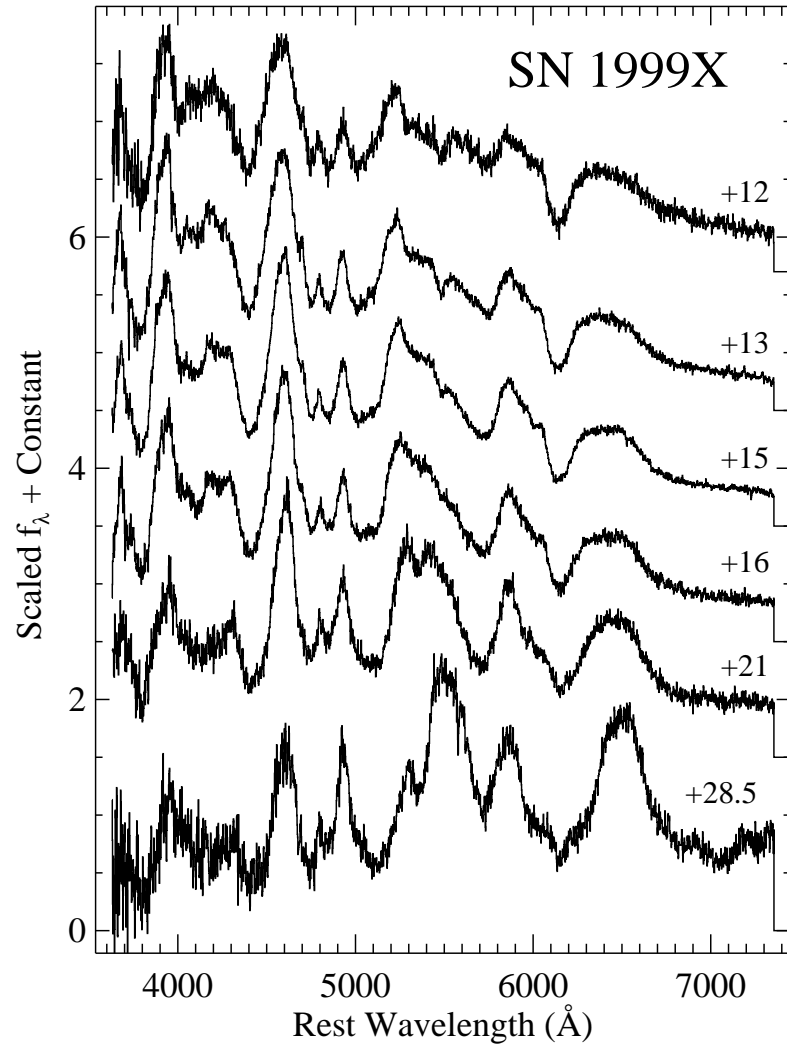


Fig. 24.— Spectra of SN 1999X. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7.

SN 1999aa—Arbour & Armstrong (1999) found SN 1999aa on 1999 Feb 11 (independent discoveries were also reported by Qiao et al. (1999) and Nakano & Kushida (1999)). A spectrum obtained the next day revealed that SN 1999aa was a spectroscopically peculiar SN Ia (Filippenko et al. 1999). The spectrum had some similarities to SN 1991T (Filippenko et al. 1992a; Phillips et al. 1992), with weak Si II $\lambda 6355$ and absorptions due to Fe III. One difference was an absorption near 3750 Å. This feature (Ca II H & K) was not present in SN 1991T. The $\Delta m_{15}(B)$ value of 0.85 (Jha et al. 2006) shows that it is similar to SN 1991T photometrically as well. The CfA spectra have extensive coverage from nine days before maximum through three months past maximum (Figures 25 and 26). This bright and unusual SN was well observed by many groups (e.g., Li et al. 2001b; Garavini et al. 2004).

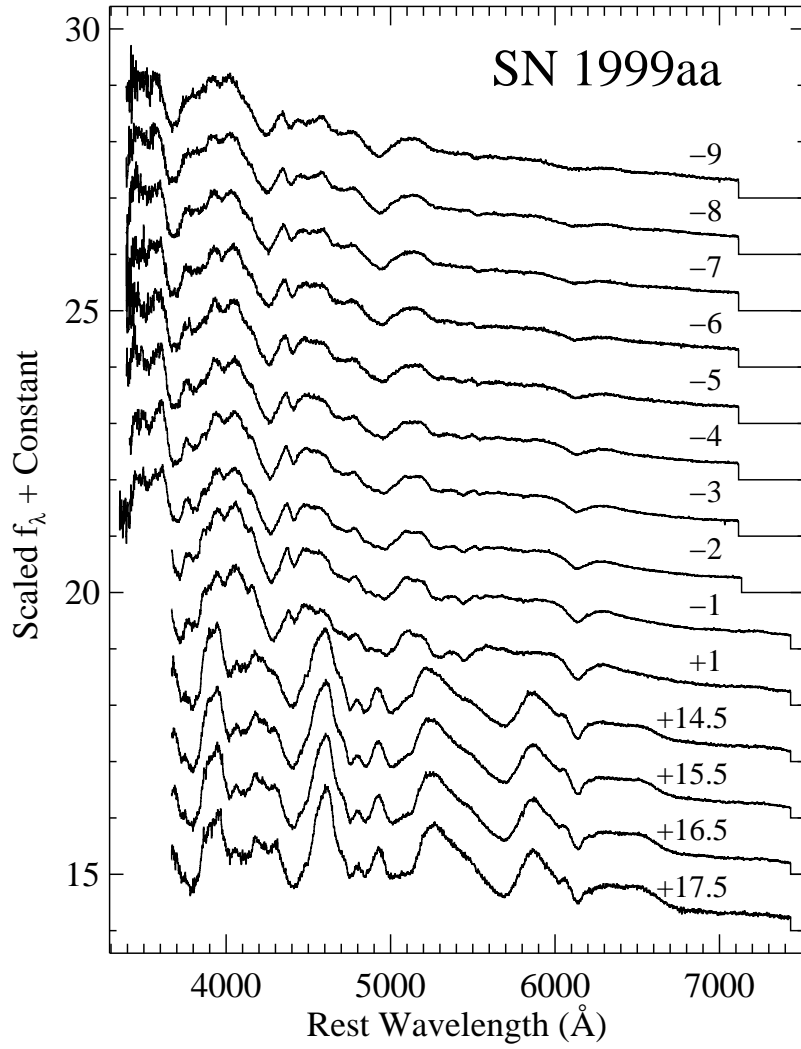


Fig. 25.— Early spectra of SN 1999aa. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7.

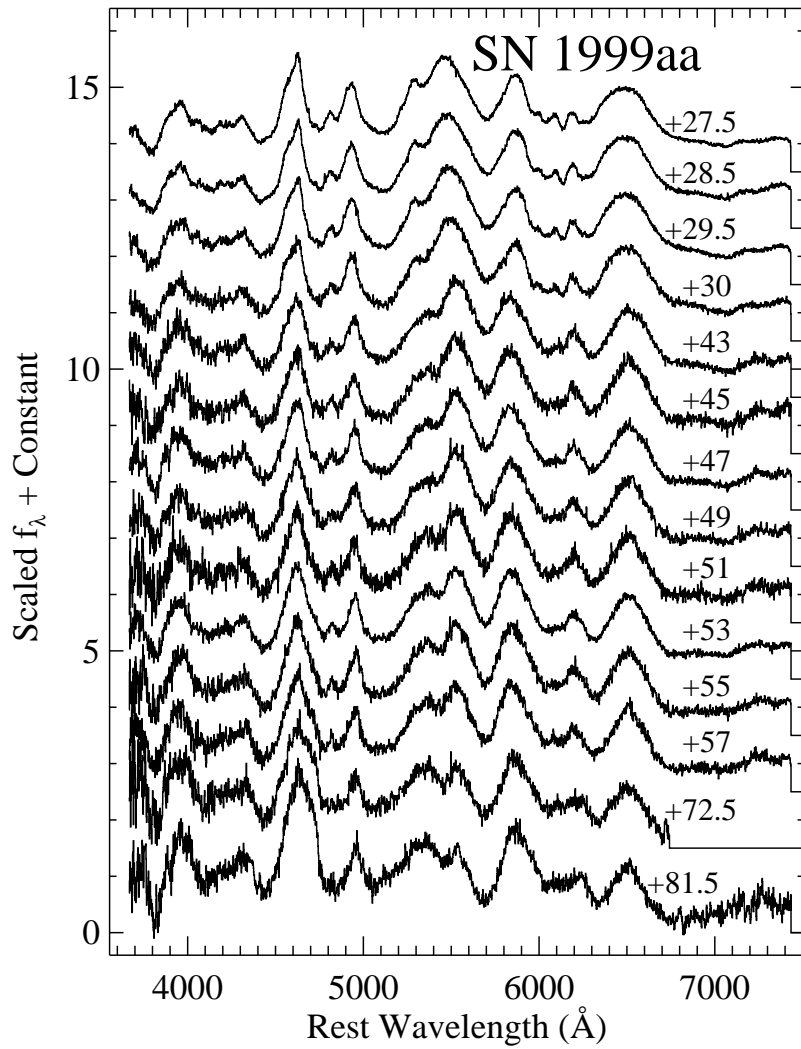


Fig. 26.— Late spectra of SN 1999aa. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7.

SN 1999ac—This SN was found by the LOSS on 1999 Feb 26 (Modjaz et al. 1999). A spectrum obtained by Phillips et al. (1999) showed that it was strikingly similar to SN 1999aa. The CfA spectra of SN 1999ac have some near maximum (the first at four days before maximum) and a large number one to three months past maximum (Figure 27).

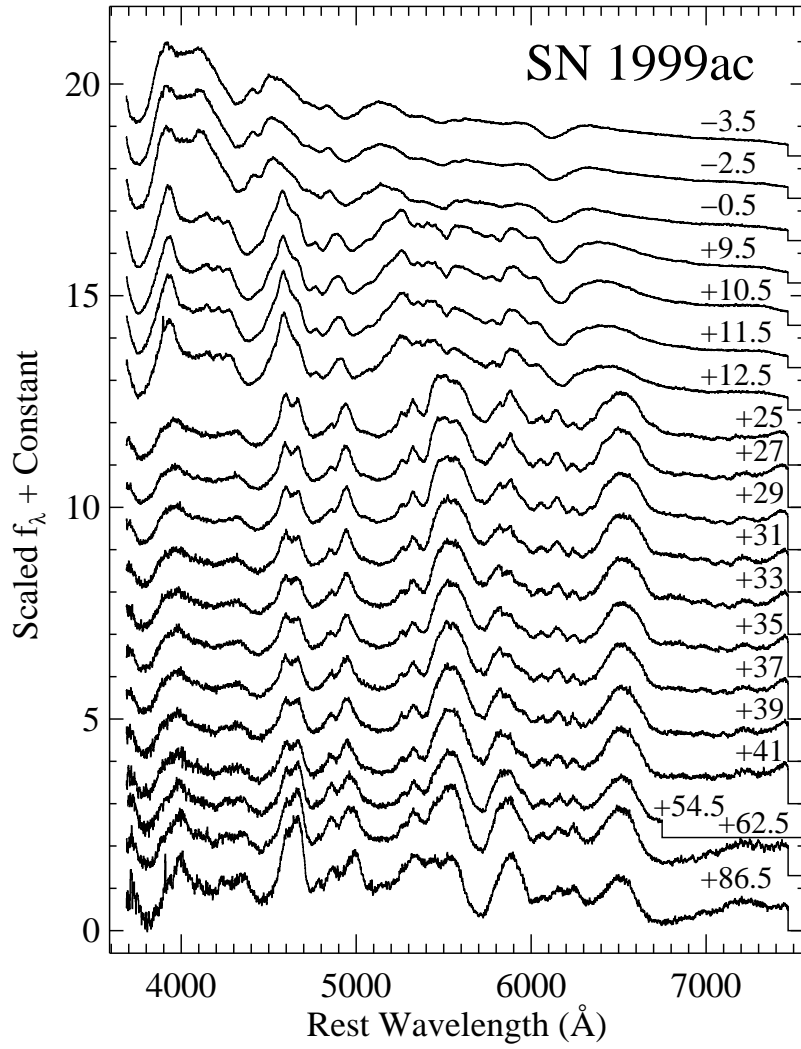


Fig. 27.— Spectra of SN 1999ac. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7.

SN 1999by—Both the LOSS and the U.K. Supernova Patrol independently discovered SN 1999by on 1999 Apr 30 (Arbour et al. 1999). Gerardy & Fesen (1999) classified it as an SN Ia and Garnavich et al. (1999b) reported that the spectra showed some signs of peculiarity. The Si II $\lambda 5800$ line was relatively strong and Ti II features were apparent indicating that this was a subluminous SN Ia. This was confirmed photometrically (Garnavich et al. 2004) with a $\Delta m_{15}(B)$ of 1.90. The CfA spectra have good coverage from five days before maximum through several weeks past maximum (Figure 28). Most of the spectra were shown and analyzed by Garnavich et al. (2004), but the spectra presented herein were rereduced to be consistent with the rest of this spectroscopic sample. This bright and peculiar SN was well observed by many groups, including Toth & Szabó (2000); Vinkó et al. (2001); Howell et al. (2001b); Höflich et al. (2002); and Garnavich et al. (2004).

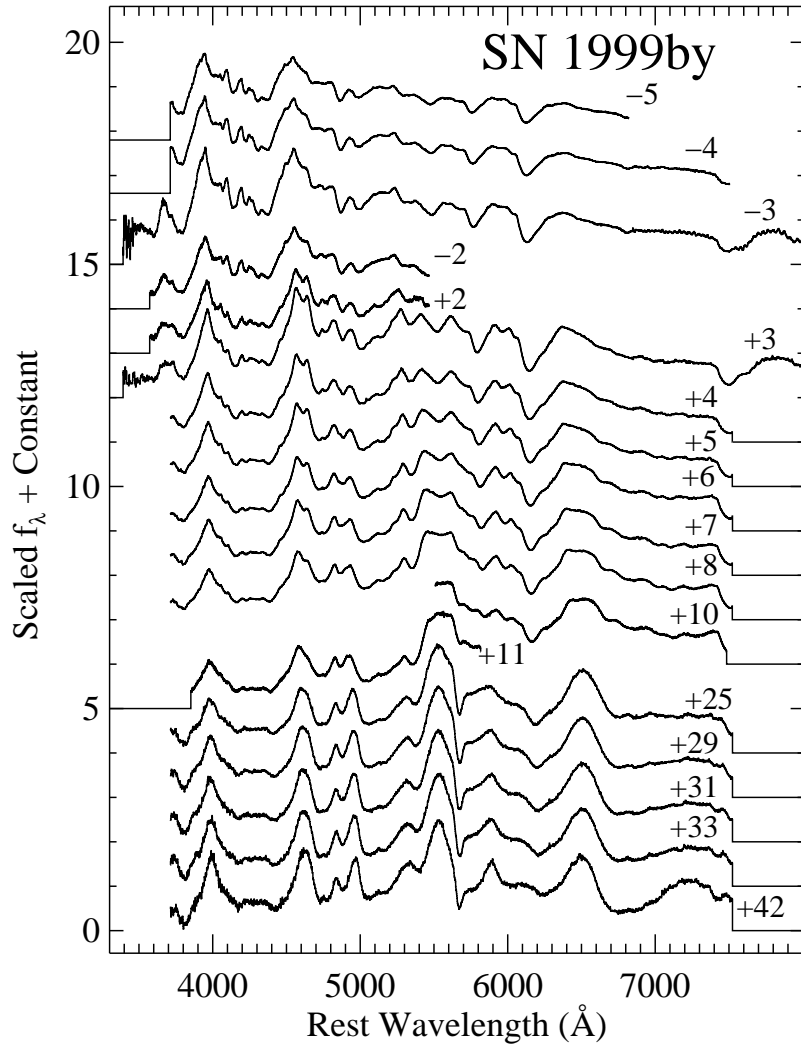


Fig. 28.— Spectra of SN 1999by. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7.

SN 1999cc—Schwartz (1999) discovered SN 1999cc on 1999 May 8. Our first CfA spectrum (Figure 29), obtained three days before maximum showed that it was an SN Ia (Garnavich et al. 1999c). Our set of spectra includes a few near maximum and a few three weeks after maximum.

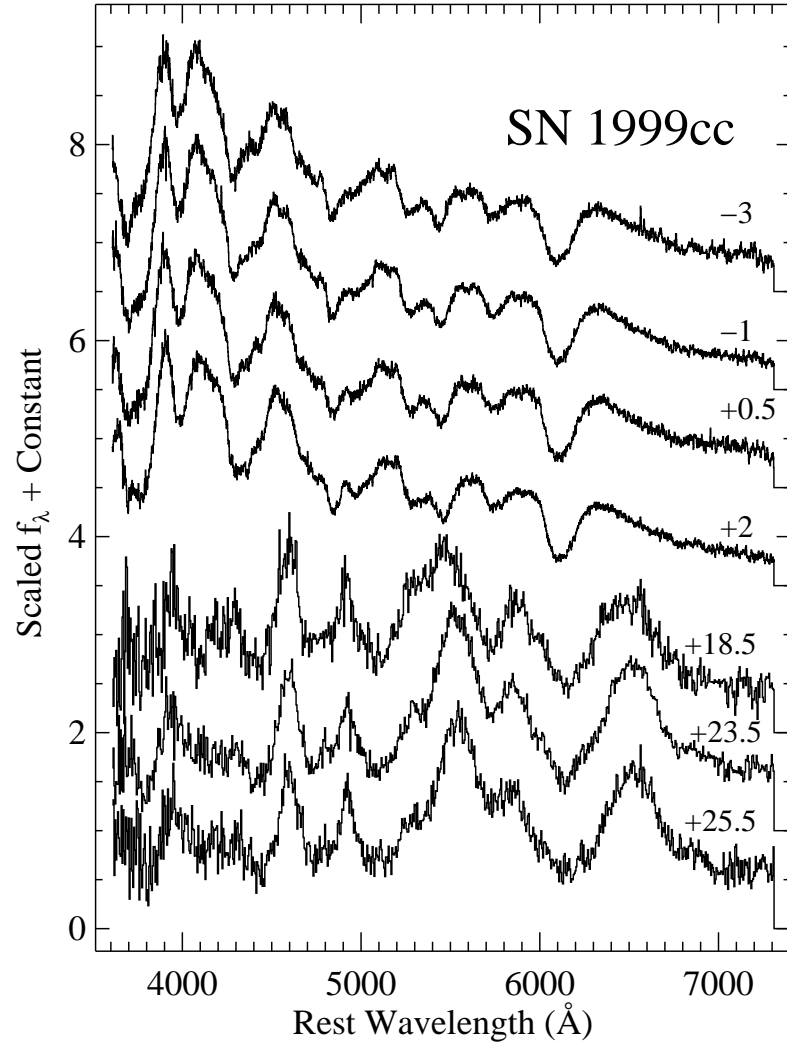


Fig. 29.— Spectra of SN 1999cc. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7.

SN 1999cl—This SN was found by the LOSS on 1999 May 29 (Papenkova et al. 1999). Our first CfA spectrum (Figure 30) indicated that it was of Type Ia, but there was some evidence of peculiarity (Garnavich et al. 1999d). The spectrum declined to the blue, there was a strong Na I D absorption at the host galaxy’s velocity (equivalent width [EW] of 3.3 Å), and there was a relatively strong Galactic Na I D absorption (EW of 0.7 Å). These facts suggest that the SN was heavily extinguished by dust. In addition, the absorption features of the SN itself were broad, with the two components of the S II ‘W’ feature blended together. Our spectra cover from eight days before to nine days after maximum, as well as one spectrum about five weeks past maximum. The $\Delta m_{15}(B)$ value of 1.19 (Jha et al. 2006) shows that the faint, reddened nature of this SN is mainly caused by the intervening extinction.

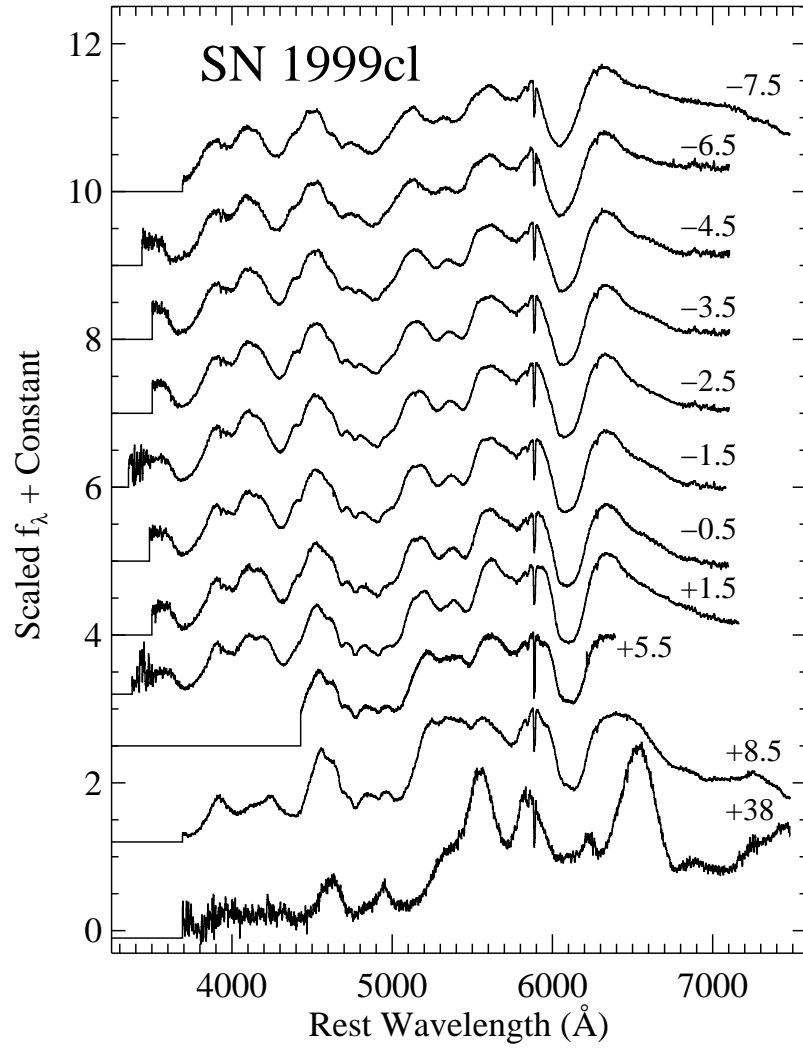


Fig. 30.— Spectra of SN 1999cl. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7.

SN 1999dq—Another LOSS discovery, SN 1999dq was found on 1999 Sep 5 (Li 1999a). The spectrum was classified as an SN Ia, but with some peculiarities (Jha et al. 1999c). The Si II $\lambda 6355$ line was shallow and absorptions due to Fe III were present. Overall, there was strong similarity to SN 1991T (Filippenko et al. 1992a; Phillips et al. 1992). The spectrum also showed Na I D absorption at the host galaxy’s velocity (EW of 1.5 Å) as well as an Na I D absorption of Galactic origin (EW of 0.8 Å), suggesting that the SN suffered from reddening. The CfA spectra (Figures 31 and 32) start at ten days before maximum and continue almost daily until a week past maximum. There are also many spectra one to three months past maximum.

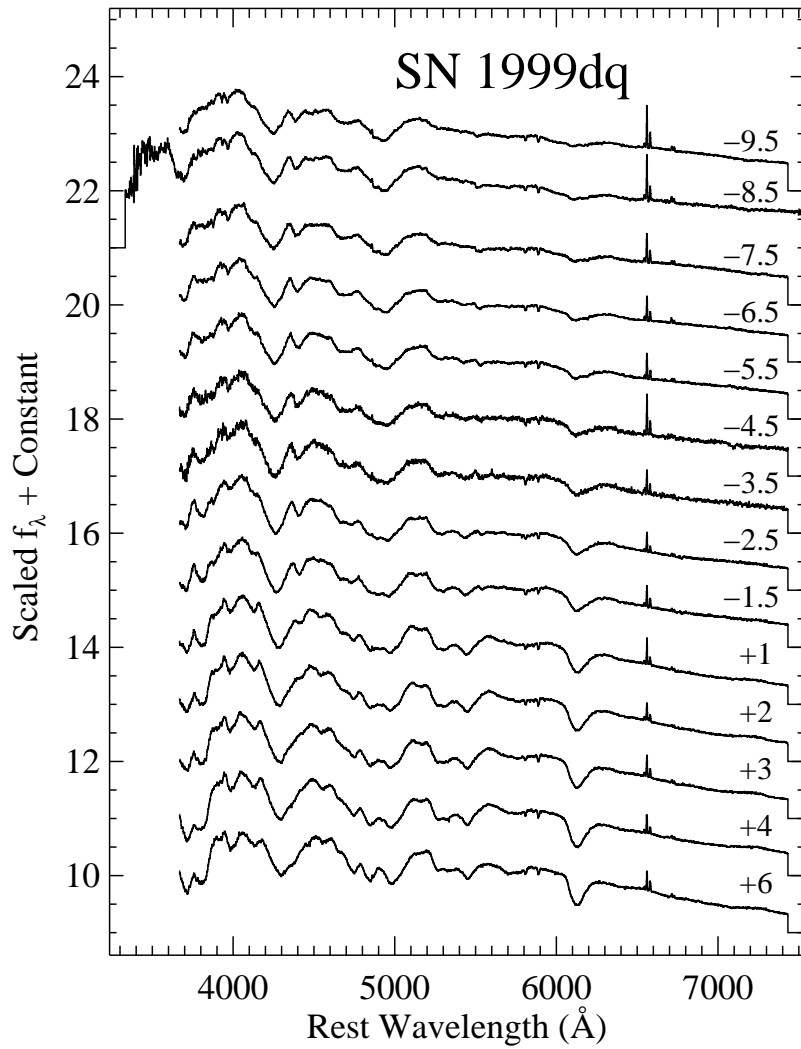


Fig. 31.— Early spectra of SN 1999dq. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7.

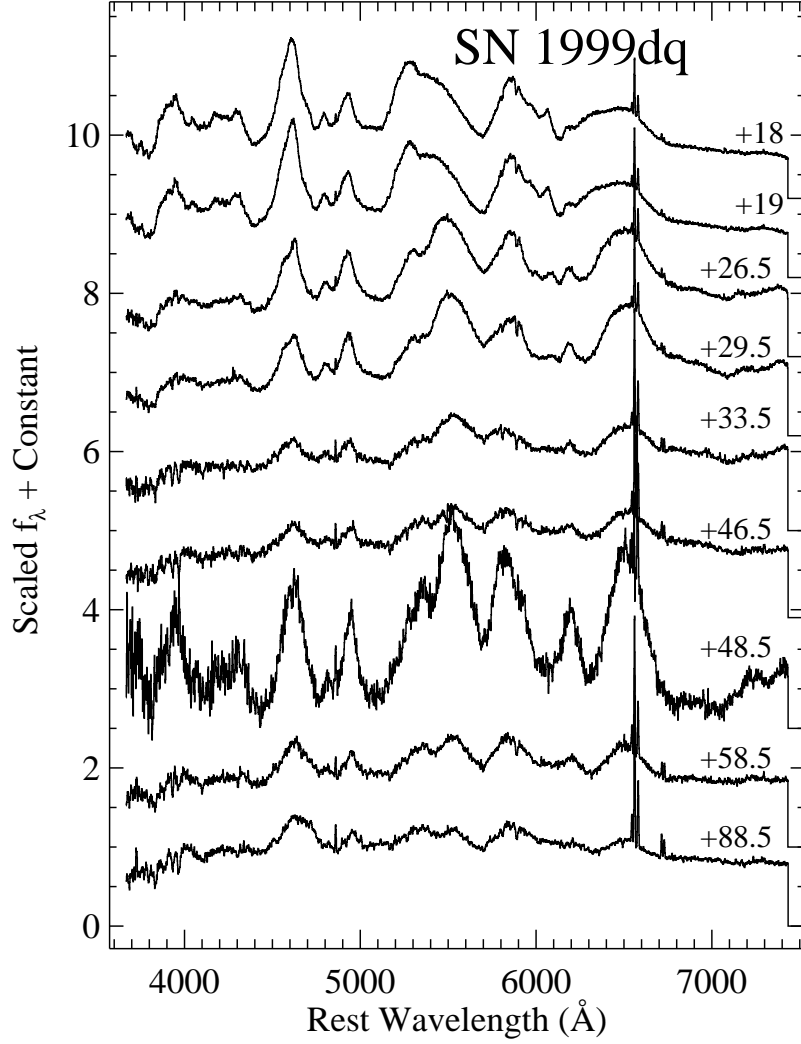


Fig. 32.— Late spectra of SN 1999dq. The flux units and wavelength scale are as described in Figure 7. Note that for the days +33.5, +46.5, +48.5, +58.5, and +88.5 spectra, the relative strengths of the lines are dependent on galaxy contamination of the spectra. This can be affected by variable seeing and different observed position angles.

SN 1999ej—The LOSS also found SN 1999ej on 1999 Oct 18 (Friedman et al. 1999). Based upon our first CfA spectrum (Figure 33), obtained one day before maximum, it was classified as an SN Ia (Jha et al. 1999a). We have a few spectra, from near maximum to two weeks after maximum.

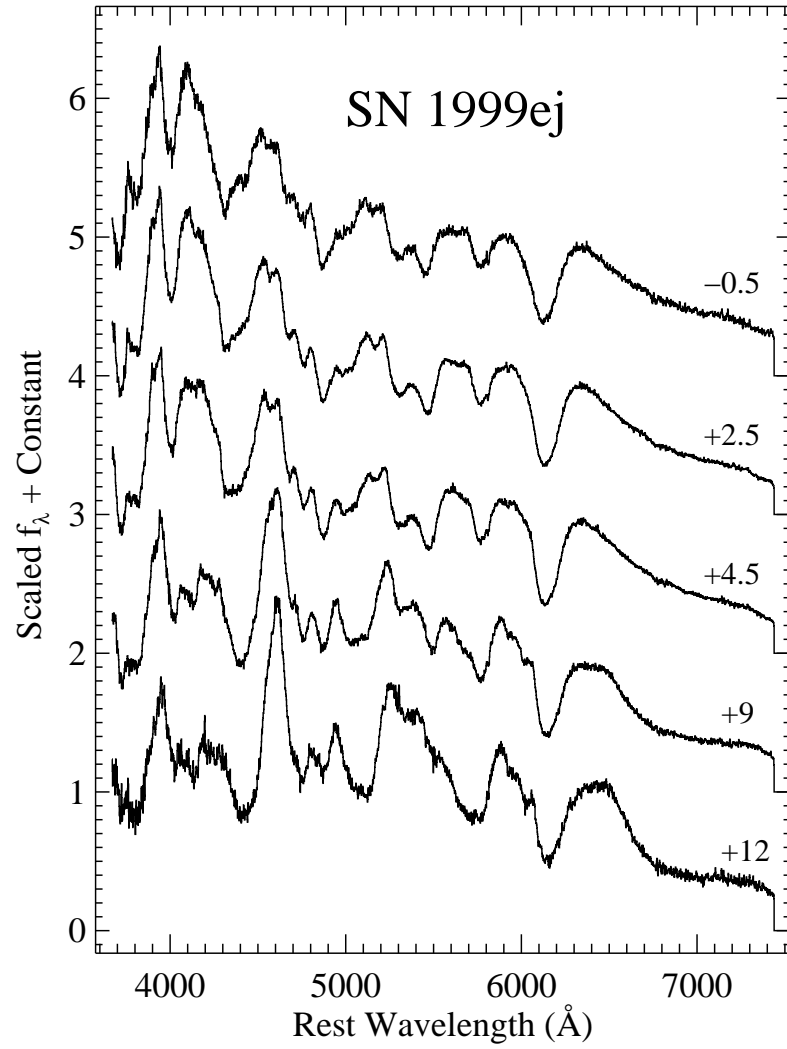


Fig. 33.— Spectra of SN 1999ej. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7.

SN 1999gd—The LOSS discovered SN 1999gd on 1999 Nov 24 (Li 1999b). A spectrum revealed that it was of Type Ia and that a strong narrow Na I D absorption was present, implying that the SN was extinguished by dust (Filippenko & Garnavich 1999). The Na I D line can be seen in the CfA spectra (Figure 34) and is at the host velocity. It has an EW of 4.7Å. There are a limited number of spectra, the first at three days after maximum, with the rest mainly from a few weeks past maximum.

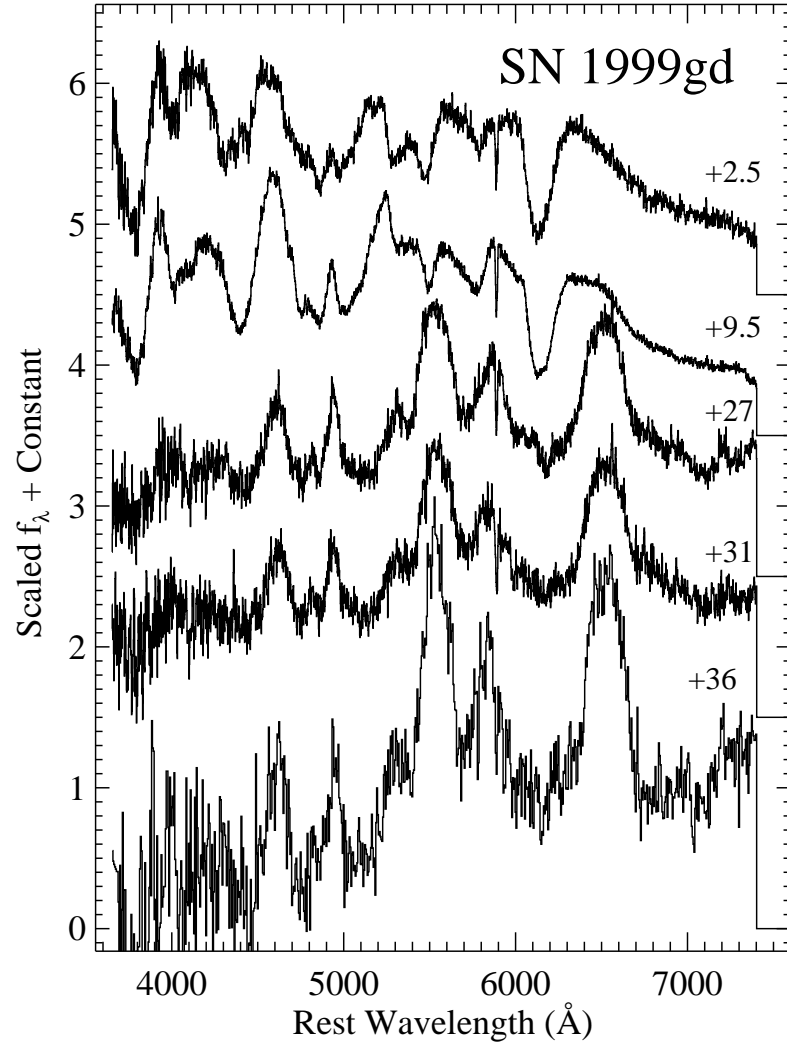


Fig. 34.— Spectra of SN 1999gd. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7. The day +36 spectrum has been rebinned for clarity.

SN 1999gh—Nakano et al. (1999) reported the discovery of SN 1999gh on 1999 Dec 3. Subsequent spectroscopy showed that it was an SN Ia, and that the Si II $\lambda 5800$ line was stronger than usual, implying that this might be a subluminous SN Ia (Filippenko & Garnavich 1999). We have an extensive set of spectra (Figure 35), but all from well past maximum (starting at six days after maximum). The $\Delta m_{15}(B)$ value of 1.69 (Jha et al. 2006) confirms that this was a peculiar SN Ia.

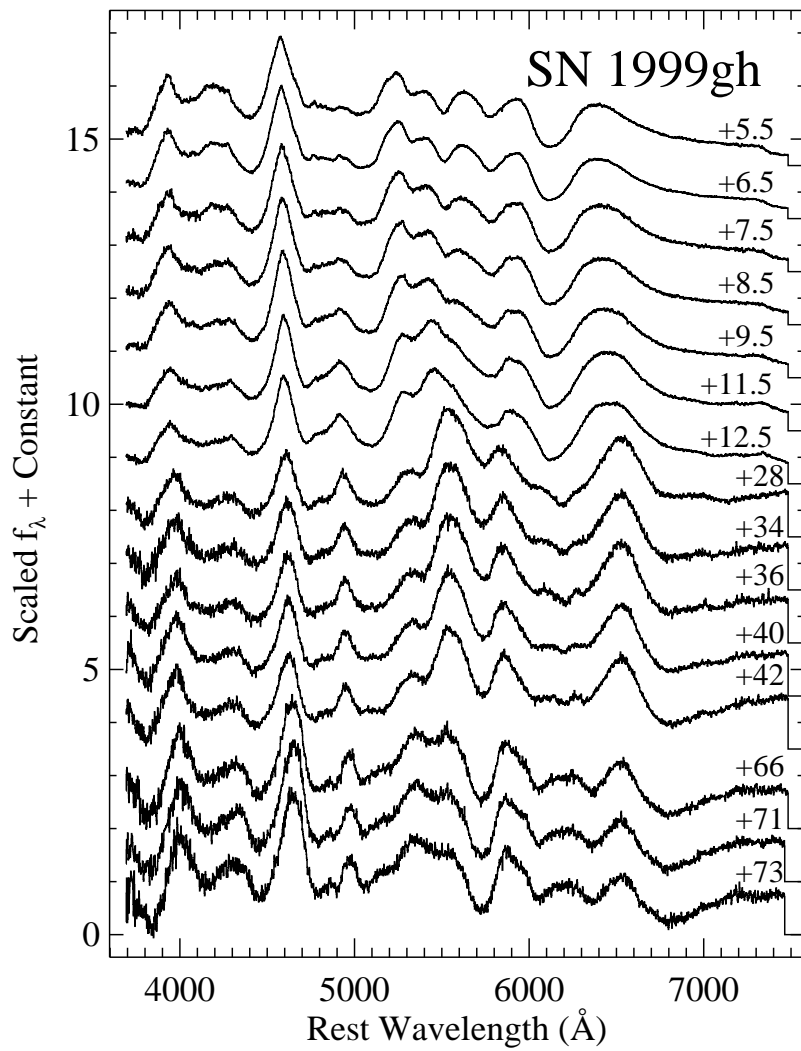


Fig. 35.— Spectra of SN 1999gh. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7.

SN 1999gp—This SN was discovered by the LOSS on 1999 Dec 23 (Papenkova & Li 1999). Our first CfA spectrum (Figure 36), obtained five days before maximum, was used to classify SN 1999gp as an SN Ia (Jha et al. 2000a). There is good coverage of the post-maximum decline as well as some spectra several weeks past maximum. Krisciunas et al. (2001) present optical and infra-red photometry of this SN.

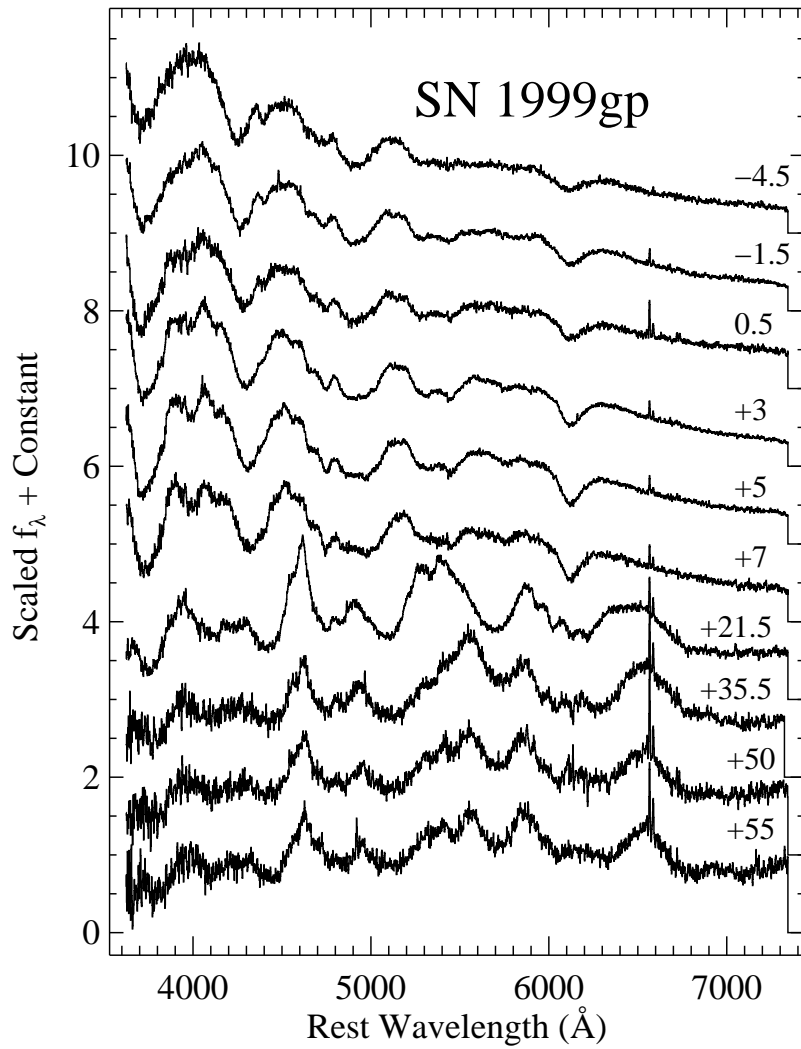


Fig. 36.— Spectra of SN 1999gp. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7.

SN 2000B—Antonini et al. (2000) found SN 2000B on 2000 Jan 13. Spectroscopy revealed that it was of Type Ia (Colas et al. 2000). The CfA spectra (Figure 37) are all from past maximum, starting at nine days after maximum, with most several weeks past maximum.

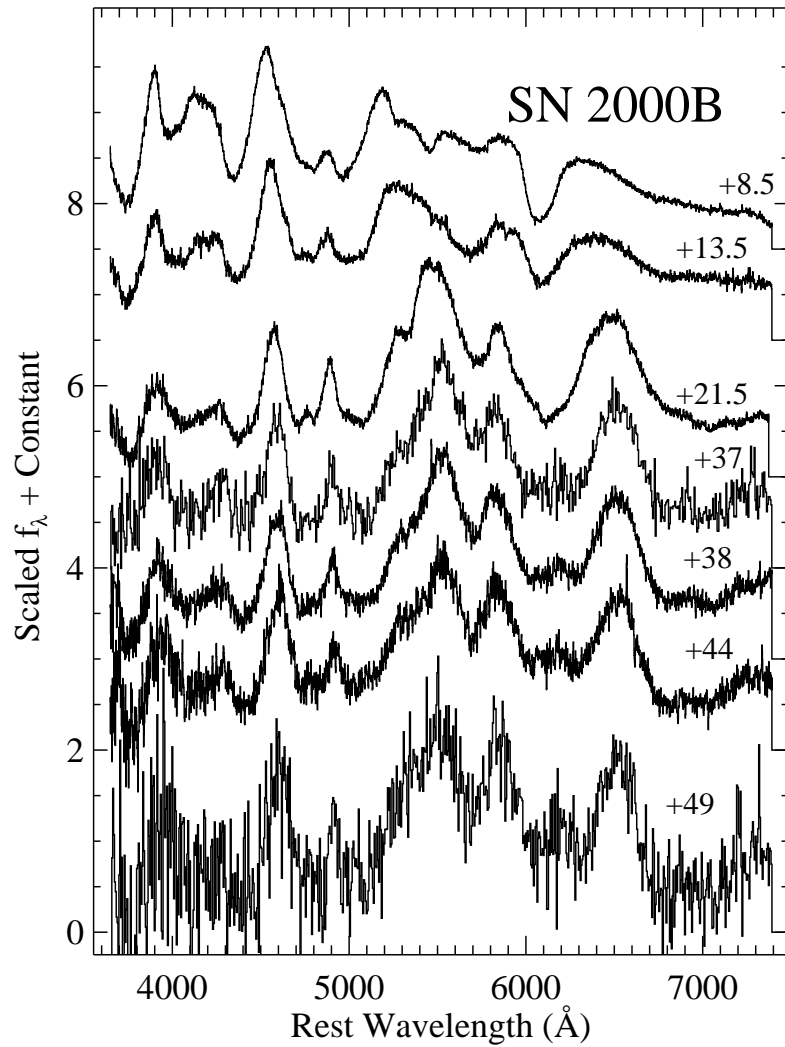


Fig. 37.— Spectra of SN 2000B. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7. The days +37 and +49 spectra have been rebinned for clarity.

SN 2000cf—Puckett & Sehgal (2000) discovered SN2000cf on 2000 May 9. Our first CfA spectrum (Figure 38), obtained four days after maximum, was used to classify SN 2000cf as an SN Ia (Jha et al. 2000c). There is limited spectroscopic coverage, all past maximum.

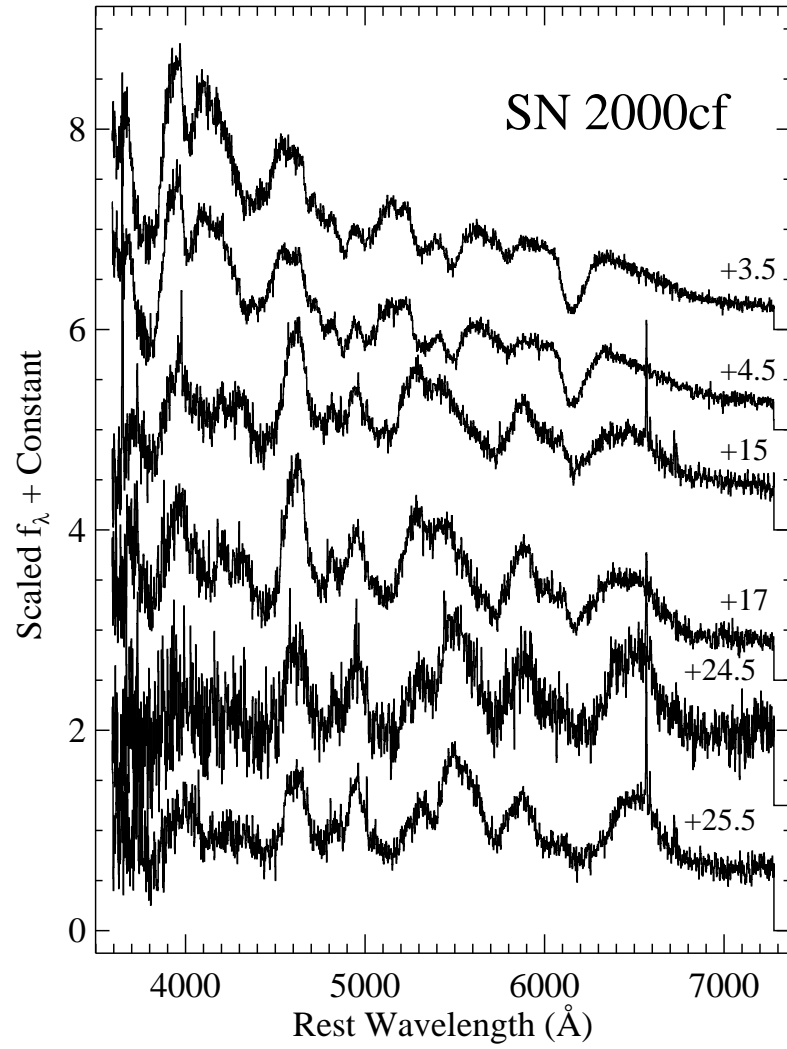


Fig. 38.— Spectra of SN 2000cf. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7.

SN 2000cn—The LOSS found SN 2000cn on 2000 Jun 2 (Papenkova & Li 2000). Two groups (including the CfA, using our first spectrum obtained nine days before maximum) reported that spectroscopy showed that this was an SN Ia (Jha et al. 2000b). Not noted in those initial reports, but apparent in our spectra (Figure 39), is the relative strength of Si II $\lambda 5800$ line. Photometry indicated $\Delta m_{15}(B)$ was 1.58 (Jha et al. 2006), confirming that this was a subluminal event. Many of the spectra are from several weeks past maximum, but there are a few at early epochs.

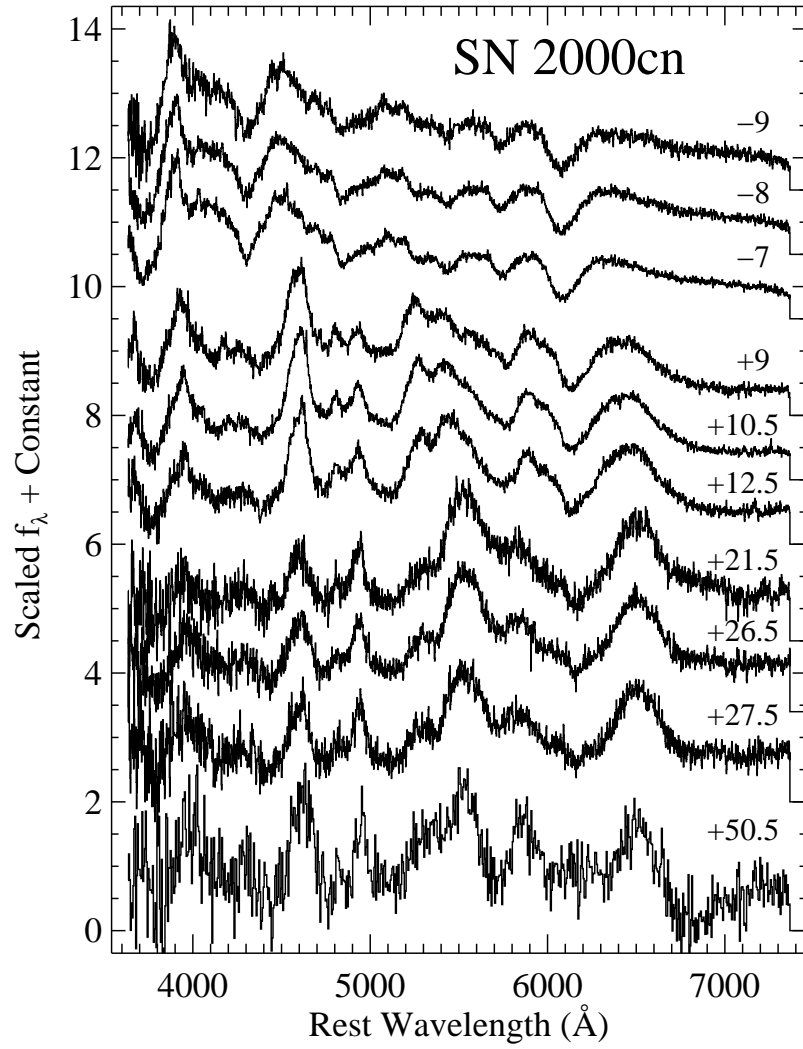


Fig. 39.— Spectra of SN 2000cn. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7.

SN 2000cx—Another LOSS discovery, SN 2000cx was found on 2000 Jul 17 (Yu et al. 2000). Spectroscopy showed that it was an SN Ia, but with some peculiarities (Chornock et al. 2000). It resembled SN 1991T (Filippenko et al. 1992a; Phillips et al. 1992), with weak Si II $\lambda 6355$ and absorptions due to Fe III. This can be seen in the CfA spectra (Figure 40); there are a few near maximum, starting at maximum, but most are from several weeks to months past maximum, almost to the onset of the truly nebular phase (again as a result of the August shutdown at Mt. Hopkins). As discussed by Li et al. (2001a), SN 2000cx turned out to be so peculiar as to be unique. The light-curve shape did not match templates, and the spectroscopic evolution, while similar to SN 1991T, was also distinctive. This unusual SN elicited many further analyses (Cuadra et al. 2002; Rudy et al. 2002; Candia et al. 2003; Branch et al. 2004; Thomas et al. 2004; Sollerman et al. 2004).

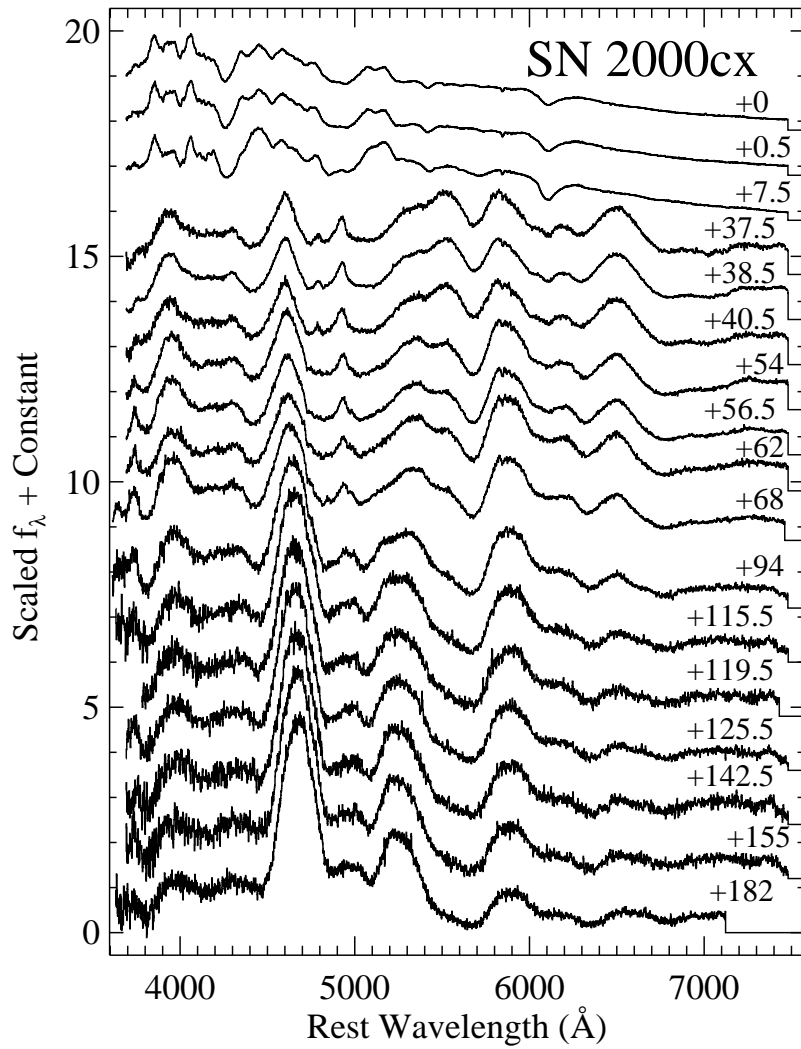


Fig. 40.— Spectra of SN 2000cx. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7.

SN 2000dk—The LOSS discovered SN 2000dk on 2000 Sep 18 (Beckmann & Li 2000). Our first CfA spectrum (Figure 41), obtained five days before maximum, was used to classify SN 2000dk as an SN Ia (Jha et al. 2000d). In that report, it was not noted that the Si II $\lambda 5800$ line was relatively strong and that Ti II features were apparent, as can be seen in Figure 36. The $\Delta m_{15}(B)$ value of 1.57 (Jha et al. 2006), showed that this was a subluminous event. We have a few spectra around maximum, and a few at late times. Marion et al. (2003) show an infra-red spectrum of SN 2000dk.

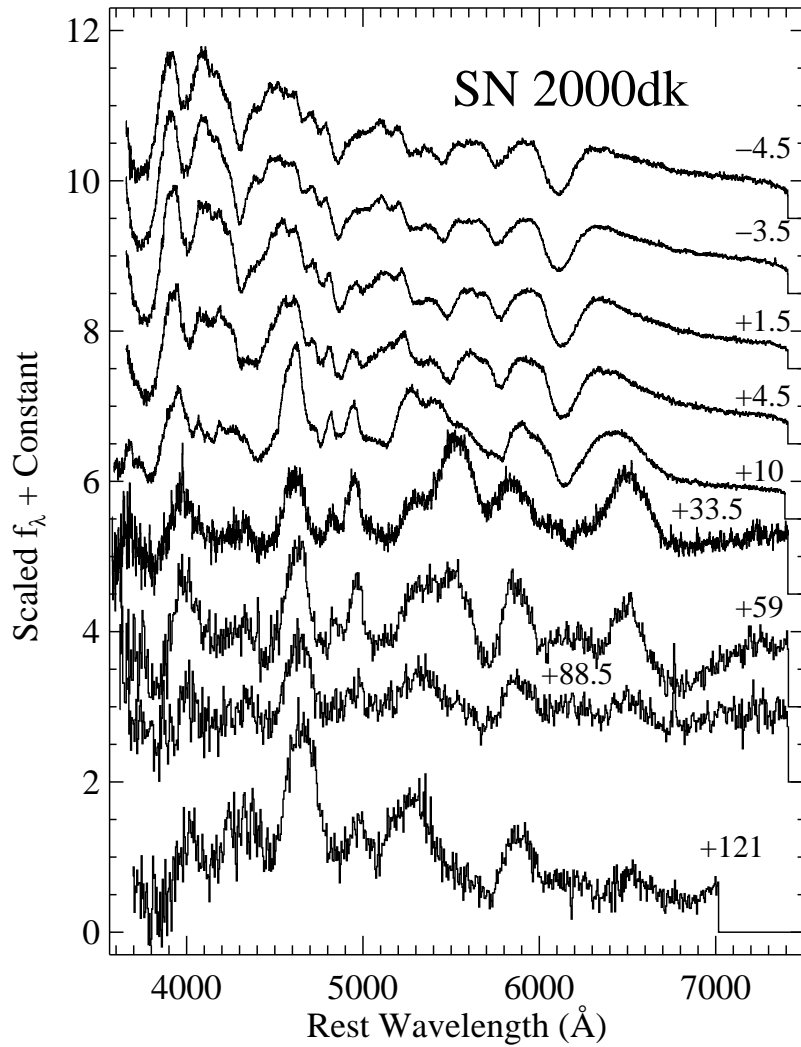


Fig. 41.— Spectra of SN 2000dk. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7. The days +59, +88.5, and +121 spectra have been rebinned for clarity.

SN 2000fa—Another LOSS discovery, SN 2000fa was found on 2000 Nov 30 (Friedman et al. 2000). Using our first CfA spectrum (Figure 42), this SN was classified as an SN Ia (Matheson et al. 2000b). We have many spectra from maximum through several weeks past maximum, as well as the first two, both obtained ten days before maximum.

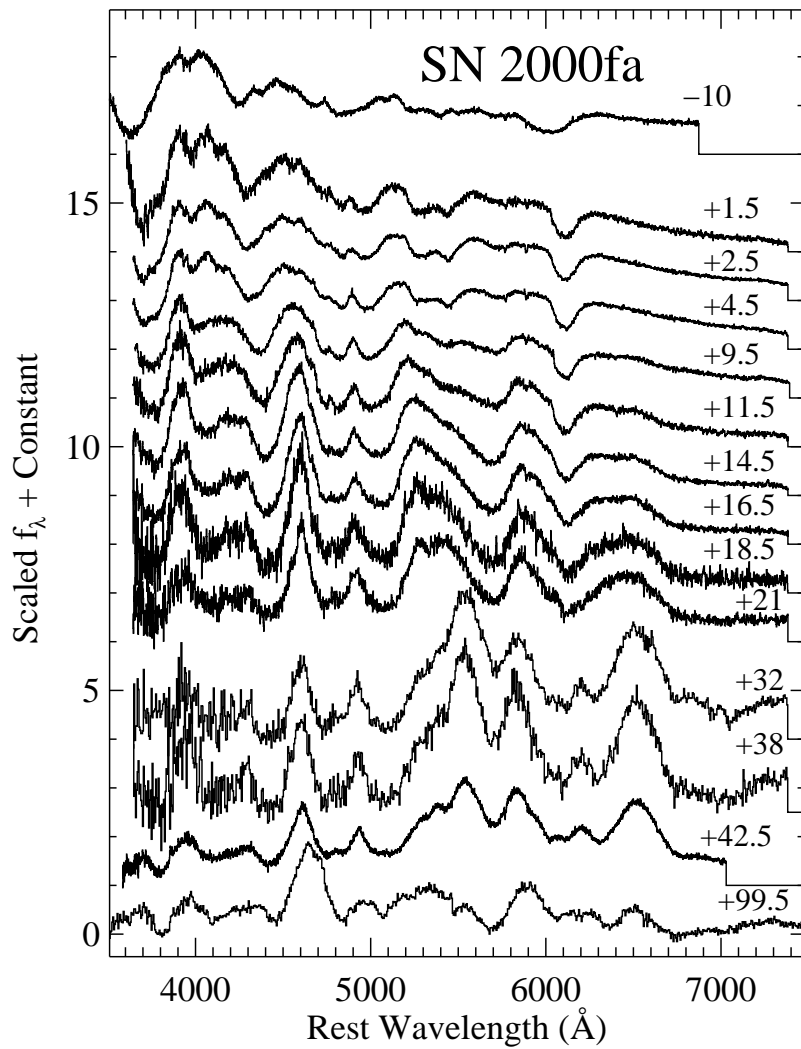


Fig. 42.— Spectra of SN 2000fa. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7. The days +32, +38, and +99.5 spectra have been rebinned for clarity. In addition, the day +99.5 spectrum has been rescaled (so the zero point is not indicated).

SN 2001V—During the course of a redshift survey program at Mt. Hopkins, Jha et al. (2001) discovered SN 2001V spectroscopically on 2001 Feb 19. This spectrum revealed it to be an SN Ia, at a very early epoch, thirteen days before maximum. We were able to get extensive spectroscopic coverage of this SN (Figures 43 and 44) from 13 days before maximum to more than three months past maximum. Vinkó et al. (2003) also present photometry of SN 2001V.

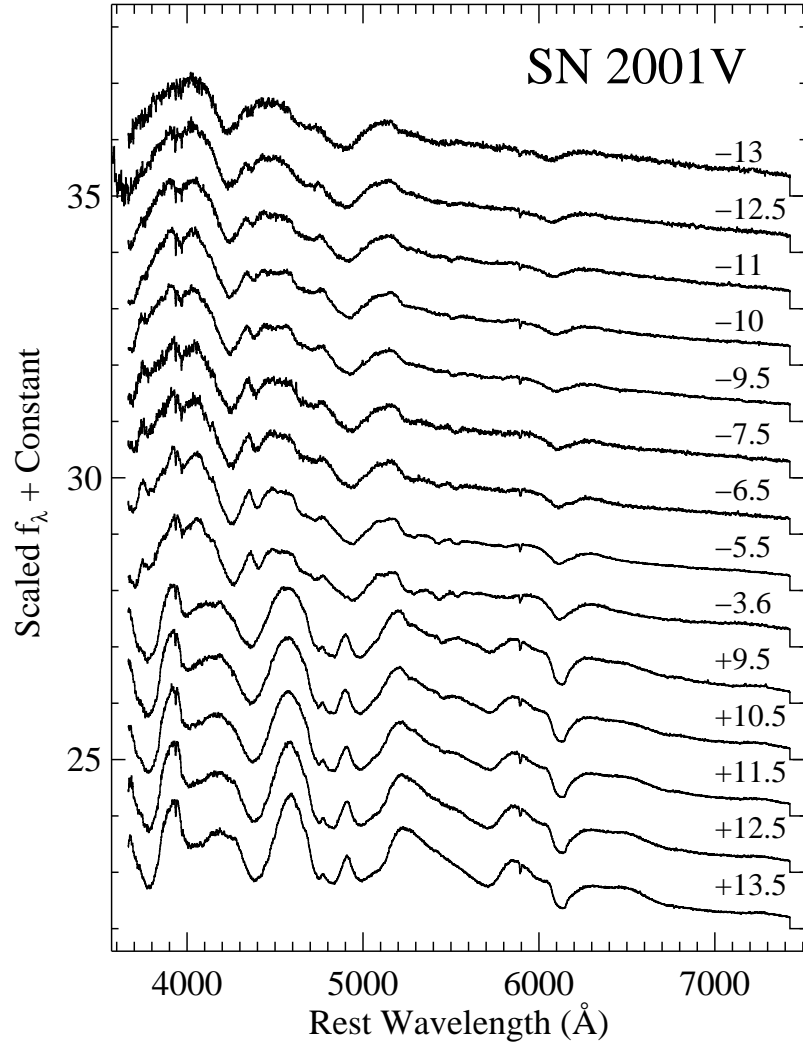


Fig. 43.— Early spectra of SN 2001V. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7.

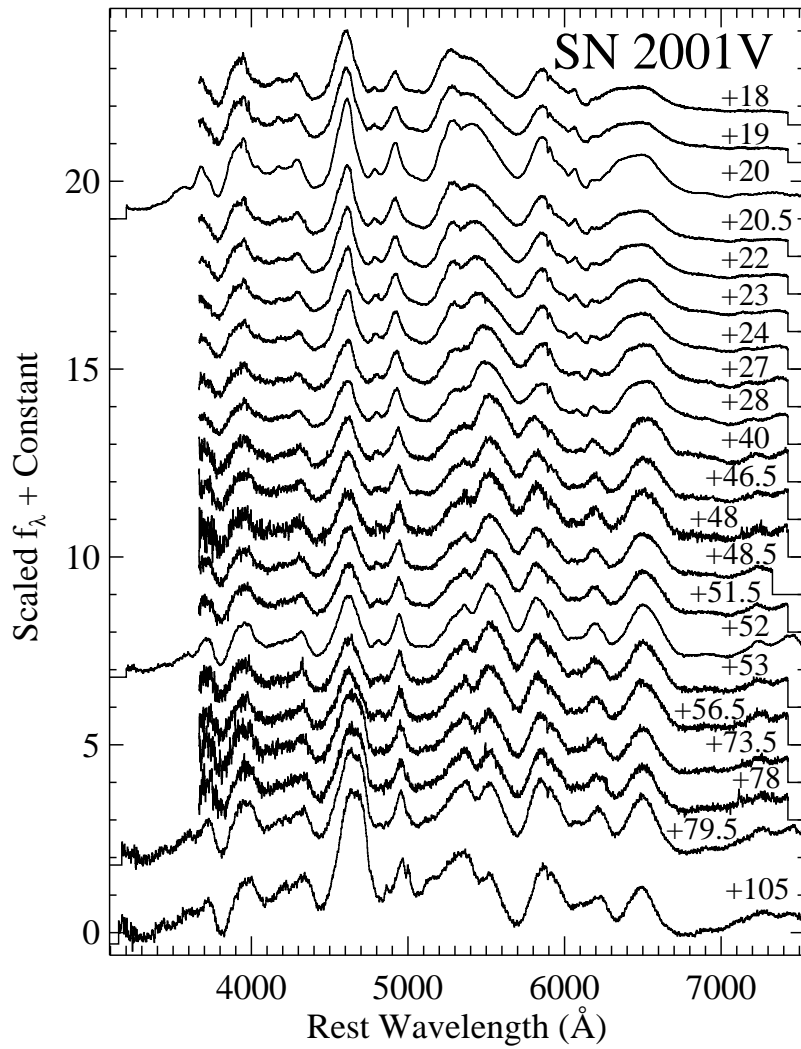


Fig. 44.— Late spectra of SN 2001V. The flux units, wavelength scale, and epoch for each spectrum are as described in Figure 7.

5. Conclusions

We have presented a large, homogeneous set of low-dispersion optical spectra of SNe Ia. All the SNe have well-calibrated light curves with known properties such as the decline rate. The consistency of observation and reduction makes this an ideal sample for studying spectroscopic characteristics of SNe Ia in relation to the nature of their light curves (e.g., Matheson et al. 2008, in preparation).

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Table 1. SN Ia and Host Basic Data

SN	Host galaxy	$cz_{\text{helio}}^{\text{a}}$ km s^{-1}	Host morph. ^b	$E(B - V)_{\text{Galactic}}^{\text{c}}$ mag
SN 1997do	UGC 3845	3034	Sbc	0.063
SN 1997dt	NGC 7448	2194	Sbc	0.057
SN 1998V	NGC 6627	5268	Sb	0.196
SN 1998ab	NGC 4704	8134	Sc	0.017
SN 1998aq	NGC 3982	1184	Sb	0.014
SN 1998bp	NGC 6495	3127	E	0.076
SN 1998bu	NGC 3368	897	Sab	0.025
SN 1998de	NGC 252	4990	S0	0.057
SN 1998dh	NGC 7541	2678	Sbc	0.068
SN 1998dk	UGC 139	3963	Sc	0.044
SN 1998dm	MCG-01-4-44	1968	Sc	0.044
SN 1998ec	UGC 3576	5966	Sb	0.085
SN 1998eg	UGC 12133	7423	Sc	0.123
SN 1998es	NGC 632	3168	S0	0.032
SN 1999X	CGCG 180-22	7503	...	0.032
SN 1999aa	NGC 2595	4330	Sc	0.040
SN 1999ac	NGC 6063	2848	Scd	0.046
SN 1999by	NGC 2841	638	Sb	0.016
SN 1999cc	NGC 6038	9392	Sc	0.023
SN 1999cl	NGC 4501 (M88)	2281	Sb	0.038
SN 1999dq	NGC 976	4295	Sc	0.110
SN 1999ej	NGC 495	4114	S0/Sa	0.071
SN 1999gd	NGC 2623	5535	Sa	0.041
SN 1999gh	NGC 2986	2302	E	0.058
SN 1999gp	UGC 1993	8018	Sb	0.056
SN 2000B	NGC 2320	5901	E	0.068
SN 2000cf	MCG+11-19-25	10920	Sbc	0.032
SN 2000cn	UGC 11064	7043	Scd	0.057
SN 2000cx	NGC 524	2379	S0	0.082
SN 2000dk	NGC 382	5228	E	0.070

Table 1—Continued

SN	Host galaxy	$cz_{\text{helio}}^{\text{a}}$ km s ^{−1}	Host morph. ^b	$E(B - V)_{\text{Galactic}}^{\text{c}}$ mag
SN 2000fa	UGC 3770	6378	Sd/Irr	0.069
SN 2001V	NGC 3987	4502	Sb	0.020

^aHeliocentric redshifts listed are from the Updated Zwicky Catalog (Falco et al. 1999) if possible, and from the NASA/IPAC Extragalactic Database (NED) if not. For the host of SN 2000cf (MCG+11-19-25), we derived the velocity of 10920 km s^{−1} from our own spectra of the host galaxy.

^bHost galaxy morphology is taken from NED, if possible, and from the LEDA database if not.

^cThe Galactic reddening toward each SN is derived from the dust maps of Schlegel, Finkbeiner, & Davis (1998).

Table 2. JOURNAL OF OBSERVATIONS

	UT Date ^a	HJD ^b	Phase ^c	Tel. ^d	Range (Å)	Res. ^e (Å)	P.A. ^f (°)	Par. ^g (°)	Air.	Flux Std. ^h	See. ⁱ (")	Slit (")	Exp. (s)	Observer(s) ^j
SN 1997do	1997-11-02.45	2450754.95	-11	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-128.7	1.07	F34	1-2	3	600	DK
	1997-11-03.42	2450755.92	-10	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-114.7	1.11	F34	1	3	600	DK
	1997-11-06.49	2450758.99	-7	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-177.4	1.04	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
	1997-11-07.49	2450760.00	-6	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	172.3	1.04	F34	1-2	3	900	PB
	1997-11-22.44	2450774.95	8.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-172.3	1.04	F34	1-2	2	1200+900	PB, JK, BW
	1997-11-24.44	2450776.94	10.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-173.3	1.04	F34	1-2	3	900	PB
	1997-11-25.36	2450777.87	11.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-116.2	1.09	F34	2	3	1020	PB
	1997-11-26.36	2450778.86	12.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-114.9	1.09	F34	2-3	3	1200	PB
	1997-11-28.48	2450780.98	14.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	134.2	1.08	F34	2-3	3	1200	PB
	1997-11-29.53	2450782.04	15.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	104.7	1.21	F34	1.5	3	720	PB
	1997-12-04.31	2450786.82	20.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-105.6	1.15	F34	2	3	900	JM
	1997-12-05.28	2450787.79	21.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-96.0	1.24	F34	2	3	900	JM
SN 1997dt	1997-11-23.17	2450775.68	-10	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	53.7	1.20	F34	1-2	3	900	PB, JK
	1997-11-24.70	2450776.57	-9	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-21.5	1.04	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB, JK
	1997-11-25.10	2450777.60	-8	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	9.2	1.05	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
	1997-11-26.12	2450778.62	-7	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	34.8	1.08	F34	2-3	3	1200	PB
	1997-11-29.90	2450781.59	-4	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	13.6	1.05	F34	2	3	1200	PB
	1997-12-04.90	2450786.59	1	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	29.7	1.07	F34	2	3	1200	JM
	1997-12-06.99	2450788.59	3	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	32.6	1.08	F34	2	3	1200	JM
SN 1998V	1998-03-19.50	2450892.00	0.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-53.4	1.13	F34	3	3	900	DK, MC
	1998-03-20.49	2450892.99	1.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-55.6	1.16	F34	2	3	900	DK
	1998-03-21.50	2450894.00	2.5	FLWO	3720-7510.5	7.0	90.0	-53.6	1.13	F34	2	3	900	DK
	1998-03-31.47	2450903.97	12.5	FLWO	3720-7521	7.0	90.0	-52.3	1.12	F34	2-3	3	900	JM
	1998-04-01.49	2450904.99	13.5	FLWO	3720-7521	7.0	90.0	-46.4	1.08	F34	1-2	3	900	PB, MC
	1998-04-03.48	2450906.98	15.5	FLWO	3720-7500	7.0	90.0	-46.8	1.08	F34	1-2	3	900	PB, MC
	1998-04-29.49	2450932.99	41	FLWO	3720-7521	7.0	90.0	18.0	1.06	F34	2-3	3	1200	PB
	1998-05-02.47	2450935.98	44	FLWO	3720-7521	7.0	90.0	12.1	1.05	F34	3	3	1200	MC
SN 1998ab	1998-04-03.36	2450906.87	-7.5	FLWO	3720-7500	7.0	90.0	117.6	1.07	F34	1-2	3	900	PB, MC
	1998-04-29.26	2450932.77	18	FLWO	3720-7521	7.0	90.0	142.3	1.03	F34	2-3	3	900	PB
	1998-04-30.25	2450933.75	19	FLWO	3720-7521	7.0	90.0	162.0	1.02	F34	2-3	3	900	MC

Table 2—Continued

	UT Date ^a	HJD ^b	Phase ^c	Tel. ^d	Range (Å)	Res. ^e (Å)	P.A. ^f (°)	Par. ^g (°)	Air.	Flux Std. ^h	See. ⁱ (″)	Slit (″)	Exp. (s)	Observer(s) ^j
SN 1998aq	1998-05-01.26	2450934.76	20	FLWO	3720-7521	7.0	90.0	141.2	1.03	F34	3	3	900	MC
	1998-05-02.24	2450935.75	21	FLWO	3720-7521	7.0	90.0	158.9	1.02	F34	3	3	900	MC
	1998-05-03.25	2450936.75	21.5	FLWO	3720-7515	7.0	90.0	149.6	1.03	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
	1998-05-04.26	2450937.77	22.5	FLWO	3720-7512	7.0	90.0	128.6	1.05	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
	1998-05-16.22	2450949.72	34.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	139.2	1.04	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
	1998-05-18.20	2450951.70	36.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	157.4	1.03	F34	1	3	1200	MC
	1998-05-28.23	2450961.73	46	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	91.0	110.9	1.10	F34	2	3	1200	PB
	1998-06-01.20	2450965.71	50	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	91.0	116.0	1.08	F34	2	3	1200	MC
	1998-04-28.25	2450931.75	1	FLWO	3720-7510.5	7.0	90.0	148.6	1.12	F34	2	3	600	PB
	1998-04-29.25	2450932.75	2	FLWO	3720-7521	7.0	90.0	145.0	1.13	F34	2-3	3	600	PB
	1998-04-30.24	2450933.74	3	FLWO	3720-7521	7.0	90.0	152.8	1.11	F34	2-3	3	600	MC
	1998-05-01.25	2450934.75	4	FLWO	3720-7521	7.0	90.0	145.2	1.13	F34	3	3	600	MC
	1998-05-02.22	2450935.72	5	FLWO	3720-7521	7.0	90.0	158.4	1.10	F34	3	3	600	MC
	1998-05-03.24	2450936.74	6	FLWO	3720-7515	7.0	90.0	148.0	1.12	F34	1-2	3	600	PB
	1998-05-04.25	2450937.75	7	FLWO	3720-7512	7.0	90.0	136.3	1.15	F34	1-2	3	600	PB
	1998-05-16.16	2450949.66	19	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	176.9	1.09	F34	1-2	3	600	PB
	1998-05-18.19	2450951.69	21	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	151.8	1.11	F34	1	3	600	MC
	1998-05-28.21	2450961.71	31	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	91.0	122.3	1.21	F34	2	3	660	PB
	1998-05-29.18	2450962.68	32	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	91.0	136.4	1.15	F34	2-3	3	660	PB
	1998-05-31.19	2450964.69	34	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	91.0	131.8	1.17	F34	2	3	900	MC
	1998-06-02.22	2450966.72	36	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	91.0	113.2	1.27	BD28	3	3	600	MC
	1998-06-17.16	2450981.65	50.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	123.9	1.21	BD28	1-2	3	900	BC
	1998-06-21.17	2450985.67	54.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	112.7	1.28	BD28	1-2	3	900	MC
	1998-06-24.18	2450988.68	57.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	106.4	1.35	BD28	1-2	3	900	PB
	1998-06-26.18	2450990.68	59.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	104.7	1.36	BD28	1-2	3	720	PB, KR
	1998-06-29.16	2450993.66	62.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	106.9	1.34	BD28	1-2	3	900	KR
	1998-07-02.16	2450996.66	65.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	103.8	1.37	BD28	2-3	3	660	PB
	1998-07-15.20	2451009.70	78.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	82.1	1.92	BD28	2	3	1200	PB
	1998-07-18.17	2451012.67	81.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	87.6	1.67	BD28	2	3	600	MC
	1998-07-27.16	2451021.66	90.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	82.8	1.86	BD28	2	3	900	PB
	1998-11-24.53	2451142.03	210.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-117.2	1.19	F34	1-2	3	1200+900	KR, JH
	1998-12-14.53	2451162.03	230.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	59.0	-144.2	1.11	F34	1-2	3	2×1200	MC, AM
	1998-12-24.53	2451172.03	240.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-162.5	1.09	F34	2	3	2×1200	MC

Table 2—Continued

	UT Date ^a	HJD ^b	Phase ^c	Tel. ^d	Range (Å)	Res. ^e (Å)	P.A. ^f (°)	Par. ^g (°)	Air.	Flux Std. ^h	See. ⁱ (″)	Slit (″)	Exp. (s)	Observer(s) ^j
SN 1998bp	1998-04-30.45	2450933.96	-2.5	FLWO	3720-7521	7.0	90.0	5.7	1.03	F34	2-3	3	1200	MC
	1998-05-01.46	2450934.96	-1.5	FLWO	3720-7521	7.0	90.0	12.7	1.03	F34	3	3	900	MC
	1998-05-02.46	2450935.96	-0.5	FLWO	3720-7521	7.0	90.0	20.8	1.04	F34	3	3	900	MC
	1998-05-03.44	2450936.94	0.5	FLWO	3720-7515	7.0	90.0	-0.0	1.03	F34	1-2	3	900	PB
	1998-05-04.38	2450937.88	1.5	FLWO	3720-7512	7.0	90.0	-51.9	1.07	F34	1-2	3	900	PB
	1998-05-16.43	2450949.93	13.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	26.4	1.04	F34	1-2	3	840	PB
	1998-05-18.34	2450951.84	15.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-51.0	1.06	F34	1	3	1200	MC
	1998-05-28.45	2450961.96	25.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	91.0	57.5	1.19	F34	2	3	900	PB
	1998-05-29.41	2450962.91	26	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	91.0	41.2	1.07	F34	2-3	3	900	PB
	1998-05-31.39	2450964.89	28	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	91.0	26.1	1.05	F34	2	3	1200	MC
	1998-06-02.34	2450966.84	30	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	91.0	-25.1	1.03	BD28	3	3	900	MC
	1998-07-19.24	2451013.74	76.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	8.5	1.04	BD28	2-3	3	1200	MC
SN 1998bu	1998-05-16.14	2450949.64	-2.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	27.2	1.09	F34	1-2	3	3×300	PB
	1998-05-17.14	2450950.64	-2	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	28.1	1.09	F34	1-2	3	3×300	MC
	1998-05-18.15	2450951.65	-0.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	35.3	1.11	F34	1	3	3×300	MC
	1998-05-20.15	2450953.65	1	FLWO	3620-5520.5	7.0	32.5	36.5	1.12	F34	2	3	300+600	KD, NC
	1998-05-28.18	2450961.68	9	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	91.0	54.8	1.35	F34	2	3	3×300	PB
	1998-05-29.17	2450962.67	10	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	91.0	53.4	1.30	F34	2-3	3	3×300	PB
	1998-05-30.17	2450963.67	11	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	91.0	53.4	1.30	F34	2	3	3×330	PB
	1998-05-31.17	2450964.67	12	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	91.0	54.4	1.33	F34	2	3	3×300	MC
	1998-06-01.18	2450965.68	13	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	91.0	56.0	1.40	F34	2	3	3×300	MC
	1998-06-02.20	2450966.70	14.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	91.0	57.9	1.54	BD28	3	3	3×300	MC
	1998-06-16.17	2450980.67	28	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	59.1	1.70	BD28	2	3	3×300	BC
	1998-06-17.14	2450981.64	29	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	56.7	1.44	BD28	1-2	3	3×300	BC
	1998-06-18.14	2450982.64	30	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	56.8	1.45	BD28	1-2	3	3×300	BC
	1998-06-19.14	2450983.63	31	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	56.4	1.42	BD28	1-2	3	3×300	BC
	1998-06-20.14	2450984.64	32	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	57.4	1.49	BD28	1-2	3	3×300	BC
	1998-06-21.16	2450985.66	33	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	59.0	1.69	BD28	1-2	3	3×300	MC
	1998-06-22.16	2450986.66	34	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	59.2	1.74	BD28	2	3	3×300	MC
	1998-06-23.16	2450987.66	35	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	59.6	1.88	BD28	1-2	3	2×600	MC
	1998-06-24.16	2450988.66	36	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	59.8	1.98	BD28	1-2	3	2×660	PB
	1998-06-25.16	2450989.66	37	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	59.9	2.00	BD28	1-2	3	2×600	PB

Table 2—Continued

	UT Date ^a	HJD ^b	Phase ^c	Tel. ^d	Range (Å)	Res. ^e (Å)	P.A. ^f (°)	Par. ^g (°)	Air.	Flux Std. ^h	See. ⁱ (″)	Slit (″)	Exp. (s)	Observer(s) ^j
SN 1998de	1998-06-26.16	2450990.66	38	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	60.0	2.08	BD28	1-2	3	2×600	PB, KR
	1998-06-27.19	2450991.69	39	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	60.4	2.79	BD28	1-2	3	2×600	KR
	1998-06-28.15	2450992.65	40	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	59.8	2.05	BD28	1-2	3	900	KR
	1998-06-29.15	2450993.65	41	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	59.8	2.04	BD28	1-2	3	900	KR
	1998-06-30.16	2450994.66	42	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	60.2	2.34	BD28	1-2	3	900	KR
	1998-07-01.16	2450995.65	43	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	60.2	2.29	BD28	1-2	3	900	KR
	1998-07-02.16	2450996.65	44	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	60.2	2.22	BD28	1-2	3	600	PB
	1998-07-15.16	2451009.66	57	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	60.1	4.47	BD28	1-2	3	720	PB
	1998-11-14.50	2451131.99	179	FLWO	3720-7521	7.0	90.0	-55.0	1.28	F34	3	3	2×1200	MC
	1998-11-25.52	2451143.02	190	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-38.6	1.10	F34	1-2	3	2×1200	KR, JH
	1998-12-13.52	2451161.02	208	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	39.0	-3.9	1.06	F34	2-3	3	2×1200	MC
	1998-12-22.46	2451169.96	217	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-34.0	1.08	F34	2	3	2×1200	SJ
	1999-01-17.44	2451195.94	243	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	5.6	1.07	F34	1-2	3	2×1200	MC
	1998-07-25.44	2451019.94	-6.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-72.5	1.03	BD28	2	3	1200	MC
	1998-07-26.45	2451020.96	-5.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-69.6	1.02	BD28	2	3	2×1200	PB
SN 1998dh	1998-07-27.43	2451021.93	-4.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-73.0	1.04	BD28	1-2	3	1200	PB
	1998-07-29.49	2451023.99	-2.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-13.4	1.00	BD28	2	3	1200	MC
	1998-07-30.45	2451024.95	-1.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-66.9	1.01	BD28	2	3	900	MC
	1998-08-01.40	2451026.90	0	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-73.8	1.09	BD28	2-3	3	900	PB
	1998-08-04.45	2451029.95	3	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-61.0	1.00	BD28	2	3	1200	PB
	1998-07-26.43	2451020.93	-9	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-3.0	1.12	BD28	2	3	600	PB
	1998-07-27.39	2451021.89	-8	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-25.9	1.15	BD28	1-2	3	600	PB
	1998-07-28.38	2451022.88	-7	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-28.5	1.15	BD28	2-3	3	1200	PB
	1998-07-30.43	2451024.93	-5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	2.9	1.13	BD28	2	3	900	MC
	1998-08-01.39	2451026.89	-3	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-18.0	1.13	BD28	2-3	3	600	PB
SN 1998dk	1998-08-04.34	2451029.85	0	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-35.9	1.20	BD28	2	3	600	PB
	1998-09-10.35	2451066.86	36.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	26.9	1.19	BD28	2	2	900	MC
	1998-09-14.34	2451070.85	40.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	27.9	1.20	BD28	2-3	3	1200	PB
	1998-09-17.39	2451073.89	43.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	46.4	1.45	BD28	2-3	3	1200	MC
	1998-09-19.30	2451075.81	45.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	13.7	1.15	BD28	1-2	3	1200	PB
	1998-09-10.38	2451066.89	10	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	19.7	1.25	BD28	2	2	1200	MC

Table 2—Continued

	UT Date ^a	HJD ^b	Phase ^c	Tel. ^d	Range (Å)	Res. ^e (Å)	P.A. ^f (°)	Par. ^g (°)	Air.	Flux Std. ^h	See. ⁱ ($''$)	Slit ($''$)	Exp. (s)	Observer(s) ^j
SN 1998dm	1998-09-11.32	2451067.83	11	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-11.7	1.19	BD28	2	2	600	MC
	1998-09-13.37	2451069.88	13	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	17.0	1.23	BD28	2	3	900	PB
	1998-09-16.38	2451072.89	16	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	25.3	1.28	BD28	2-3	3	1200	MC
	1998-09-18.37	2451074.87	18	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	21.5	1.26	BD28	2-3	3	1200	MC
	1998-09-21.35	2451077.86	21	FLWO	3720-7561.5	7.0	90.0	17.6	1.23	BD28	1-2	3	1042	PB
	1998-09-23.36	2451079.87	23	FLWO	3720-7561.5	7.0	90.0	25.8	1.29	BD28	2	3	1200	MC
	1998-09-30.33	2451086.83	30	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	18.3	1.24	BD28	1-2	3	1200	MC
	1998-10-15.32	2451101.82	44.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	31.4	1.34	H600	2-3	3	1200	MC
	1998-10-24.25	2451110.75	53.5	FLWO	3720-7461	7.0	90.0	12.1	1.20	H600	2	3	258	PB
	1998-09-10.40	2451066.90	5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	0.8	1.27	BD28	2	2	1200	MC
SN 1998ec	1998-09-11.31	2451067.82	5.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-35.2	1.40	BD28	2	2	1200	MC
	1998-09-13.41	2451069.92	8	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	10.8	1.29	BD28	2	3	900	PB
	1998-09-16.39	2451072.90	11	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	5.8	1.28	BD28	2-3	3	900	MC
	1998-09-18.38	2451074.88	13	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	1.8	1.27	BD28	2-3	3	900	MC
	1998-09-21.38	2451077.89	16	FLWO	3720-7561.5	7.0	90.0	9.5	1.29	BD28	1-2	3	900+210	PB
	1998-09-23.38	2451079.88	17.5	FLWO	3720-7561.5	7.0	90.0	6.7	1.28	BD28	2	3	900	MC
	1998-09-30.34	2451086.85	24.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-1.4	1.27	BD28	2	3	900	MC
	1998-10-15.33	2451101.83	39.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	12.9	1.30	H600	2-3	3	900	MC
	1998-10-23.34	2451109.85	47.5	FLWO	3720-7461	7.0	90.0	28.7	1.45	H600	2	3	1200	PB
	1998-09-29.51	2451086.00	-2.5	FLWO	3720-7482	7.0	90.0	-126.5	1.09	BD28	1-2	3	900	PB, IS
SN 1998eg	1998-09-30.49	2451086.99	-1.5	FLWO	3720-7521	7.0	90.0	-121.5	1.11	BD28	2	3	900	PB, IS
	1998-10-15.47	2451101.97	13.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-128.9	1.08	H600	2-3	3	1200	MC
	1998-10-23.46	2451109.96	21	FLWO	3720-7461	7.0	90.0	-139.6	1.07	H600	2	3	1200	PB
	1998-10-29.49	2451115.99	27	FLWO	3720-7422	7.0	90.0	-175.8	1.05	H600	1-2	3	900	MC
	1998-11-11.50	2451129.00	40	FLWO	3720-7521	7.0	90.0	138.9	1.10	F34	3	3	2×1200	PB
	1998-10-24.13	2451110.64	0	FLWO	3720-7461	7.0	90.0	-21.3	1.09	H600	2	3	1200	PB
	1998-10-29.17	2451115.68	5	FLWO	3720-7422	7.0	90.0	17.6	1.11	H600	1-2	3	900	MC
	1998-10-30.15	2451116.65	6	FLWO	3720-7443	7.0	90.0	1.1	1.09	H600	1-2	3	1200	MC
	1998-11-11.15	2451128.65	17.5	FLWO	3720-7521	7.0	90.0	23.4	1.13	F34	2	3	1200	PB
	1998-11-13.18	2451130.68	19.5	FLWO	3720-7521	7.0	90.0	41.6	1.22	F34	3	3	700	PB
	1998-11-17.16	2451134.66	23.5	FLWO	3720-7521	7.0	90.0	40.2	1.22	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB

Table 2—Continued

	UT Date ^a	HJD ^b	Phase ^c	Tel. ^d	Range (Å)	Res. ^e (Å)	P.A. ^f (°)	Par. ^g (°)	Air.	Flux Std. ^h	See. ⁱ (″)	Slit (″)	Exp. (s)	Observer(s) ^j
SN 1998es	1998-11-14.21	2451131.71	-10	FLWO	3720-7521	7.0	90.0	-13.3	1.11	F34	3	3	600	MC
	1998-11-15.24	2451132.75	-9	FLWO	3720-7521	7.0	90.0	12.0	1.12	F34	2-3	3	600	MC
	1998-11-16.23	2451133.74	-8	FLWO	3300-6700.5	7.0	0.0	7.8	1.12	F110	1-2	3	900	MC
	1998-11-17.19	2451134.69	-7	FLWO	3440-7521	7.0	155.0	-24.8	1.13	F110/F34	1-2	3	900+600	PB
	1998-11-18.27	2451135.77	-6	FLWO	3400-7521	7.0	29.0	29.5	1.20	F110/F34	1-2	3	900+600	PB
	1998-11-19.27	2451136.78	-5	FLWO	3420-7260	7.0	30.0	34.4	1.20	F110	1-2	3	480	PB
	1998-11-20.24	2451137.75	-4	FLWO	3440-7260.5	7.0	37.0	19.5	1.14	F110	1-2	3	900	MC
	1998-11-21.22	2451138.72	-3	FLWO	3440-7260.5	7.0	38.0	4.3	1.12	F110	3	3	900	MC
	1998-11-22.24	2451139.74	-2	FLWO	3440-7260.5	7.0	37.0	22.5	1.15	F110	1-2	3	900	MC
	1998-11-23.29	2451140.79	-1	FLWO	3440-7260.5	7.0	37.0	44.0	1.33	F110	1-2	3	900	KR
	1998-11-25.20	2451142.71	1	FLWO	3460-7321	7.0	37.0	2.5	1.11	F110	1-2	3	900	KR, JH
	1998-11-26.21	2451143.71	2	FLWO	3470-7320.5	7.0	-2.0	7.2	1.12	F110	3	3	900	KR, JH
	1998-11-27.19	2451144.70	3	FLWO	3460-7340.5	7.0	-3.0	1.0	1.11	F110	1-2	3	900	KR, JH
	1998-12-10.18	2451157.68	15.5	FLWO	3480-7300.5	7.0	12.0	15.5	1.13	F110	3	3	900	PB
	1998-12-12.17	2451159.67	17.5	FLWO	3520-7321	7.0	5.0	10.3	1.12	F110	3	3	900	MC
	1998-12-13.17	2451160.67	18.5	FLWO	3520-7340.5	7.0	8.0	13.7	1.13	F110	3-5	3	900	MC
	1998-12-14.17	2451161.67	19.5	FLWO	3520-7340.5	7.0	9.0	15.4	1.13	F110	3-5	3	900	MC, AM
	1998-12-19.70	2451166.57	24.5	FLWO	3500-7301	7.0	-41.0	-36.0	1.17	F110	1-2	3	900	AM, SJ
	1998-12-21.70	2451168.58	26.5	FLWO	3480-7341	7.0	-40.0	-32.6	1.15	F110	2	3	900	SJ
	1998-12-25.13	2451172.63	30.5	FLWO	3520-7340.5	7.0	90.0	7.8	1.12	F110	2	3	900	MC
	1999-01-09.20	2451187.70	45.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	53.1	1.72	F34	3	3	1200	PB
	1999-01-16.90	2451194.59	52	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	11.0	24.3	1.16	F34	2-3	3	1020	MC
	1999-01-21.13	2451199.63	57	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	45.0	44.9	1.36	F34	2	3	1200	PB
	1999-02-07.12	2451216.62	74	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	52.8	1.69	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
	1999-02-14.11	2451223.61	81	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	53.5	1.76	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
	1999-02-23.11	2451232.61	90	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	56.0	56.2	2.11	H600		3	900	MC
SN 1999X	1999-02-06.26	2451215.77	12	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-107.3	1.02	F34	3-4	3	900	PB
	1999-02-07.39	2451216.89	13	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	90.6	1.17	F34	2	3	1200	PB
	1999-02-09.31	2451218.81	15	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	0.0	141.5	1.01	F34	1-2	3	1200	MC
	1999-02-10.32	2451219.83	16	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	50.0	115.6	1.03	F34	2-3	3	1200	MC
	1999-02-15.28	2451224.78	21	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-176.9	1.00	F34	1-2	3	900	KR
	1999-02-23.25	2451232.76	28.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	34.0	-174.1	1.01	H600	1-2	3	1200	MC

Table 2—Continued

	UT Date ^a	HJD ^b	Phase ^c	Tel. ^d	Range (Å)	Res. ^e (Å)	P.A. ^f (°)	Par. ^g (°)	Air.	Flux Std. ^h	See. ⁱ (")	Slit (")	Exp. (s)	Observer(s) ^j
SN 1999aa	1999-02-13.33	2451222.83	-9	FLWO	3440-7220	7.0	57.0	59.3	1.13	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
	1999-02-14.32	2451223.82	-8	FLWO	3440-7220	7.0	54.0	55.6	1.10	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
	1999-02-15.26	2451224.76	-7	FLWO	3440-7220	7.0	90.0	-3.0	1.02	F34	1-2	3	1200	KR
	1999-02-16.22	2451225.73	-6	FLWO	3440-7220	7.0	-46.0	-41.9	1.02	F34	1-2	3	1200	KR
	1999-02-17.24	2451226.74	-5	FLWO	3440-7220	7.0	-32.0	-24.2	1.02	F34	1-2	3	1200	KR
	1999-02-18.23	2451227.73	-4	FLWO	3440-7220	7.0	-40.0	-35.4	1.02	F34	1-2	3	1200	KR
	1999-02-19.26	2451228.77	-3	FLWO	3460-7220.5	7.0	15.0	22.0	1.03	F34	1-2	3	1200	KR
	1999-02-20.27	2451229.77	-2	FLWO	3400-7240	7.0	30.0	32.8	1.04	F34	1-2	3	1200	KR
	1999-02-21.28	2451230.78	-1	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	42.0	44.2	1.05	H600	1-2	3	900	MC
	1999-02-23.24	2451232.74	1	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	11.0	2.7	1.02	H600	1-2	3	1020	MC
	1999-03-09.24	2451246.74	14.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	45.0	47.6	1.06	F34	2	3	1200	PB
	1999-03-10.21	2451247.72	15.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	20.0	29.3	1.03	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
	1999-03-11.22	2451248.72	16.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	22.0	34.3	1.03	F34	1-2	3	900	MC
	1999-03-12.28	2451249.78	17.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	62.0	63.2	1.20	F34	3-5	3	1200	MC
	1999-03-22.25	2451259.76	27.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	64.0	63.7	1.22	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
	1999-03-23.17	2451260.68	28.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	21.0	23.8	1.03	H600	1-2	3	1200	PB
	1999-03-24.16	2451261.67	29.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	7.0	9.2	1.02	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
	1999-03-25.11	2451262.61	30	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	54.0	-51.2	1.04	F34	1-2	3	900	MC
	1999-04-07.14	2451275.64	43	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	32.0	32.2	1.03	F34	2-3	3	900	MC
	1999-04-09.13	2451277.63	45	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	19.0	25.7	1.03	H600	1-2	3	900	MC
	1999-04-11.20	2451279.70	47	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	70.0	64.1	1.23	F34	2	3	1200	PB
	1999-04-13.13	2451281.63	49	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	31.0	37.3	1.04	F34	1-2	3	1200	MC
	1999-04-15.15	2451283.65	51	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	49.0	53.6	1.08	F34	1-2	3	900	MC
	1999-04-17.15	2451285.65	53	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	56.0	56.3	1.10	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
	1999-04-19.20	2451287.70	55	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	64.0	65.4	1.30	F34	1	3	900	MC
	1999-04-21.14	2451289.64	57	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	54.0	57.5	1.10	F34	1-2	3	900	MC
	1999-05-07.15	2451305.65	72.5	FLWO	3720-7521	7.0	65.0	65.5	1.31	F66	1-2	3	900	MC
	1999-05-16.15	2451314.65	81.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	66.0	66.1	1.58	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
SN 1999ac	1999-03-09.52	2451247.02	-3.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	4.2	1.10	F34	2	3	900	PB
	1999-03-10.51	2451248.02	-2.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	5.0	-0.4	1.09	F34	1-2	3	900	PB
	1999-03-12.52	2451250.02	-0.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	4.0	8.2	1.10	F34	3-5	3	1020	MC
	1999-03-22.50	2451260.00	9.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	15.0	14.1	1.11	F34	1-2	3	900	PB

Table 2—Continued

	UT Date ^a	HJD ^b	Phase ^c	Tel. ^d	Range (Å)	Res. ^e (Å)	P.A. ^f (°)	Par. ^g (°)	Air.	Flux Std. ^h	See. ⁱ (″)	Slit (″)	Exp. (s)	Observer(s) ^j
SN 1999by	1999-03-23.50	2451261.00	10.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	14.0	16.4	1.11	H600	1-2	3	900	PB
	1999-03-24.50	2451262.00	11.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	15.0	14.7	1.11	F34	1-2	3	900	PB
	1999-03-25.48	2451262.99	12.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	0.0	7.0	1.10	F34	1-2	3	900	MC
	1999-04-07.44	2451275.94	25	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	0.0	1.9	1.10	F34	1-2	3	1200	MC
	1999-04-09.43	2451277.94	27	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	0.0	1.6	1.10	H600	1-2	3	900	MC
	1999-04-11.46	2451279.96	29	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	24.0	24.1	1.13	F34	2	3	900	PB
	1999-04-13.45	2451281.95	31	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	14.0	20.9	1.13	F34	5	3	1200	MC
	1999-04-15.44	2451283.94	33	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	15.0	17.0	1.12	F34	1-3	3	900	MC
	1999-04-17.48	2451285.99	35	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	45.0	42.1	1.26	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
	1999-04-19.43	2451287.93	37	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	14.0	17.2	1.12	F34	1	3	900	MC
	1999-04-21.44	2451289.95	39	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	30.0	30.2	1.16	F34	1-2	3	900	MC
	1999-04-23.45	2451291.95	41	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	35.0	34.0	1.19	F34	3-4	3	1200	PB
	1999-05-07.36	2451305.87	54.5	FLWO	3720-7521	7.0	0.0	6.8	1.10	F66	1-2	3	900	MC
	1999-05-15.37	2451313.87	62.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	20.0	22.8	1.14	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
	1999-06-08.36	2451337.87	86.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	48.0	49.0	1.39	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
	1999-05-06.22	2451304.72	-5	FLWO	3720-7401	7.0	100.0	97.1	1.36	F34	1-2	3	3×300	PB
	1999-05-07.13	2451305.63	-4	FLWO	3720-7521	7.0	39.0	133.0	1.11	F66	1-2	3	2×660	MC
	1999-05-08.15	2451306.65	-3	FLWO	3400-9020	7.0	49.0	123.8	1.15	F34/F66	1-2	3	3×480	MC
	1999-05-09.17	2451307.67	-2	FLWO	3580-5480.5	7.0	70.0	111.0	1.22	F34	2	3	600	KD
	1999-05-13.18	2451311.67	2	FLWO	3580-5480.5	7.0	-60.0	105.6	1.27	F34	2	3	600	KD
	1999-05-14.15	2451312.64	3	FLWO	3400-9280	7.0	-60.0	116.2	1.18	F34	2-3	3	3×480	PB
	1999-05-15.15	2451313.65	4	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-70.0	112.0	1.20	F34	1-2	3	2×360	PB
	1999-05-16.17	2451314.67	5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	100.0	104.7	1.27	F34	1-2	3	2×420	PB
	1999-05-17.16	2451315.66	6	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	106.6	1.24	BD33	1-2	3	3×300	PG
	1999-05-18.14	2451316.64	7	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-50.0	115.2	1.18	F34	1-2	3	3×420	PG
	1999-05-19.14	2451317.64	8	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-50.0	113.2	1.20	F34	1-2	3	3×480	PG
	1999-05-21.14	2451319.64	10	FLWO	5520-7500	7.0	-64.0	109.0	1.21	F56	1-2	2	2×600	MC
	1999-05-22.14	2451320.64	11	FLWO	3860-5830.2	7.0	-65.0	108.0	1.22	F56	2	2	2×600	MC
	1999-06-05.16	2451334.66	25	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	89.0	1.56	F34	1-3	3	2×600	MC
	1999-06-09.16	2451338.66	29	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	86.7	1.62	F34	1-2	3	2× 600	PB
	1999-06-11.16	2451340.65	31	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	87.1	1.63	F34	1-2	3	900	MC
	1999-06-13.16	2451342.65	33	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	84.0	85.2	1.70	F34	1-2	3	900	MC
	1999-06-22.16	2451351.66	42	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	77.5	2.03	BD33	1	3	900	MC

Table 2—Continued

	UT Date ^a	HJD ^b	Phase ^c	Tel. ^d	Range (Å)	Res. ^e (Å)	P.A. ^f (°)	Par. ^g (°)	Air.	Flux Std. ^h	See. ⁱ ($''$)	Slit ($''$)	Exp. (s)	Observer(s) ^j
SN 1999cc	1999-05-14.34	2451312.85	-3	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	153.9	1.01	F34	1-2	2	1200	PB
	1999-05-16.32	2451314.83	-1	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-171.4	1.01	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
	1999-05-17.39	2451315.89	0.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	99.1	1.09	BD33	1-2	3	900	PG
	1999-05-19.35	2451317.85	2	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-60.0	118.4	1.02	F34	1-2	3	2×900	PG
	1999-06-05.33	2451334.84	18.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	110.0	101.0	1.08	F34	1-3	3	900	MC
	1999-06-10.36	2451339.86	23.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	90.7	1.19	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
	1999-06-12.31	2451341.81	25.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	110.0	104.5	1.06	F34	1-2	3	900	MC
SN 1999cl	1999-06-05.18	2451334.68	-7.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	35.0	42.8	1.12	F34	1-3	3	2×600	MC
	1999-06-06.16	2451335.66	-6.5	FLWO	3400-7160.5	7.0	35.0	35.0	1.10	BD33	1-2	3	2×900	MC
	1999-06-08.22	2451337.73	-4.5	FLWO	3400-7160.5	7.0	59.0	57.5	1.35	BD33	1-2	3	2×600	PB
	1999-06-09.22	2451338.73	-3.5	FLWO	3400-7160.5	7.0	58.0	57.8	1.38	BD33	1-2	3	2×720	PB
	1999-06-10.21	2451339.71	-2.5	FLWO	3380-7160	7.0	56.0	56.2	1.31	BD33	1-2	3	2×720	PB
	1999-06-11.17	2451340.67	-1.5	FLWO	3400-7160.5	7.0	45.0	45.0	1.13	BD33	1-2	3	2×600	MC
	1999-06-12.16	2451341.66	-0.5	FLWO	3400-7220.5	7.0	35.0	41.3	1.11	BD33	1-2	3	600	MC
	1999-06-14.17	2451343.67	1.5	FLWO	3340-7220.5	7.0	48.0	48.7	1.17	BD33	2-3	3	2×900	PB
	1999-06-18.16	2451347.66	5.5	FLWO	4462-6440.5	7.0	45.0	49.0	1.18	HZ44	2	2	900	MC
	1999-06-21.16	2451350.66	8.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	45.0	49.8	1.18	BD33	1-2	3	900	MC
	1999-07-21.16	2451380.66	38	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	61.0	61.2	1.92	BD28	2-3	3	900	MC
SN 1999dq	1999-09-04.46	2451425.96	-9.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	10.0	3.3	1.02	G191	1-2	3	2×1200	PB
	1999-09-05.44	2451426.94	-8.5	FLWO	3720-9040	7.0	-35.0	-32.4	1.03	G191	1-2	3	3×1200	PB
	1999-09-06.41	2451427.91	-7.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-50.0	-51.5	1.04	F110	1-2	3	1200	PB
	1999-09-07.46	2451428.96	-6.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	0.0	14.0	1.02	F110	1-2	3	2×1200	KR
	1999-09-08.47	2451429.97	-5.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	19.0	22.8	1.03	F110	1-2	3	1200	KR
	1999-09-09.43	2451430.94	-4.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	18.0	-22.6	1.02	F110	1-2	3	610	KR
	1999-09-10.42	2451431.93	-3.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	48.0	-30.8	1.02	BD28	1-2	3	1200	MC
	1999-09-11.44	2451432.94	-2.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	14.0	-6.2	1.02	BD28	1-2	3	1200	MC
	1999-09-12.49	2451434.00	-1.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	46.0	54.8	1.10	BD28	2-4	3	1200	MC
	1999-09-15.43	2451436.94	1	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	0.0	1.3	1.02	G191	1-2	3	1200	PB
	1999-09-16.44	2451437.94	2	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-1.0	13.0	1.03	G191	2-4	3	1200	MC
	1999-09-17.44	2451438.94	3	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-1.0	20.3	1.03	G191	1-2	3	1200	MC
	1999-09-18.43	2451439.94	4	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-1.0	16.8	1.03	F25	1-2	3	1200	MC

Table 2—Continued

	UT Date ^a	HJD ^b	Phase ^c	Tel. ^d	Range (Å)	Res. ^e (Å)	P.A. ^f (°)	Par. ^g (°)	Air.	Flux Std. ^h	See. ⁱ (″)	Slit (″)	Exp. (s)	Observer(s) ^j
SN 1999ej	1999-09-20.44	2451441.94	6	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	31.0	31.7	1.04	G191	1-2	3	1200	PB
	1999-10-02.45	2451453.96	18	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	58.0	58.5	1.13	F110	1-2	3	1200	PB
	1999-10-03.43	2451454.93	19	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	51.0	50.5	1.08	F110	1-2	3	1200	PB
	1999-10-11.43	2451462.93	26.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	61.0	58.6	1.13	F110	1-2	3	1200	PB
	1999-10-14.30	2451465.81	29.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	54.0	-52.3	1.04	BD28	1-2	3	1200	MC
	1999-10-18.47	2451469.97	33.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	67.0	65.5	1.45	H600	2-3	3	1200	PB
	1999-10-31.31	2451482.82	46.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	0.0	7.9	1.02	BD28	2-5	3	1200	MC
	1999-11-02.33	2451484.83	48.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	34.0	37.3	1.05	F110	1-2	3	1200	PB
	1999-11-12.29	2451494.79	58.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	17.0	22.6	1.03	BD28	1-3	3	1200	MC
	1999-12-13.22	2451525.72	88.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-30.0	43.6	1.07	F34	1	3	1200	PG
SN 1999gd	1999-10-30.26	2451481.76	-0.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	0.0	159.2	1.00	BD28	3-5	3	2×900	MC
	1999-11-02.18	2451484.69	2.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	92.0	-88.4	1.04	F110	1-2	3	1200	PB
	1999-11-04.25	2451486.76	4.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	143.8	1.01	F110	1-2	3	1200	PB
	1999-11-09.24	2451491.74	9	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	145.3	1.01	H600	1-2	3	1200	PB
	1999-11-12.25	2451494.75	12	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	104.0	101.8	1.02	BD28	2-5	3	1200	MC
SN 1999gh	1999-12-08.50	2451521.01	2.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	0.0	64.7	1.07	F110	3	3	1200	AM
	1999-12-15.44	2451527.94	9.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	10.0	1.01	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
	2000-01-02.39	2451545.89	27	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	8.0	1.01	F34	2	3	1200	PB
	2000-01-06.43	2451549.93	31	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	62.0	66.6	1.05	HZ44	1-2	3	1200	MC
	2000-01-11.39	2451554.89	36	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	45.0	55.1	1.02	F25	1-2	3	1200	MC
	1999-12-06.52	2451519.02	5.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	0.0	3.5	1.67	F34	2	3	2×600	AB
	1999-12-07.52	2451520.02	6.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	0.0	5.1	1.69	F34	1.5	3	1200	AM
	1999-12-08.52	2451521.02	7.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	0.0	6.3	1.68	F110	3	3	600	AM
	1999-12-09.50	2451522.00	8.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	0.0	-0.4	1.66	F34	3	3	600	AM
	1999-12-10.49	2451522.99	9.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	80.0	-1.5	1.66	F34	1	3	600	AM
	1999-12-12.49	2451524.99	11.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	1.0	1.6	1.66	F34	1	3	600	SJ
	1999-12-13.50	2451526.00	12.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	10.0	4.2	1.67	F34	1	3	600	PG
	1999-12-29.45	2451541.95	28	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	0.0	3.0	1.66	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
	2000-01-04.44	2451547.94	34	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	15.0	6.5	1.67	F34	3	3	1200	PB
	2000-01-06.45	2451549.95	36	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	62.0	9.8	1.69	HZ44	1-2	3	900	MC
	2000-01-10.42	2451553.91	40	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	4.0	2.2	1.66	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB

Table 2—Continued

	UT Date ^a	HJD ^b	Phase ^c	Tel. ^d	Range (Å)	Res. ^e (Å)	P.A. ^f (°)	Par. ^g (°)	Air.	Flux Std. ^h	See. ⁱ (″)	Slit (″)	Exp. (s)	Observer(s) ^j
SN 1999gp	2000-01-12.38	2451555.87	42	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-14.0	-11.2	1.70	F25	1	3	1200	MC
	2000-02-05.33	2451579.83	66	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-3.0	-5.2	1.67	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
	2000-02-10.32	2451584.83	71	FLWO	3720-7521	7.0	0.0	-1.1	1.66	F34	1-2	3	1200	MC
	2000-02-12.29	2451586.80	73	FLWO	3720-7521	7.0	-13.0	-10.2	1.69	F34	1	3	1200	MC
	2000-01-02.21	2451545.71	-4.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	95.0	99.8	1.10	F34	2	3	1200	PB
	2000-01-05.10	2451548.60	-1.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	49.0	-136.6	1.02	HZ44	1-2	3	900	MC
	2000-01-07.12	2451550.62	0.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	0.0	162.3	1.01	F25	5	3	2×900	MC
	2000-01-10.11	2451553.61	3	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	177.4	1.01	F34	2	3	1200	PB
	2000-01-12.90	2451555.59	5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	39.0	-150.5	1.01	F25	1	3	900	MC
	2000-01-14.16	2451557.66	7	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	107.0	1.06	H600	1-2	3	1200	PB
SN 2000B	2000-01-29.10	2451572.59	21.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	120.2	1.03	H600	1-2	3	1200	PB
	2000-02-12.12	2451586.61	35.5	FLWO	3720-7521	7.0	98.0	94.9	1.14	F34	1	3	1200	MC
	2000-02-27.12	2451601.62	50	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	83.0	84.6	1.33	H600	1-2	3	1200	PB
	2000-03-03.12	2451606.62	55	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	82.0	81.7	1.42	H600	1	3	1200	MC
	2000-01-28.13	2451571.62	8.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	80.0	-102.4	1.27	H600	1-2	3	900	PB
	2000-02-02.24	2451576.74	13.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	179.0	1.06	H600	3	3	1200	EF
	2000-02-10.31	2451584.81	21.5	FLWO	3720-7521	7.0	-59.0	116.0	1.16	F34	1-2	3	1200	MC
	2000-02-26.27	2451600.77	37	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-57.0	109.6	1.21	BD33	2-3	3	2×900	MC
	2000-02-27.27	2451601.77	38	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	100.0	110.5	1.19	H600	1-2	3	1200	PB
	2000-03-04.16	2451607.66	44	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	175.3	1.06	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
SN 2000cf	2000-03-09.13	2451612.63	49	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	13.0	-166.8	1.06	H600	1-2	3	1200	SJ
	2000-05-11.34	2451675.84	3.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	1.0	176.9	1.21	F34	1-2	3	1200	MC
	2000-05-12.36	2451676.86	4.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-8.0	163.6	1.21	F34	2	3	2×1200	MC
	2000-05-23.31	2451687.81	15	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-10.0	172.9	1.21	F34	2-3	3	1200	PB
	2000-05-25.35	2451689.85	17	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-27.0	148.8	1.25	F34	1-2	3	1200	MC
	2000-06-02.32	2451697.82	24.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-21.0	152.0	1.23	BD33	1-2	3	2×900	MC
SN 2000cn	2000-06-03.33	2451698.83	25.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-30.0	145.9	1.25	F66	1-2	3	1200	MC
	2000-06-03.35	2451698.86	-9	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-28.0	31.23	1.00	F66	1-2	3	2×1200	MC
	2000-06-04.38	2451699.88	-8	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	65.0	60.1	1.01	BD28	2-3	3	1200	PB
	2000-06-05.36	2451700.87	-7	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	42.6	1.00	F34	2-3	3	1200	PB

Table 2—Continued

	UT Date ^a	HJD ^b	Phase ^c	Tel. ^d	Range (Å)	Res. ^e (Å)	P.A. ^f (°)	Par. ^g (°)	Air.	Flux Std. ^h	See. ⁱ (″)	Slit (″)	Exp. (s)	Observer(s) ^j
SN 2000cx	2000-06-21.36	2451716.87	9	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	75.0	72.8	1.05	BD28	1-2	2	900	PB
	2000-06-23.34	2451718.84	10.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	52.3	1.04	BD28	1-2	3	2×1200	PB
	2000-06-25.36	2451720.86	12.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	72.0	73.1	1.06	BD28	1-2	3	1200	MC
	2000-07-04.32	2451729.82	21.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	69.0	70.8	1.03	HZ44	1	3	900	MC
	2000-07-09.23	2451734.74	26.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-54.8	1.01	HZ44	1-2	3	2×1200	PB
	2000-07-10.27	2451735.77	27.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	39.8	1.00	BD28	1-2	3	1200	PB
	2000-08-03.23	2451759.73	50.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	65.0	70.9	1.04	BD28	1-2	3	1200	MC
	2000-07-26.48	2451751.98	0	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-36.0	-31.7	1.12	BD28	1-2	3	3×300	MC
	2000-07-27.43	2451752.93	0.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-51.0	-49.6	1.27	BD28	2	3	3×300	MC
	2000-08-03.45	2451759.95	7.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-38.0	-35.8	1.14	BD28	1-2	3	3×300	MC
	2000-09-02.35	2451789.85	37.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	37.0	-42.3	1.17	BD28	2	3	2×900	MC
	2000-09-03.37	2451790.88	38.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-32.0	-28.9	1.11	BD33	1-2	3	900	MC
	2000-09-05.40	2451792.90	40.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-5.0	-7.8	1.08	F110	2	3	1200	PB
	2000-09-19.37	2451806.88	54	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-4.0	1.2	1.08	F25	1-2	3	900	MC
	2000-09-21.41	2451808.92	56.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	35.0	33.2	1.13	BD28	1-2	3	1200	PB
	2000-09-27.35	2451814.86	62	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	2.0	1.08	F110	2	3	900	ZB
	2000-10-03.35	2451820.85	68	FLWO	3640-7520.5	7.0	15.0	10.8	1.08	BD28	1-2	3	1200	PB
	2000-10-29.28	2451846.79	94	FLWO	3640-7540	7.0	15.0	15.8	1.09	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
	2000-11-20.18	2451868.68	115.5	FLWO	3660-7540.5	7.0	-25.0	-19.4	1.09	BD28	2-3	3	1200	MC
	2000-11-24.21	2451872.71	119.5	FLWO	3680-7541	7.0	15.0	14.8	1.09	H600	1-2	3	1200	PB
	2000-11-30.22	2451878.73	125.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	30.0	34.1	1.13	F34	1-2	3	1200	KR
SN 2000dk	2000-12-17.22	2451895.72	142.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	45.0	48.3	1.25	F25	1-2	3	1200	MC
	2000-12-30.10	2451908.60	155	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-12.0	4.1	1.08	F34	1-2	3	2×1200	MC
	2001-01-26.13	2451935.63	182	MMTO	3660-7180	8.0	at par.	53.5	1.41	F34	2	1	2×1200	PB
	2000-09-20.39	2451807.89	-4.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	92.0	91.6	1.01	F110	1-2	3	720	PB
	2000-09-21.27	2451808.77	-3.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	99.0	-83.0	1.12	BD28	1-2	3	720	PB
	2000-09-26.36	2451813.87	1.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	93.8	1.01	BD28	2	3	600	ZB
	2000-09-29.33	2451816.84	4.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	127.3	1.00	G191	2	3	600	ZB
	2000-10-05.32	2451822.83	10	FLWO	3650-7521.5	7.0	90.0	108.4	1.00	BD28	1-2	3	1200	PB
	2000-10-29.27	2451846.77	33.5	FLWO	3640-7540	7.0	90.0	96.7	1.00	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
	2000-11-24.19	2451872.70	59	FLWO	3680-7541	7.0	90.0	97.5	1.00	H600	1-2	3	1200	PB
	2000-12-24.15	2451902.65	88.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	88.0	86.4	1.05	BD28	1	3	900	MC

Table 2—Continued

	UT Date ^a	HJD ^b	Phase ^c	Tel. ^d	Range (Å)	Res. ^e (Å)	P.A. ^f (°)	Par. ^g (°)	Air.	Flux Std. ^h	See. ⁱ (^{''})	Slit (^{''})	Exp. (s)	Observer(s) ^j
SN 2000fa	2001-01-26.16	2451935.66	121	MMTO	3660-7180	8.0	at par.	75.3	1.46	F34	2	1	1200	PB
	2000-12-03.44	2451881.94	-10	MMTO	3420-7020	8.0	at par.	26.1	1.02	HD217	2	1	2×900	NC
	2000-12-03.47	2451881.98	-10	FLWO	3680-7541	7.0	57.0	62.5	1.08	F34	2	3	1200	JH
	2000-12-15.35	2451893.86	1.5	FLWO	3680-7541	7.0	45.0	-34.0	1.02	HZ14	2	2	2×600	PB
	2000-12-16.35	2451894.86	2.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-30.0	-35.5	1.02	H600	3	3	900	PB
	2000-12-18.38	2451896.88	4.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	2.0	21.5	1.01	BD28	1-2	3	1200	MC
	2000-12-23.34	2451901.85	9.5	FLWO	3730-7550.5	7.0	-44.0	-26.8	1.01	BD28	1-2	3	900	MC
	2000-12-25.41	2451903.92	11.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	61.0	63.0	1.08	BD28	1	3	900	MC
	2000-12-28.41	2451906.91	14.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	64.0	63.6	1.09	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
	2000-12-30.42	2451908.93	16.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	65.0	66.5	1.14	F34	1-2	3	900	MC
	2001-01-01.41	2451910.92	18.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	65.0	66.1	1.13	BD28	1-2	3	1200	MC
	2001-01-04.35	2451913.86	21	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	45.0	45.4	1.02	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
	2001-01-15.40	2451924.91	32	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	67.0	67.8	1.24	F34	1-2	3	1200	MC
	2001-01-21.36	2451930.86	38	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	64.0	65.7	1.12	F25	1-2	3	1200	MC
SN 2001V	2001-01-26.18	2451935.69	42.5	MMTO	3660-7180	8.0	at par.	-66.0	1.12	F34	2	1	1200	PB
	2001-03-25.18	2451993.68	99.5	MMTO	3250-8850	8.0	at par.	64.3	1.10	F34/HD84	2	1	5×900	PC, GG
	2001-02-19.39	2451959.90	-13	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-1.5	1.01	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
	2001-02-20.28	2451960.79	-12.5	FLWO	3300-9040.5	7.0	-70.0	-70.1	1.21	F34	1-2	3	3×1200	PB
	2001-02-21.39	2451961.89	-11	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	0.0	5.5	1.01	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
	2001-02-22.44	2451962.94	-10	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	62.0	64.9	1.05	H600	1	3	1200	MC
	2001-02-23.32	2451963.83	-9.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-67.0	-65.8	1.06	F34	1	3	1200	MC
	2001-02-25.29	2451965.80	-7.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	100.0	-69.1	1.12	F34	3	3	1200	PB
	2001-02-26.29	2451966.80	-6.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-80.0	-68.9	1.11	F34	2-3	3	500	PB
	2001-02-27.32	2451967.82	-5.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-60.0	-62.9	1.05	F34	1-2	3	2×720	PB
	2001-03-01.47	2451969.97	-3.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	69.0	70.1	1.20	HZ44	2	3	1200	MC
	2001-03-14.42	2451982.93	9.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	69.0	69.7	1.15	HZ44	2	3	1200	MC
	2001-03-15.44	2451983.94	10.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	72.0	70.1	1.23	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
	2001-03-16.29	2451984.79	11.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-50.0	-58.3	1.03	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
	2001-03-17.44	2451985.95	12.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	73.0	70.0	1.29	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
	2001-03-18.46	2451986.97	13.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	69.0	69.4	1.44	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
	2001-03-23.23	2451991.74	18	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-69.0	-67.8	1.09	F34	1-2	3	1200	KR
	2001-03-24.21	2451992.71	19	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-69.0	-69.9	1.16	F34	1-2	3	1200	KR

Table 2—Continued

UT Date ^a	HJD ^b	Phase ^c	Tel. ^d	Range (Å)	Res. ^e (Å)	P.A. ^f (°)	Par. ^g (°)	Air.	Flux Std. ^h	See. ⁱ ($''$)	Slit ($''$)	Exp. (s)	Observer(s) ^j
2001-03-25.20	2451993.71	20	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	-70.0	-69.9	1.16	F34	1-2	3	1200	KR
2001-03-25.39	2451993.90	20.5	MMTO	3250-10000	8.0	at par.	69.9	1.17	F34/HD84	2	1	2×1200	PC, GG
2001-03-26.24	2451994.74	21	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	-65.6	1.06	F34	1-2	3	1200	KR
2001-03-26.46	2451994.96	21.5	MMTO	3250-8850	8.0	at par.	68.4	1.63	F34/HD84	2	1	2×600	PC, GG
2001-03-27.31	2451995.82	22	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	33.0	41.0	1.01	F34	2	3	1200	PB
2001-03-28.29	2451996.79	23	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	0.0	-3.8	1.01	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
2001-03-29.29	2451997.79	24	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	0.0	5.9	1.01	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
2001-04-01.22	2452000.72	27	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	110.0	-66.7	1.07	F34	1	3	1200	MC
2001-04-02.19	2452001.69	28	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	110.0	-69.9	1.17	F34	1	3	2×900	MC
2001-04-14.31	2452013.81	40	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	66.0	67.1	1.08	F66	2	3	1200	JH
2001-04-21.17	2452020.67	46.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	110.0	-65.1	1.06	F34	1	3	1200	MC
2001-04-22.38	2452021.88	48	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	69.0	69.0	1.51	HZ44	2-3	3	2×1020	MC
2001-04-23.21	2452022.72	48.5	FLWO	3720-7440	7.0	-34.0	-17.1	1.01	F34	1	3	1200	MC
2001-04-24.22	2452023.73	49.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	10.0	17.0	1.01	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
2001-04-26.29	2452025.79	51.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	70.0	68.7	1.10	F34	2	3	1200	PB
2001-04-26.32	2452025.83	52	MMTO	3250-8900	8.0	at par.	70.1	1.26	F34/BD26	2	2	2×900	SJ, TM
2001-04-27.34	2452026.85	53	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	70.0	69.8	1.36	HZ44	1-2	3	1200	MC
2001-05-01.36	2452030.86	56.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	70.0	68.7	1.56	BD33	1-2	3	1200	PB
2001-05-18.24	2452047.74	73.5	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	73.0	69.5	1.14	F34	1-2	3	1200	PB
2001-05-23.16	2452052.66	78	FLWO	3720-7540.5	7.0	90.0	44.8	1.01	F34	2	3	1200	KR
2001-05-24.30	2452053.80	79.5	MMTO	3220-8900	8.0	at par.	68.4	1.62	BD28/BD26	2	1	1200	PC, MP
2001-06-19.23	2452079.73	105	MMTO	3200-8900	8.0	at par.	67.9	1.71	BD28/BD26	1.5	1	2×1200	TM

Note. — For nights when multiple observations were taken at the same telescope, either as repeated exposures with the same setup or observations with different grating tilts, only a single observation is reported, with all relevant information described in this Table representing the overall mid-point of the observations. When observations of the same SN were made on the same night with two different telescopes, we list them separately in this Table, but only show a combined spectrum in the figures.

^aUT at midpoint of observation(s).

^bHeliocentric Julian date at midpoint of observation(s).

^cPhase of spectrum relative to B -band maximum, rounded to the nearest half day. The heliocentric Julian date for B -band maximum is taken from Table 4 of Jha et al. (2007) for all of the SNe except SN 2000cx, for which the date of B -band maximum from Li et al. (2001a) is used. The phase has also been corrected for relativistic time dilation using the recession velocity of the host galaxy as listed in Table 1.

^dTelescope used for this spectrum, FLWO = F. L. Whipple Observatory, MMT = MMT Observatory.

^eApproximate spectral resolution (full width at half maximum intensity).

^fObserved position angle during the observation(s).

^gAverage parallactic angle over the course of the observation(s).

^hSeeing is based upon estimates by the observers.

ⁱStandard stars: F25 = Feige 25, F34=Feige 34, F56 = Feige 56, F110 = Feige 110, H600 = Hiltner 600, BD33 = BD+33°2642, BD28 = BD+28°4211—(Stone 1977; Massel et al. 1988; Massey & Gronwall 1990); F66 = Feige 66—(Oke 1990); G191 = G191B2B, HZ44 = HZ 44, HZ14 = HZ 14—(Oke 1974; Massel et al. 1988); HD84 = HD 84937, BD26 = BD+26°2606—(Oke & Gunn 1983); HD217 = HD 217086—(Massel et al. 1988).

^jObservers: ZB = Z. Balog, PB = P. Berlind, AB = A. E. Bragg, NC = N. Caldwell, MC = M. L. Calkins, BC = B. J. Carter, PC = P. Challis, KD = K. Dendy Concannon, EF = E. E. Falco, PG = P. M. Garnavich, GG = G. J. M. Graves, JH = J. P. Huchra, SJ = S. Jha, DK = D. M. Koranyi, JK = J. Kuraszewicz, JM = J. A. Mader, AM = A. Mahdavi, TM = T. Matheson, MP = M. Phelps, KR = K. Rines, IS = I. Song, BW = B. Wilkes.